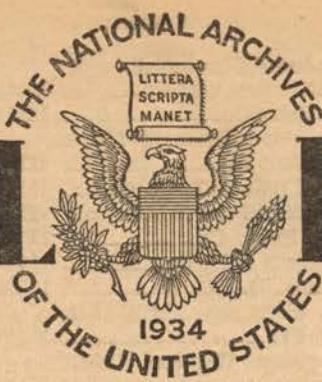


FEDERAL REGISTER



VOLUME 9

NUMBER 181

Washington, Saturday, September 9, 1944

Regulations

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter XI—War Food Administration (Distribution Orders)

[WFO 69-2, Amdt. 1]

PART 1405—FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

GENERAL AUTHORIZATION WITH RESPECT TO FRUIT FOR ALCOHOLIC PURPOSES

War Food Order No. 69-2 (9 F.R. 7919) issued on July 13, 1944, by the Director of Distribution is hereby amended as follows:

1. By deleting therefrom the provisions in § 1405.44 (b) (8) and inserting, in lieu thereof, the following:

(8) Any apples which fail to meet the specifications for the U. S. Utility grade, or better, as set forth in the U. S. Standards for Apples issued on August 26, 1937, and reissued in October 1939, by the United States Department of Agriculture; and

2. By deleting therefrom the provisions in § 1405.44 (c) and inserting, in lieu thereof, the following:

(c) Additional limitations. The apricots, plums, pears, or peaches which fail to meet the specifications for the U. S. No. 2 grades, or better, as set forth in (b) hereof, and the apples which fail to meet the specifications for the U. S. Utility grade, or better, as set forth in (b) hereof, may be used in the production for sale of any product containing 7 percent or more, of alcohol, by volume, only in the event such fruit, which fails to meet said grade specifications, has been culled from a larger lot or lots which were sorted for market in fresh form or for processing.

The provisions hereof shall become effective at 12:01 a. m. e. w. t., September 9, 1944. With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under said War Food Order No. 69-2 prior to the effective time of the provisions hereof, the provisions of said War Food Order No. 69-2 in effect prior to the effective time hereof shall be deemed to continue in full force and

effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with regard to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807; E.O. 9334, 8 F.R. 5423; E.O. 9392, 8 F.R. 14783; WFO 69, 8 F.R. 10477; 9 F.R. 4321, 4319, 4528, 8000)

Issued this 5th day of September 1944.

C. W. KITCHEN,
Acting Director of Distribution.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13833; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:24 a. m.]

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket No. 3414]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

LINWOOD SALES CO., INC., ET AL.

§ 3.6 (1) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Free goods or service:* § 3.72 (e) *Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Free goods:* § 3.99 (b) *Using or selling lottery devices—In merchandising.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of razor blades, watches, china and silverware, clocks, cosmetics, dresser sets, umbrellas, bedding, or any other articles of merchandise, (1) supplying, etc., others with pull cards or circulars having pull tabs thereon or other lottery devices for the purpose of enabling such persons to dispose of or sell any merchandise by the use thereof; (2) mailing, etc., to respondents' agents, etc., pull cards or circulars having pull tabs thereon or other lottery devices so prepared or printed as to enable said persons to sell or distribute any merchandise by the use thereof; (3) selling, etc., any merchandise by the use of pull cards or circulars having pull tabs thereon or any other lottery device; or (4) using the term "free", or any other term of similar import or meaning, to describe or refer to articles offered as compensation for distributing respond-

(Continued on next page)

CONTENTS

REGULATIONS AND NOTICES

ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN:

	Page
Vesting orders:	11118
Bechstein, Gertrude	11118
Chinoin Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works Co., Ltd.	11117
Hoffmann, Lydia B.	11119
Leutz, Ferdinand (2 documents)	11120
Mass, Minnie	11119
Molt, William	11119
Zerboni, Edizioni Suvini, et al.	11116
Ziegler, Anna	11118

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION:

Cease and desist orders:	
K & S Sales Co., and Mrs. Fanneye Cohn	11095
Linwood Sales Co., Inc., et al.	11093
Superior Textile Mills	11095

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION:

Cream cheese, proposal to amend definition and standard of identity	11115
---	-------

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT:

Coal Mines Administration, liquidation; transferring of records and functions to Solid Fuels Administration for War (2 documents)	11096, 11097
---	--------------

LABOR DEPARTMENT:

Rochester Coal Industry, Inc., finding as to contract	11114
---	-------

OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION:

Common carriers, coordinated operations:	
Georgia	11121
Memphis and Nashville, Tenn.	11121
Neosho, Mo.	11123
New Bedford, Fairhaven and Dartmouth, Mass.	11123
New York	11122

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION:

Adjustments:	
Atkin, C. B., Co.	11126
Atlas Novelty Co.	11136
Baumann, Fleck, Co.	11131
Casali Specialty Cabinet Co.	11134
Clenny, Robert M.	11132
Crumpler, J. A.	11127
Dahl, John, & Co.	11123
Denver Fire Clay Co., et al.	11124

(Continued on next page)

11093



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NOTICE

The Cumulative Supplement to the Code of Federal Regulations, covering the period from June 2, 1938, through June 1, 1943, may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, at \$3.00 per unit. The following are now available:

- Book 1: Titles 1-3 (Presidential documents) with tables and index.
- Book 2: Titles 4-9, with index.
- Book 3: Titles 10-17, with index.
- Book 4: Titles 18-25, with index.
- Book 5, Part 1: Title 26, Parts 2-178.
- Book 5, Part 2: Title 26, completed; Title 27; with index.
- Book 6: Titles 28-32, with index.

CONTENTS—Continued

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION— Continued.	Page
Adjustments—Continued.	
Dunwoodie Co.	11127
Edgley Mfg. Co.	11128
Grand Rapids Woodcraft Corp.	11125
Hart-Carter Co (Lawson Division)	11137
Lazarus, Alfred, Co.	11136
McGregor's, Inc.	11136
Metz Fixtures	11133
Modern Furniture Mfg. Co., Inc.	11135
Modern Wood Letter, Inc.	11132
Modernettes	11134
Newark Chair and Furniture Co., Inc.	11129
Newton Furniture Co.	11125
Rek-O-Rack Co.	11128

CONTENTS—Continued

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION— Continued.	Page
Adjustments—Continued.	
Rest Rite Products Co.	11135
State Table Co.	11131
Texas Pre-Fabricated House & Tent Co.	11130
Union Chair & Table Co.	11133
United Metal Goods Mfg. Co.	11125
Wayne Pump Co.	11124
Weymouth Mfg. Co.	11130
Williams, R. R.	11129
Barium chemicals (MPR 543, Am. 2)	11107
Fence posts, Western (MPR 536, Am. 1)	11113
Foods, processed (Rev. RO 13, Am. 53)	11113
Fruits, berries, and vegetables, packed (FPR 1, Am. 3 to Supp. 7)	11109
Gas cooking ranges, used domestic (MPR 527, Am. 1)	11109
Iron or steel products, resale (RPS 49, Am. 27)	11106
Lumber, Douglas fir, etc. (RMPR 26, Am. 10)	11112
Petroleum, crude (RMPR 436, Orders 10, 21) (2 documents)	11124
Puerto Rico; tire rationing (RO 1B, Am. 10)	11106
Regional and district office orders; community ceiling prices, list of orders filed (3 documents)	11138, 11139, 11140
Representation of Administrator in court proceedings, service of process (2d Rev. Gen. Order 3)	11137
Rubber, reclaimed (RMPR 165, Supp. Service Reg. 35; RPS 56, Am. 5) (2 documents)	11107, 11114
Rugs, flat woven Navajo (Rev. SR 1, Am. 78)	11114
Sales agencies, exclusive (RMPR 165, Am. 1 to Rev. Supp. Service Reg. 30)	11114
Tobacco (RMPR 440)	11109
Virgin Islands, food rationing (RO 10, Am. 23)	11113
Wastepaper (MPR 30, Am. 9)	11108
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION:	
Hearings, etc.:	
American Light & Traction Co., et al.	11140
Arkansas Power & Light Co.	11140
Commonwealth & Southern Corp. (Del.)	11142
General Gas & Electric Corp.	11141
Philadelphia Electric Co.	11141
WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION:	
Fruit for alcoholic purposes, general authorization (WFO 69-2, Am. 1)	11093
WAR PRODUCTION BOARD:	
Aircraft control and pulley bearings (L-145)	11097
Aromatic solvents (M-150)	11104
Bearings, anti-friction (L-145-a)	11098
Caskets, shipping cases and burial vaults (L-64)	11102

CONTENTS—Continued

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD—Con.	Page
Certification to Attorney General, transportation and delivery of flowers in Detroit, Mich. (Cert. 83, Rev.)	11142
Cyanide (M-366, Rev.)	11106
Farm machinery and equipment (M-330, Rev.; M-330, Rev. of Supp. 1, Supp. 2) (3 documents)	11097
Fibers, yarns and fabrics, synthetic (M-356)	11101
Hardware simplification (L-236)	11099
Lumber, limitations on receipts of certain species and grades (L-335, Dir. 9)	11100
Sodium cyanide (M-300, Sch. 45)	11106

ents' merchandise; prohibited. (Sec. 5b, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., sec. 45b) [Modified cease and desist order, Linwood Sales Co., Inc., et al., Docket 3414, August 16, 1944]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1944.

In the Matter of Linwood Sales Co., Inc., and Bernard Abrams and Abe S. Willner, Individually and as Officers of Linwood Sales Co., Inc.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the answer of respondents, in which answer respondents admit all material allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and state that they waive all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts; and the Commission having duly made and issued its findings as to the facts, conclusion and order to cease and desist dated February 7, 1939; and the Commission having further considered said order to cease and desist heretofore issued, and being of the opinion that the public interest requires that a modified order to cease and desist should be issued in said cause; and the Commission having given due notice to the respondents to show cause on July 24, 1944, why this case should not be reopened for the purpose of modifying said order to cease and desist; and the Commission having considered the matter and the record herein, and having issued its order modifying said order in certain respects, issues this modified order to cease and desist:

It is ordered. That the respondents Linwood Sales Co., Inc., its officers, and Bernard Abrams and Abe S. Willner, individually, their respective representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale and distribution of razor blades, watches, china and silverware, clocks, cosmetics, dresser sets, umbrellas, bedding, or any other articles of merchandise in commerce as commerce is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

(1) Supplying to or placing in the hands of others, pull cards or circulars

having pull tabs thereon or other lottery devices for the purpose of enabling such persons to dispose of or sell any merchandise by the use thereof.

(2) Mailing, shipping or transporting to their agents or to distributors or to members of the public pull cards or circulars having pull tabs thereon or other lottery devices so prepared or printed as to enable said persons to sell or distribute any merchandise by the use thereof.

(3) Selling or otherwise disposing of any merchandise by the use of pull cards or circulars having pull tabs thereon or any other lottery device.

(4) Using the term "free", or any other term of similar import or meaning, to describe or refer to articles offered as compensation for distributing respondent's merchandise.

It is further ordered, That the respondents shall within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13827; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
10:16 a.m.]

[Docket No. 3190]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

SUPERIOR TEXTILE MILLS

§ 3.6 (a) Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—History: § 3.6 (a) Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Producer status of dealer or seller—Manufacturer: § 3.96 (b) Using misleading name—Vendor—Producer or laboratory status of dealer or seller. In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of fabrics or wearing apparel, and among other things, as in order set forth, (1) representing, through the use of the word "Mills" in respondent's trade name or of the term "direct from mills to wearer," or any words or terms of similar import or meaning, or through any other means or device, or in any manner that said respondent is the manufacturer of the products sold by him unless and until such respondent actually owns and operates or directly and absolutely controls the manufacturing plant wherein said products are manufactured by him; or (2) representing that respondent's business was established in 1905, or at any time other than the date of its actual establishment; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U. S. C., sec. 45b) [Modified cease and desist order, Superior Textile Mills, Docket 3190, August 16, 1944]

§ 3.6 (i) Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Free goods or service: § 3.6 (dd) Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Special offers: § 3.72 (e) Offering

deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Free goods: § 3.72 (n) Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Special offers. In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of fabrics or wearing apparel, and among other things, as in order set forth, (1) representing that any article regularly included in a combination offer with other articles is "free" or that the sale thereof constitutes a "free merchandise sale"; (2) representing, designating or describing any articles or merchandise delivered only upon the condition that some other articles be purchased and paid for as "free," or in any other manner indicating that the said articles or merchandise are a gift or gratuity; (3) representing that any offer of merchandise is limited as to time or otherwise unless such offer is in fact so limited; or (4) using the term "free", or any other term of similar import and meaning, to describe, designate or refer to any merchandise which is not a gift or gratuity and delivered to the recipient thereof without cost and unconditionally; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., sec. 45b) [Modified cease and desist order, Superior Textile Mills, Docket 3190, August 16, 1944]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 16th day of August A. D. 1944.

In the Matter of Abraham Starr, an Individual Trading as Superior Textile Mills

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission, upon complaint of the Commission, the answer of the respondent, testimony and other evidence taken before Edward E. Reardon, an examiner of the Commission theretofore duly designated by it, in support of the allegations of said complaint, and in opposition thereto, brief filed herein by S. Brogdyne Teu, II, counsel for the Commission (the respondent having filed no brief and not having requested oral argument); and the Commission having duly made and issued its findings as to the facts, conclusion and order to cease and desist dated November 15, 1939; and the Commission having further considered said order to cease and desist heretofore issued, and being of the opinion that the public interest requires that a modified order to cease and desist should be issued in said cause; and the Commission having given due notice to the respondent to show cause on July 24, 1944, why this case should not be reopened for the purpose of modifying said order to cease and desist; and the Commission having considered the matter and the record herein, and having issued its order modifying said order in certain respects, issues this its modified order to cease and desist:

It is ordered, That the respondent Abraham Starr, individually and trading as Superior Textile Mills, or trading under any other name, his representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale and distribution of fabrics or wearing apparel in commerce, as commerce is de-

fined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Representing, through the use of the word "Mills" in respondent's trade name or of the term "direct from mills to wearer," or any words or terms of similar import or meaning, or through any other means or device, or in any manner that said respondent is the manufacturer of the products sold by him unless and until such respondent actually owns and operates or directly and absolutely controls the manufacturing plant wherein said products are manufactured by him.

2. Representing that any article regularly included in a combination offer with other articles is "free" or that the sale thereof constitutes a "free merchandise sale."

3. Representing, designating or describing any articles or merchandise delivered only upon the condition that some other articles be purchased and paid for as "free," or in any other manner indicating that the said articles or merchandise are a gift or gratuity.

4. Representing that respondent's business was established in 1905, or at any time other than the date of its actual establishment.

5. Representing that any offer of merchandise is limited as to time or otherwise unless such offer is in fact so limited.

6. Using the term "free," or any other term of similar import and meaning, to describe, designate or refer to any merchandise which is not a gift or gratuity and delivered to the recipient thereof without cost and unconditionally.

It is further ordered, That respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon him of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which he has complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13828; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
10:16 a. m.]

[Docket No. 3497]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

K & S SALES CO., ET AL

§ 3.69 (b) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Terms and Conditions: § 3.69 (b) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Undertakings, in General: § 3.69 (b) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Value: § 3.69 (c)(10) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Promotional Sales Plans: § 3.72 (n)(10) Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Terms and conditions: § 3.72 (p) Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Undertakings, in general. In connection with offering, etc., in commerce, of any sales stimulator plan, including certificates, coupons, and cards, redeemable in chinaware or other merchandise, and among other things, as in order set forth, (1) representing that certificates, coupons or trading cards will be redeemed with cer-

tain articles of merchandise unless the merchandise described is delivered to the holders of such certificates, coupons or trading cards without cost or condition, except the actual cost of packing, handling, and transportation; (2) representing that respondent supplies to her customers or to other persons circulars, pamphlets, or other advertising matter relating to said sales stimulator plan when such is not the fact; or (3) misrepresenting that any specified sum is the actual cost to respondent of said chinaware or other merchandise or is the actual cost of packing, handling and distributing said products, or misrepresenting in any other manner the actual cost to respondent of said products or the actual cost of packing, handling and distributing said products; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., sec. 45b) [Modified cease and desist order, K & S Sales Company et al., Docket 3497, August 16, 1944]

§ 3.69 (b) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Free goods: § 3.69 (b) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Refunds: § 3.69 (b) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Results: § 3.69 (b) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Terms and conditions: § 3.69 (c10) Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Promotional sales plans: § 3.72 (e) Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Free goods: § 3.72 (k3) Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Returns and reimbursements: § 3.72 (n10) Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Terms and conditions. In connection with offering, etc., in commerce, of any sales stimulator plan, including certificates, coupons and cards, redeemable in chinaware or other merchandise, and among other things, as in order set forth, (1) representing that the respondent will make refunds to the purchaser of said sales stimulator plan upon presentation of a specified number of said certificates, coupons or trading cards for redemption, unless said certificates, coupons or trading cards are redeemed without cost to the holders thereof and unconditionally, and said refund is made to said purchaser upon the redemption of the specified number of certificates, coupons or trading cards; (2) representing that the general sales of respondent's customers will be increased by reason of their use of respondent's sales stimulator plan; or (3) representing merchandise delivered in redeeming certificates, coupons, or trading cards as "free" or as gift or gratuity or as delivered without cost to the holders of said certificates, coupons or trading cards, when said merchandise is not in fact delivered to the holders of said certificates, coupons or trading cards without cost and unconditionally; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., sec. 45b) [Modified cease and desist order, K & S Sales Company et al., Docket 3497, August 16, 1944]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1944.

In the Matter of K & S Sales Company, a Corporation, and Mrs. Fanny Cohn, an Individual

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and upon testimony with respect to the dissolution of the corporate respondent K & S Sales Company, and upon the answer of the individual respondent Mrs. Fanny Cohn, in which answer said respondent admits all the material allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and states that she waives all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts, and the Commission having duly made and issued its findings as to the facts, conclusion and order to cease and desist dated August 12, 1939; and the Commission having further considered said order to cease and desist heretofore issued, and being of the opinion that the public interest requires that a modified order to cease and desist should be issued in said cause; and the Commission having given due notice to the respondent to show cause on July 24, 1944, why this case should not be reopened for the purpose of modifying said order to cease and desist; and the Commission having considered the matter and the record herein, and having issued its order modifying said order in certain respects, issues this its modified order to cease and desist:

It is ordered, That the respondent, Mrs. Fanny Cohn, her representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale and distribution in commerce, as commerce is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, of any sales stimulator plan, including certificates, coupons, and cards, redeemable in chinaware or other merchandise, do forthwith cease and desist from:

(1) Representing that certificates, coupons or trading cards will be redeemed with certain articles of merchandise unless the merchandise described is delivered to the holders of such certificates, coupons or trading cards without cost or condition, except the actual cost of packing, handling, and transportation.

(2) Representing that respondent supplies to her customers or to other persons circulars, pamphlets, or other advertising matter relating to said sales stimulator plan when such is not the fact.

(3) Misrepresenting that any specified sum is the actual cost to respondent of said chinaware or other merchandise or is the actual cost of packing, handling and distributing said products, or misrepresenting in any other manner the actual cost to respondent of said products or the actual cost of packing, handling and distributing said products.

(4) Representing that the respondent will make refunds to the purchaser of said sales stimulator plan upon presen-

tation of a specified number of said certificates, coupons or trading cards for redemption, unless said certificates, coupons or trading cards are redeemed without cost to the holders thereof and unconditionally, and said refund is made to said purchaser upon the redemption of the specified number of certificates, coupons or trading cards.

(5) Representing that the general sales of respondent's customers will be increased by reason of their use of respondent's sales stimulator plan.

(6) Representing merchandise delivered in redeeming certificates, coupons, or trading cards as "free" or as a gift or gratuity or as delivered without cost to the holders of said certificates, coupons or trading cards, when said merchandise is not in fact delivered to the holders of said certificates, coupons or trading cards without cost and unconditionally.

It is further ordered, That the respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon her of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which she has complied with this order.

It is further ordered, That this case be, and the same hereby is, closed as to the corporate respondent K & S Sales Company, without prejudice to the right of the Commission, should future facts so warrant, to reopen the same and resume prosecution thereof in accordance with the Commission's regular procedure.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

OTIS B. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13829; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
10:16 a.m.]

TITLE 30—MINERAL RESOURCES

Chapter VIII—Coal Mines Administration

[Order 1977]

LIQUIDATION OF COAL MINES ADMINISTRATION

Liquidation of the Coal Mines Administration; transferring of records and functions of that agency to the Solid Fuels Administration for War.¹

By Executive Orders Nos. 9340 of May 1, 1943 (8 F.R. 5695) and 9393 of November 1, 1943 (8 F.R. 14877) the President of the United States authorized and directed the Secretary of the Interior to take possession of the coal mines of the Nation and conferred upon him certain authority and responsibilities in connection therewith. Those duties have been carried on by the Coal Mines Administration² of the Department of the Interior which is now in the process of terminating Government possession of the coal mines. Possession by the Government of all but two bituminous coal mines has been terminated as the result of governmental approval

¹ See Order 1982, *infra*.

² See Order 1847, Sec. Int., 8 F.R. 10578.

of wage contracts and resumption of normal production.

Accordingly, I order that, effective at the close of business August 31, 1944:

1. The Coal Mines Administration is discontinued and shall cease to be in effect.

2. All designations of officials of other Bureaus and Offices of the Department to serve as officials of the Coal Mines Administration are terminated.

3. All records of the Coal Mines Administration, both in its Washington and field offices, are hereby transferred to the Solid Fuels Administration for War, Department of the Interior.

4. All authority and responsibilities conferred upon the Secretary of the Interior by Executive Orders Nos. 9340 and 9393 shall cease to be discharged by the Coal Mines Administration and, in lieu thereof, shall be discharged by the Solid Fuels Administration for War.

5. The Solid Fuels Administration for War is authorized to liquidate the accumulated and currently accrued annual leave of those employees of the Coal Mines Administration who are not transferred to other agencies of the Department of the Interior or of the Federal Government.

Dated: August 16, 1944.

[SEAL] HAROLD L. ICKES,
Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13830; Filed, Sept. 6, 1944;
10:11 a. m.]

[Order No. 1982]

LIQUIDATION OF COAL MINES ADMINISTRATION, AMENDMENT

Amendment of Order No. 1977, relating to liquidation of Coal Mines Administration.

Order No. 1977, issued August 16, 1944, is hereby amended by striking the word and figures "August 31, 1944" appearing at the end of the second paragraph, and by inserting in lieu thereof the word and figures "September 15, 1944."

Dated: August 31, 1944.

[SEAL] ABE FORTAS,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13831; Filed, Sept. 6, 1944;
10:11 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter IX—War Production Board

Subchapter B—Executive Vice-Chairman

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this subchapter issued under sec. 2 (a), 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236 and 56 Stat. 176; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; W.P.B. Reg. 1 as amended March 24, 1943, 8 F.R. 3666, 3696; Pri. Reg. 1 as amended May 15, 1943, 8 F.R. 6727.

PART 1029—FARM MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, AND ATTACHMENTS AND REPAIR PARTS THEREFOR

[General Preference Order M-330,
Revocation]

Section 1029.26 General Preference Order M-330 is revoked. This revoca-

tion does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order. The order is superseded by Priorities Regulation No. 19, as amended May 6, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13840; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:28 a. m.]

PART 1029—FARM MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, AND ATTACHMENTS AND REPAIR PARTS THEREFOR

[General Preference Order M-330, Revocation
of Supp. 1]

Section 1029.31 General Preference Order M-330, Supplement 1, is revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under this supplemental order. The manufacture and delivery of valves and pipe fittings remain subject to all other applicable regulations and orders of the War Production Board.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13841; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:28 a. m.]

PART 1029—FARM MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, AND ATTACHMENTS AND REPAIR PARTS THEREFOR

[General Preference Order M-330, Revocation
of Supp. 2]

Section 1029.32 General Preference Order M-330, Supplement 2, is revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under this supplemental order. The manufacture and delivery of farm supplies remain subject to all other applicable regulations and orders of the War Production Board.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13842; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:28 a. m.]

PART 3274¹—MACHINE TOOLS AND INDUSTRIAL SPECIALTIES

[Limitation Order L-145, as Amended Sept.
8, 1944]

AIRCRAFT CONTROL AND PULLEY BEARINGS

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of anti-friction aircraft control and pulley bearings for defense, for private account and for export; manufacturers of these bearings now make a large number of sizes of this type bearing in small quantities only; concentration in a single producer of the manufacture of a group of these sizes now

made in small quantities will permit larger "runs" of such sizes, thereby effecting a large saving in time formerly spent in setting up and taking down production machinery and will release many hours of highly skilled machine setters' time urgently needed for other operations in the producer's plant; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3274.66¹ Limitation Order L-145—

(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Producer" means any person, firm, corporation or other form of enterprise engaged in producing any anti-friction aircraft control and pulley bearings.

(b) Limitation on acceptance of orders for aircraft control and pulley bearings.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (b) (2), on and after June 10, 1942, no producer may accept any purchase order for aircraft control or pulley bearings of any of the sizes specified on Exhibit A hereto attached unless such producer is designated on Exhibit A as an "authorized producer" of such size.

(2) If on and after June 10, 1942, a producer is requested to accept a purchase order for aircraft control or pulley bearings of any size on Exhibit A as to which he is not designated an "authorized producer" but such producer has on hand completed bearings or partially or wholly completed parts for such bearings sufficient to fill such order partially or in full, then he may deliver the completed bearings on hand, or complete such bearings out of the parts on hand and deliver the same, against such order.

(c) Maintenance of equipment by producers other than authorized producers. Any producer who manufactured any of the sizes specified on Exhibit A during 1941 but who is not therein designated as an authorized producer of such size, is prohibited from disposing of tools and equipment used by him in manufacturing such size and shall keep such tools and equipment in such condition that whenever the War Production Board deems it necessary to name him an authorized producer he can resume production of aircraft control and pulley bearings of such size one month after notice by the War Production Board.

(d) Reports. Each person to whom this order applies shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as said Board shall from time to time require.

(e) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(f) Appeal. Any person affected by this order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon

¹ Supra.

¹ Formerly Part 1266, § 1266.1.

him, or that it would result in a degree of unemployment which would be unreasonably disproportionate compared with the amount of material conserved, or that compliance with this order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense work, may appeal to the War Production Board by addressing a letter to the War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: L-145, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons he considers he is entitled to relief. The War Production Board may thereupon take such action as it deems appropriate.

(g) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C. Ref.: L-145.

(h) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation 1.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944) as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this order shall govern.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

EXHIBIT A TO LIMITATION ORDER L-145

<i>Size of Bearing</i>	<i>Authorized producers</i>
K10	Fafnir Bearings Company.
X107	Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corporation. Fafnir Bearings Company.
X143	Federal Bearings Company.
K10H	Federal Bearings Company.
KR3	S K F Industries, Incorporated.
KR4	S K F Industries, Incorporated.
KR6	S K F Industries, Incorporated.
KS3L	Fafnir Bearings Co., Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corp., Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
KS3	Fafnir Bearings Company, S K F Industries, Incorporated.
KS5	Fafnir Bearings Company, Federal Bearings Company.
KS6	Fafnir Bearings Company.
KS8	Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corporation. Fafnir Bearings Company.
KS10	Federal Bearings Company.
K5A	Schatz Mfg. Co., Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corp., Fafnir Bearings Co.
K16A	Federal Bearings Company. Fafnir Bearings Company.
K20A	Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corporation.
KF3A	Fafnir Bearings Company.
KF4A	Fafnir Bearings Company.
KF5A	Federal Bearings Company.
KF6A	Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corporation. Fafnir Bearings Company.
KF8A	Federal Bearings Company.
KF10A	Fafnir Bearings Company.
KF12A	Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corporation.
KF16A	Fafnir Bearings Company.
KF20A	Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corporation.
KF3	Fafnir Bearings Company.

PART 3274—MACHINE TOOLS AND INDUSTRIAL SPECIALTIES

[Limitation Order L-145-a, as Amended Sept. 8, 1944]

ANTI-FRICTION BEARINGS

The fulfilment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of anti-friction bearings for defense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3274.67 Limitation Order L-145-a—
(a) *Limitation on production of anti-*

friction bearings. No person engaged in the production of anti-friction bearings shall hereafter make bearings of any of the sizes specified on Schedule A attached to this order unless he is designated as an "authorized producer" of such size.

A person who is not designated as an "authorized producer" of a particular size listed in Schedule A may refer persons seeking to place orders with him to those who are designated as "authorized producers"; or if he wishes to continue selling this size he may accept orders for such bearings and arrange to have them made by an "authorized producer."

(b) *Maintenance of equipment by persons other than "authorized producers".* Any person who produced any of the sizes specified on Schedule A in 1943 but who is not designated as an "authorized producer" of such size is prohibited from disposing of tools and equipment used by him to make such size and he shall keep these tools and equipment in such condition that whenever the War Production Board deems it necessary to name him an "authorized producer" he can resume production of bearings of such size one month after notice by the War Production Board.

(c) *Exceptions.* The provisions of this order do not apply to:

(1) The production of any bearings listed on Schedule A for which purchase orders have been placed prior to February 19, 1944, even though the person holding such orders is not designated as an "authorized producer";

(2) To any person whose monthly shipments in November 1943 of all anti-friction bearings did not exceed \$60,000.

(d) *Applicability of regulations.* This order and all transactions affected hereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board as amended from time to time.

(e) *Appeals.* Any appeals from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate with the War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(f) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priorities control, and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(g) *Communications.* All reports to be filed, appeals and other communications, concerning this order, should be addressed to: War Production Board, Tools Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: L-145-a.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

SCHEDULE A—BALL BEARINGS

SAE No. Authorized Producers

Light Series—Single Row—Radial:

224	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
232	Fafnir Bearing Co.
234	Kaydon Engineering Corp.
236	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
238	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
240	Kaydon Engineering Corp.

Medium Series—Single Row—Radial:

326	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
332	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
334	Kaydon Engineering Corp.
336	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
338	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
340	Kaydon Engineering Corp.
344	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
348	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
352	Kaydon Engineering Corp.

Light Series—Single Row—Angular Contact:

7224	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
7228	SKF Industries, Inc.
7230	Kaydon Engineering Corp.
7232	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
7236	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
7238	Kaydon Engineering Corp.
7240	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
7244	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
7248	Kaydon Engineering Corp.

Medium Series—Single Row—Angular Contact:

7324	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., Fafnir Bearing Co.
7328	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
7330	Kaydon Engineering Corp.
7332	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
7336	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
7338	Kaydon Engineering Corp.
7340	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., Fafnir Bearing Co.
7344	Torrington Co. (Bantam Div.)
7346	Kaydon Engineering Corp.

Heavy Series—Single Row:

403	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
Q 3403-A	New Departure Div. of G. M. C.

404	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C., SKF Industries, Inc.
410	Fafnir Bearing Co., New Departure Div. of G. M. C. Hoover Ball & Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
415	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., Norma-Hoffman Bearings Corp.
416	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
417	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
418	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
419	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
420	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
421	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
422	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.

SCHEDULE A—Continued

SAE No. Authorized Producers—Con.

Heavy Series—Double Row:

5403	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
5404	Fafnir Bearing Co.
5405	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
5406	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., McGill Mfg. Co., New Departure Div. of G. M. C., SKF Industries, Inc.
5407	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
5408	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
5409	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., Bearings Co. of America
5410	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., Fafnir Bearing Co., SKF Industries, Inc.
5411	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
5412	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
5413	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
5414	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., McGill Mfg. Co.
5415	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
5416	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
5417	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
5418	Fafnir Bearing Co., McGill Mfg. Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp.

Heavy Series—Angular Contact:

7403	Marlin-Rockwell Corp.
7404	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C.
7405	McGill Mfg. Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C., SKF Industries, Inc.
7406	Fafnir Bearing Co.
7407	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C., SKF Industries, Inc.
7408	Ahlberg Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C., SKF Industries, Inc.
7409	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C., SKF Industries, Inc.
7412	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C., SKF Industries, Inc.
7413	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C., SKF Industries, Inc.
7414	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C.
7415	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., New Departure Div. of G. M. C.
7416	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
7417	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
7418	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
7419	Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.
7420	Fafnir Bearing Co., Marlin-Rockwell Corp., SKF Industries, Inc.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13837; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:29 a.m.]

PART 3284—BUILDING MATERIALS

[Limitation Order L-236, Schedule IV, as Amended Sept. 8, 1944]

TACKLE BLOCKS

Section 3284.85 Schedule IV to Limitation Order L-236 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 3284.85 Schedule IV to Limitation Order L-236—(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this schedule:

(1) "Producer" means any person who manufactures, fabricates or assembles tackle blocks, with or without attached fittings.

(2) "Tackle block" means a product consisting of one or more free pulleys or sheaves mounted in a portable frame or shell, and used for moving objects by means of rope passing over the pulleys or sheaves.

(3) "Attached fittings" means beackets, hooks, shackles, swivels, and other similar devices attached in the process of manufacture or assembly as an integral part of the tackle block.

(b) Simplified practices. This schedule is issued pursuant to Limitation Order L-236. No producer shall manufacture, fabricate, or assemble any tackle blocks except the kinds named in the tables of Appendix A and in conformity with the types, designs, sizes, standards, grades, and other provisions set forth in this Schedule IV, including Appendix A. Exceptions to this rule are stated in paragraph (f).

(c) Limitations on design. (1) There are three kinds of tackle blocks described in Appendix A, and a separate table is devoted to each kind. Each table lists several permitted types, each provided with several kinds of bearings and bushings, sheaves of various sizes, and other specifications, all of which are permitted. However, no producer shall manufacture, fabricate, or assemble more than one design for each of the permitted types of tackle blocks in Tables I through III.

(2) No producer shall manufacture, fabricate or assemble any tackle blocks designed for use on pleasure boats.

(d) Restrictions on metals. The only metals which may be used in the manufacture of tackle blocks and attached fittings are aluminum, magnesium, and ferrous metals exclusive of stainless steel. However, copper base alloys may be used for bushings as specified in Tables I through III.

(e) Galvanizing. Galvanizing is permitted on metal blocks and on metal parts of wood blocks, and on attached fittings.

(f) Exceptions. This schedule does not apply to:

(1) (i) Tackle blocks with plain ferrous metal bearings or steel roller bushings with a capacity under 250 pounds per pair of single blocks, 500 pounds per pair of double blocks, and 750 pounds per pair of triple blocks.

(ii) Tackle blocks with a capacity of over 50 tons per pair of quadruple sheave blocks.

(2) Tackle blocks manufactured, fabricated, or assembled in establishments wholly owned and operated by the U. S. Navy.

(3) Tackle blocks specified in the Standard Plan issued by the Bureau of Ships of the U. S. Navy. (This exemption does not apply to tackle blocks specified in plans which are not designated as Standard Plan by the Bureau of Ships.)

(4) Parts manufactured, fabricated or assembled for maintenance or repair of tackle blocks.

(5) Tackle blocks manufactured, fabricated or assembled from parts in the possession of the producer on or before December 21, 1943.

(6) Tackle blocks and attached fittings specially designed and constructed for

use in the operation or equipment of life boats and life rafts.

(7) Snatch blocks specially designed and constructed for use in logging, mining and oil field operations.

(8) Conductor stringing snatch blocks.

(9) Chain hoists or manila rope hoists.

(10) Hay loading and lifting blocks.

(11) Gin blocks.

(12) Skidder blocks.

(13) Special blocks manufactured, fabricated or assembled as component and replacement parts for skyline equipment, drag scrapers, and cableway excavators.

(14) Purse seine blocks.

(15) Special extra heavy weighted steel plate blocks, 25 tons and up.

(16) Tackle blocks manufactured, fabricated or assembled to fill an order received before December 21, 1943 when such order has been scheduled for any delivery date under the provisions of Scheduling Order M-293.

(17) Oil field Crown blocks, traveling blocks, rotary drilling blocks.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

APPENDIX A—PERMITTED TYPES OF TACKLE BLOCKS

TABLE I—WOOD BLOCKS FOR MANILA ROPE

(a) Regular mortise, inside iron strapped; single, double and triple.

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

Cast iron sheaves; shell sizes—3", 4", 5", 6", 7", 8", 10", 12".

(2) Steel Roller Bushings:

Cast iron sheaves; shell sizes—3", 4", 5", 6", 7", 8".

(3) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

Cast iron or steel sheaves; shell sizes—3", 4", 5", 6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16".

One design only shall be used for all three.

(b) Heavy wide mortise, double cross bolted, inside iron strapped; single, double and triple.

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

Cast iron sheaves; shell sizes—6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16".

(2) Steel roller bushings:

Cast iron or steel sheaves; shell sizes—6", 7", 8".

(3) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

Cast iron or steel sheaves; shell sizes—6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16".

One design only shall be used for all three.

(c) Snatch blocks, double cross bolted, iron strapped. (May be equipped with drop link, or with safety locking device).

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

Cast iron sheaves; shell sizes—6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20", 22".

(2) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

Cast iron or steel sheaves; shell sizes—6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20", 22".

One design only shall be used for both.

TABLE II—METAL BLOCKS FOR MANILA ROPE

(a) Steel shell blocks, single, double and triple, oval design.

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

Cast iron sheaves; shell sizes—4", 5", 6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16".

(2) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

Cast iron or steel sheaves; shell sizes—4", 5", 6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16".

One design only shall be used for both.

(b) Heavy steel shell blocks, single, double and triple, oval design.

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

Cast iron sheaves; shell sizes—4", 5", 6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16".

(2) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

Cast iron or steel sheaves; shell sizes—4", 5", 6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16".

One design only shall be used for both.

(c) Steel shell snatch blocks. (May be equipped with drop link, or with safety locking device.)

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

Cast iron sheaves; shell sizes—6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20", 22".

(2) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

Cast iron or steel sheaves; shell sizes—6", 7", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20".

One design only shall be used for both.

TABLE III—METAL BLOCKS FOR WIRE ROPE

(a) Standard steel plate blocks; single, double and triple.

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

(i) Diamond design, cast iron sheaves. Sheave diameters—6", 8", 10", 12", 14".

(ii) Oval design, cast iron sheaves. Sheave diameters—6", 8", 10", 12", 14".

(2) Self-lubricating, bronze bushings:

(i) Diamond design, cast iron or steel sheaves.

Sheave diameters—6", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18".

(ii) Oval design, cast iron sheaves. Sheave diameters—8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18".

(b) Standard extra heavy steel plate blocks; single, double and triple.

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

(i) Diamond design, cast iron sheaves. Sheave diameters—8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18".

(ii) Oval design, cast iron sheaves. Sheave diameters—8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20".

(2) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

(i) Diamond design, cast iron or steel sheaves.

Sheave diameters—8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20".

(ii) Oval design, cast iron or steel sheaves. Sheave diameters—8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20".

(c) Special extra heavy steel plate blocks, 25 to 50 ton capacity.

(1) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

(i) Diamond design, cast iron or steel sheaves. Sheave diameters—14", 16", 18", 20", 22", 24".

(ii) Oval pattern, cast iron or steel sheaves. Sheave diameters—14", 16", 18", 20", 22", 24".

(2) Pressure lubrication:

(i) Diamond design, cast iron or steel sheaves. Sheave diameters—14", 16", 18", 20", 22", 24".

(ii) Oval design, cast iron or steel sheaves. Sheave diameters—14", 16", 18", 20", 22", 24".

(d) Steel cargo hoisting blocks, single.

(1) Cast steel or malleable iron shell, steel sheaves, steel roller bearings, pressure lubrication. Sheave diameters—12", 14".

(e) Steel plate snatch blocks. (May be equipped with drop link, or safety locking device.)

(1) Plain ferrous metal bearings:

Cast iron sheaves. Sheave diameters—6", 8", 10".

(2) Self-lubricating bronze bushings:

Cast iron or steel sheaves. Sheave diameters—6", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20".

One design only shall be used for both.

(f) Special extra heavy steel plate snatch blocks. (Trucking, oil field, or stevedore types).

(1) Steel sheaves with pressure lubrication or self-lubricating bronze bushings with sheave diameters of 6", 8", 10".

(g) Malleable iron snatch blocks (Equipped with pin type cross head).

(1) Self-lubricating bronze bushings, cast iron or steel sheaves. Sheave diameters—6", 8", 10", 12", 14", 16", 18", 20".

TABLE IV—ATTACHED FITTINGS FOR TACKLE BLOCKS

(a) The only attached fittings which are permitted for manila rope blocks are as follows:

- (1) Shackle
- (2) Loose Side Hook
- (3) Loose Swivel Hook
- (4) Stiff Swivel Hook
- (5) Loose Oblong Link
- (6) Swivel Eye
- (7) Trip Hook
- (8) Becket
- (9) Sister Hooks

(b) The only attached fittings which are permitted for wire rope blocks are as follows:

- (1) Shackle
- (2) Loose Side Hook
- (3) Loose Oblong Link
- (4) Stiff Swivel Hook
- (5) Swivel Hook in Yoke
- (6) Oblong Swivel Eye
- (7) Drilled Swivel Eye
- (8) Jaw or Yoke (with or without swivel)
- (9) Becket
- (10) Heel Block

[F. R. Doc. 44-13839; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:30 a. m.]

[Order L-335, Direction 9, as Amended Sept. 8, 1944]

PART 3285—LUMBER AND LUMBER PRODUCTS

LIMITATIONS ON RECEIPTS OF CERTAIN SPECIES AND GRADES OF LUMBER

Direction No. 9 to Order L-335 is hereby amended to read as follows:

(a) *Limitation on receipts of lumber for specified uses.* No person shall receive the following types of lumber for use as ship dunnage or in bracing, blocking, shoring in freight cars or trucks, or for use in producing an item listed on Schedule I below: #2, 3, and 4 common grades of Ponderosa pine, Idaho white pine, sugar pine, lodgepole pine, white fir, Engelmann spruce, produced in the States of Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico, or South Dakota.

(b) *Limitation on receipts of lumber for use in making hardwood flooring.* No person shall receive for use in manufacturing hardwood flooring any species of lumber other than birch, beech, maple, pecan, and oak.

(c) *Deliveries by sawmills prohibited.* No sawmill shall sell, ship or deliver, or cause to be sold, shipped or delivered, any lumber which he knows or has reason to believe will be received or used in violation of the provisions of this direction or any order or regulation of the War Production Board.

(d) *Appeals.* Any appeals from the provisions of this direction shall be made by mailing a letter to the Lumber and Lumber Products Division, War Production Board, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: L-335.

SCHEDULE I

Farm machinery, implements, and equipment which include any item controlled by Order L-257 but not including wooden farm pumps.

Boats, pleasure (sail boats, row boats, and motor boats).

Caskets, burial cases and other morticians' equipment (excluding shipping cases).

Fixtures, commercial.

Furniture.

Stepladders.

Ladders (except ships' ladders and ladders manufactured for use on motorized fire or rescue apparatus).

Lockers and shelving, industrial or commercial.

Millwork, building woodwork (window sash and door frames; windows; sash; doors; interior trim; stairs; cabinets; blinds; moldings; porchwork and exterior trim; window and door screens).

Mobile houses (house trailers and expandable mobile houses).

Prefabricated buildings and structures and fabricated parts of buildings and structures.

Plumbers' woodwork and fixtures (toilet seats, towel racks).

Radio and phonograph cabinets.

Refrigerators (except walk-in) and refrigerating equipment.

Scenery and display signs.

Toys, games, children's vehicles.

Trunks, valises, trunk lockers.

Woodenware and novelties (coat hangers, gavels, trays, umbrellas, buttons, cases, etc.)

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13838; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:29 a. m.]

PART 3290—TEXTILE, CLOTHING AND LEATHER

[General Conservation Order M-356, as Amended Sept. 8, 1944]

SYNTHETIC FIBERS, YARNS AND FABRICS

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created shortages in the supplies of synthetic fibers, yarns and fabrics for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

Nylon

§ 3290.326 General Conservation Order M-356—(a) Definitions. (1) "Nylon" means synthetic fiber-forming polymeric amides having a protein-like chemical structure, derivable from coal, air and water, or other substances, and characterized by extreme toughness and strength and the peculiar ability to be formed into fibers (yarns and fabrics) and into various shapes, such as bristles, sheets, etc. "Nylon" also means fibers, yarn, thread and fabrics made of nylon.

(2) "Nylon waste" means waste, noils and garnetted or reclaimed fibers (including scraps and clippings, generated in the manufacture of thread, fabrics, rope, braiding or other material containing nylon) the total nylon content of which is 95% or more by weight.

(b) *Restrictions on nylon.* (1) No person shall sell or deliver nylon except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(2) No person shall knowingly purchase, accept delivery or commercially use nylon contrary to any restriction of the War Production Board.

(c) *Restrictions on nylon waste.* No person shall sell, purchase, deliver, accept delivery, process or commercially use nylon waste except to recover nylon flake. No person shall mix nylon waste with any other waste material having less than 95% nylon content by weight.

Export of Fine Rayon Yarn and Rayon Fabrics

(d) *Definitions.* (1) "Rayon fabrics" mean broad woven synthetic fabrics (over 24 inches in width) made from continuous filament viscose yarn, cuprammonium yarn or cellulose acetate yarn, from viscose or acetate staple fiber, or from combinations or blends containing more than 50 per cent by weight of any such synthetic yarns. The term shall not include velvets, plushes, and other pile fabrics, upholstery, drapery and tapestry fabrics, and jacquard woven fabrics.

(2) "Fabric producer" means a person who wove, or caused to be woven for him on commission, an average of more than 25,000 yards of rayon fabrics per week during the three months' period ending September 30, 1943. Wherever the words "his total yardage production" or "produced by him" are used in paragraph (g), they refer to the yardage of rayon fabrics manufactured for, as well as by, the fabric producer.

(3) "Procurement orders" mean orders for rayon fabrics placed by the Army or Navy of the United States (including military exchanges and service departments when the order bears the appropriate endorsement referred to in paragraph (c) of Priority Regulation 17), the Maritime Commission or War Shipping Administration.

(4) "Export orders" means, with respect to fine rayon yarns as defined in General Preference Order M-37-d, orders bearing a preference rating of AA-3 or higher, and with respect to rayon fabrics, orders bearing a preference rating of AA-5 or higher, for material which is covered by or the subject of one of the following:

(i) An export license issued by Foreign Economic Administration.

(ii) A release certificate issued by or pursuant to the authority of Foreign Economic Administration in connection with a program license of the Foreign Economic Administration.

(iii) A United States Treasury Procurement Division contract or requisition placed for Foreign Economic Administration.

(iv) A purchase by The Canadian Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation.

(v) An order from a manufacturer, who has accepted orders for garments or materials covered by export orders defined in subdivisions (i), (ii), (iii) above, for goods to be incorporated in such garments or materials.

Deliveries to or for United States Army, Navy, Maritime Commission or War Shipping Administration, and deliveries to Canada, other than on orders referred to in subdivision (iv), are not exports for the purpose of this order.

(e) (1) No preference rating applied or assigned in connection with any export order as defined in paragraph (d) (4) shall be valid, used, or given any effect unless the preference rating is applied and extended as provided in Priorities Regulation 3 and, in addition, substantially one of the following notations (whichever is appropriate) is placed on the order:

(i) The goods hereby ordered will be exported (or will be incorporated in materials to be exported) under export license No. _____ (fill in)

issued by Foreign Economic Administration.

(ii) The goods hereby ordered will be exported (or will be incorporated in materials to be exported) under release certificate No. _____ issued by or pursuant to the authority (fill in)

of Foreign Economic Administration.

(iii) The goods hereby ordered are (or will be incorporated in material that is) the subject of United States Treasury Procurement Division Contract No. _____ (fill in)

(iv) The goods hereby ordered will be delivered to or for the account of The Canadian Commodity Prices Stabilization Corporation.

(When this is done the requirements of M-328 are met, and it is unnecessary to use any other notation.)

(2) No person shall purchase, accept delivery of, deliver or knowingly sell for delivery for export any rayon yarn or rayon fabric, without a preference rated export order as defined in paragraph (d) (4), except rags or pieces of fabric shorter than ten yards.

(f) *Establishment of export quotas for fine rayon yarn.* (1) An export quota system is hereby established for the producers of fine rayon yarn as defined in General Preference Order M-37-d. Such export quotas will be established from time to time by the War Production Board within which quotas the Foreign Economic Administration will be authorized to assign preference ratings. Until further notice from the War Production Board, each producer of fine rayon yarn shall, regardless of preference ratings, each day set aside an amount of such yarn equal to the production of 4% of his active spindles producing viscose or cuprammonium yarn and 4% of his active spindles producing acetate yarn. The number of active spindles producing high tenacity tire-type rayon yarn shall not be included in computing the above percentages. The yarn thus set aside shall be known as "export yarn," and shall be set aside, as nearly as practicable, in such denier sizes as will fill the producer's orders on hand for such yarn at the time the producer sets his production schedule. No producer of fine rayon yarn shall be compelled to export or accept an order for export of fine rayon yarn in excess of the export quota so established for him: *Provided*, That no such producer shall be prohibited from exporting or accepting an order for export of fine rayon yarn in excess of such quota, unless specifically prohibited by the War Production Board.

(2) *Disposition of export yarn not booked or delivered.* All export yarn set aside from the production of any one month, pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (f) (1) and which has not

been delivered or booked during said month, shall be immediately available for sale to any person otherwise eligible to purchase such yarn.

(3) [Deleted Feb. 8, 1944]

(g) *Establishment of export quota for rayon fabrics.* (1) An export quota system is hereby established for rayon fabrics. Pursuant to such system export quotas will be fixed from time to time by the War Production Board. Until further notice from the War Production Board, each fabric producer must accept and fill export orders for rayon fabrics until they aggregate for the current calendar quarter four per cent of his total yardage production of rayon fabrics (excluding yardage produced by him to fill procurement orders) during the preceding calendar quarter. No fabric producer is required to accept or fill export orders for more than the established export quota, nor for more than fifteen per cent of any particular construction of rayon fabrics produced by him during the current calendar quarter. However, he is not prohibited from doing so, unless compliance with other orders or regulations of the War Production Board would forbid it.

(2) *Unfilled export quota to be carried over to next quarter.* If a fabric producer does not fill his entire export quota of rayon fabrics in any calendar quarter, the unfilled portion shall be added to his quota for the next succeeding quarter. The portion so carried over which is not filled in such succeeding quarter may be dropped. To illustrate: if the export quota of a fabric producer for the second quarter of 1944 is 100,000 yards and he books or delivers only 75,000 yards during that quarter, the remaining 25,000 yards shall be added to his quota for the third quarter of 1944. If his quota for that quarter is also 100,000 yards, he is required to accept and fill export orders aggregating 125,000 yards during the third quarter. Any part of the 25,000 yards not delivered during the third quarter is thereafter free from the restrictions of this order.

Miscellaneous Provisions

(h) *Miscellaneous provisions* — (1) *Applicability of regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board, and General Conservation Order M-328, as amended from time to time.

(2) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(3) *Reports.* Each producer of rayon fabrics shall forward to the War Production Board each week a copy of every export order accepted by him during the week. Each producer of rayon fabrics shall file with the War Production Board quarterly production reports on Form WPB-658-C within the time specified on said form. This reporting requirement has been approved by the Bureau of the

Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(4) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(5) *Communications.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Textile, Clothing and Leather Division, Washington 25, D. C., Reference: M-356.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

INTERPRETATION 1

ALL PRODUCERS OF RAYON FABRICS REQUIRED TO REPORT

Although "Fabric producer" is defined in paragraph (d) (2) to mean a person who wove or caused to be woven for him on commission an average of more than 25,000 yards of rayon fabric per week during the three months' period ending September 30, 1943, paragraph (h) (3), the reports paragraph, refers to each producer of rayon fabrics regardless of the quantity he produces. Accordingly, all producers of rayon fabrics are required to report. (Issued May 25, 1944.)

[F. R. Doc. 44-18834; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:29 a. m.]

PART 3291—CONSUMERS DURABLE GOODS

[Limitation Order L-64, as Amended Sept. 8, 1944]

CASKETS, SHIPPING CASES AND BURIAL VAULTS

§ 3291.245 *General Limitation Order L-64*—(a) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Casket" means a container in which it is intended to place a human corpse for interment.

(2) "Burial vault" means a container in which it is intended to place a casket containing a human corpse for interment, and shall include burial boxes.

(3) "Shipping case" means a container in which it is intended to place a casket containing a human corpse for shipment and to which handles have been attached in accordance with railroad shipping regulations.

(4) "Manufacturer" means any person engaged in the production, upholstering, finishing or lining of caskets, shipping cases, burial vaults or parts made specifically for incorporation into those products.

(5) "Metal liner" means a metal container which is inserted into a wooden casket or burial box in order to provide hermetical sealing.

(6) "Metal" means metal or metallic substances in any form except metallic substances contained in powders, sprays, paints and pastes (see Conservation Orders M-1-g and M-9-c-3).

(7) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(8) "Handle hardware" means hardware attached to the outside of a casket or shipping case for carrying purposes.

(9) "Design" means the construction essentials of a casket which distinguish that casket from another casket. For the purposes of this order, two or more caskets identical in every respect other than species of wood, size, handle hardware, interior linings, upholstery, textile coverings or color of wood finishes shall be considered one design. Two or more caskets identical in every respect but containing different contours of moldings, pilasters or corners shall be considered two or more designs.

(10) "Preferred order" means any order, contract or subcontract placed by or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration.

(b) *Restrictions on production of caskets.* (1) No manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on or assemble any metal for use in the production of caskets, or process, fabricate, work on or assemble any caskets containing any metal, except

(i) Handle hardware for caskets consisting of

(a) Assemblies of bars, ears, arms or tips containing antimony, lead, aluminum or zinc which were completely fabricated and assembled prior to March 28, 1942; and

(b) Handle arms containing antimonial lead and steel fabricated on or after March 28, 1942, in compliance with the provisions of M-38-c as amended or any appeal granted under that order provided that not more than three pounds of antimonial lead, and 14 ounces of steel shall be used per casket.

(ii) Nameplates manufactured from secondary antimonial lead weighing not more than 14 ounces; and

(iii) Any metal parts which have been manufactured under an appeal from this order or any other order granted after June 30, 1942.

(iv) Not more than 10 pounds of iron and steel per casket of which not more than 7 pounds may be contained in handle hardware.

(2) On and after May 1, 1943, no manufacturer shall

(i) Cut a portion out of the body of the casket so as to make a dropside style;

(ii) Cut the ogee top so as to make a full couch style;

(iii) Cut panels on basic and half couch caskets except at center of panel or two inches or less off center of panel in length;

(iv) Use backing strips or filler strips on base moldings;

(v) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(vi) Use any interior fitting except what is known as basic or regular, half couch or hinged top fittings; or

(vii) Process or fabricate parts for elliptic end caskets.

(3) On and after May 1, 1943, no manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on, assemble, finish or upholster any caskets, or parts for caskets, which do not conform to the specifications contained in Schedule A attached to this order, except that

(i) Plastic caskets produced from molds or forms completed prior to March 3, 1943 need not conform to the specifications on size of caskets contained in Schedule A but shall conform to all other specifications contained in Schedule A, and

(ii) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(4) No manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on or assemble more designs of caskets than the following:

(i) Twelve designs of adult caskets (five feet six inches or more in inside bottom length);

(ii) One design of children's caskets (less than five feet six inches in inside bottom length);

(iii) One additional institution or hospital design (including both children and adults' sizes);

(iv) One design of still born containers; and

(v) Any other designs specifically authorized by the War Production Board pursuant to an application for permission to manufacture, fabricate or assemble substitute designs in place of designs produced on or after May 1, 1943.

(c) *Restrictions on production of metal liners.* (1) No manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on or assemble any metal for use in the production of metal liners or produce any metal liners containing any metal, except

(i) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(ii) Lead to be used for soldering purposes, provided that such lead shall not contain more than 30% of tin by weight;

(iii) [Deleted Sept. 8, 1944]

(iv) Not more than fifty pounds per metal liner of iron and steel or galvanized steel not exceeding 26 standard gauge in thickness, provided that any manufacturer who possessed in his inventory prior to March 28, 1942, iron and steel, galvanized steel, terne sheet, or copper bearing steel exceeding 26 standard gauge in thickness may use more than fifty pounds of such steel per metal liner.

(2) No person shall use a metal liner except when hermetical sealing is required.

(i) To comply with federal, state or local government laws and regulations for the transportation or interment of a human corpse; or

(ii) In fulfillment of preferred orders.

(3) No manufacturer or jobber shall sell or otherwise dispose of a metal liner to any person unless such person furnishes the manufacturer or jobber with a certificate in substantially the following form, manually signed by that person or his authorized agent:

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned purchaser hereby certifies to _____, and _____,

(Name of seller)

(Address)

to the War Production Board that the metal liners received by reason of this sale will be used by the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration or to comply with federal, state or local government laws and regulations which require hermetic sealing for the transportation or interment of a human corpse.

(Name of Purchaser)

(Address)

By _____

(Signature of Purchaser or
duly authorized agent)

(Date)

(d) *Restriction on the production of shipping cases.* (1) Except in fulfillment of preferred orders, no manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on or assemble any metal for use in the production of shipping cases, or process, fabricate, work on or assemble any shipping cases containing any metal except not more than 7 pounds of iron and steel per shipping case of which not more than 5 pounds may be contained in handle hardware.

(i) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(ii) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(2) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(3) On and after May 1, 1943, except in fulfillment of preferred orders, no manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on or assemble any shipping case, or parts for shipping cases, which do not conform to the specifications contained in Schedule A, attached to this order.

(e) *Restrictions on production of burial vaults.* (1) No manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on or assemble any metal for use in the production of burial vaults, or process, fabricate, work on or assemble any burial vaults containing any metal, except not more than two pounds of iron and steel per burial vault and not more than 15 pounds of iron and steel for reinforcing purposes for a concrete vault.

(i) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(ii) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(2) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(3) No manufacturer shall receive any iron or steel (including wire mesh) for use as reinforcing metal in the production of concrete burial vaults unless it is made from rerolled rail stock, "top cuts" or scrap iron or steel.

(4) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(5) On and after May 1, 1943, except in fulfillment of preferred orders, no manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on or assemble any burial vaults or parts for burial vaults which do not conform to the specifications contained in Schedule A attached to this order.

(f) *Restrictions on use and transfer of caskets which exceed the dimensions*

specified in Schedule A. On and after June 1, 1943, no manufacturer or jobber shall sell, deliver or otherwise dispose of a casket which exceeds the dimensions specified in Schedule A attached to this order to any person unless such person furnishes the manufacturer or jobber with a certification in substantially the following form, manually signed by that person or his authorized agent.

(1) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(2) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned purchaser hereby certifies to _____,

Name of seller _____ Address _____

and to the War Production Board that:

(1) He is familiar with the specifications for caskets contained in Schedule A of L-64, and

(2) This casket will be used for a body of such size that no casket produced in conformance with the dimensions specified in Schedule A of L-64 will be adequate.

Name of Purchaser _____

Address _____

By _____

(Signature of purchaser or
duly authorized agent)

A manufacturer or jobber may rely upon such certification unless he knows or has reason to believe it to be false.

(g) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(h) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(i) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

(j) *Reports.* (1) Each manufacturer of caskets shall file with the War Production Board a catalogue illustration, photograph, snap shot (post card size) or sketch of each design which he proposes to produce under paragraph (b) (4) showing the casket closed and no lining, except that head lid lining may be shown. Each design shall be identified by the factory catalogue number or other distinguishing identification which may be placed on the reverse side of each illustration submitted, together with the manufacturer's name and address.

(2) [Deleted Sept. 8, 1944]

(k) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(l) *Appeal.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order must be made on Form WPB-1477 and must be filed with the field office of the War Production Board of the district in which is located the plant to which the appeal relates.

(m) *Communications.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

to the War Production Board, Consumers Durable Goods Division, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: L-64.

(n) *Applicability of regulations and other orders.* This order and all transactions affected by it are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board. If any other order of the War Production Board limits the use of any material in the production of

caskets, metal liners, shipping cases or burial vaults to a greater extent than does this order, the other order shall govern unless it states otherwise.

(o) [Deleted Mar. 16, 1944]

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

SCHEDULE A

Restrictions on size	Maximum dimension (shown in inches)				Maximum inside dimensions of wood burial vaults and shipping cases used with caskets specified (shown in inches)			Net amount of lumber which may be contained in finished product (shown in board feet)			
	Length		Width		Height	Length	Width	Depth	Casket specified	Burial box	Shipping case
Inside bottom edge	Over-all outside length	Inside top edge	Over-all outside width	Over-all outside height							
Institution caskets	75	81	22	24 $\frac{1}{4}$	16	84	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	17	46	65	69
Octagon and flaring square caskets without base and rail moldings	75	81	22	24 $\frac{1}{4}$	20	84	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	21	55	71	75
Octagon and flaring square caskets with base and rail moldings	75	81	22	26 $\frac{1}{4}$	20	84	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	21	63	73	77
Vertical square caskets	75	81	22	26 $\frac{1}{2}$	20	84	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	21	67	73	77

Burial boxes and shipping cases exceeding these dimensions may be produced for plastic or extra size caskets provided that such caskets are not produced in violation of any rule, regulation or order of the War Production Board. No manufacturer shall produce or accumulate extra size caskets in excess of the minimum amount necessary to satisfy demands made pursuant to paragraph (f) of this order. Extra size caskets, burial vaults and shipping cases may contain an additional net amount of lumber of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ board feet for each three inches of additional length and three board feet for each two inches of additional width.

Extra size caskets may be made in only three designs in addition to an institution or hospital casket design and shall be produced in multiples of three inches additional length and two inches in additional width.

A tolerance of one-half inch in length and one-fourth inch in width is permitted from the specifications of caskets and burial boxes contained in this schedule.

SCHEDULE A—Continued

	Caskets	Burial vaults and shipping cases
Restrictions on lumber, laminated lumber and plywood	<p>Not more than 1" thick before milling operations, except:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) 1$\frac{1}{2}$" before milling operations for ogee molding provided no backing strip is used on ogee. (2) 2" before milling operations for combined side and base or rail molding. 	<p>Not more than 1" thick before milling operations.</p> <p>Not more than 1 thickness of wood on any part, except:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) top battens not exceeding 3" in width and 1" in thickness. (2) corner cleats not exceeding 2$\frac{1}{2}$" in width and 1" in thickness, and (3) 2 skids not exceeding 1" in width and thickness respectively.
Finishing restrictions	<p>Not more than:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> One coat of stain. One coat of wood filler, and One coat of sealing primer. <p>Not more than:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Two coats of varnish or similar coating material for transparent finishes or Two coats of varnish or similar coating material for artificial grain finishes or Two coats of enamel for opaque finishes. <p>Not more than:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Two different colors of transparent finishes for each species of wood used, and Two different colors of opaque finishes for each design. Two colors or artificial grain finishes may be used in place of transparent finishes, if desired. 	<p>Not more than 1 coat of varnish, paint or similar coating material.</p> <p>No nitro-cellulose lacquers.</p>
Restrictions on linings, covering materials, pillows and foot rolls	<p>No materials in counter linings (upholstery) except cotton fabric.</p> <p>Maximum quantities of rayon lining materials for caskets:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 9 yards with hinged top fitting 7 yards with half couch fitting and 6$\frac{1}{4}$ yards with basic fitting. A manufacturer may increase the amount of yards used in the above fittings by 10% when used in extra size caskets (for the purpose of this schedule each yard contains 1296 square inches). <p>No rayon lining material in the foot half of basic or half couch caskets.</p> <p>No rayon materials as a bed covering in any casket.</p> <p>No aprons on basic caskets.</p> <p>No plus effects on lids (panels) or ogees on any casket.</p> <p>No foot rolls in any casket nor more than 1 pillow in any casket.</p>	<p>Not applicable.</p>

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[Conservation Order M-150, As Amended Sept. 8, 1944]

AROMATIC SOLVENTS

Section 3293.171 Conservation Order M-150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of aromatic solvents for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3293.171 Conservation Order M-150—(a) Definitions. (1) "Aromatic solvents" means Class A solvents, Class A blends, Class B solvents or Class B blends as defined herein.

(2) "Class A solvents" means xylene range solvents or alternate blended solvents or naphthas containing more than 30 per cent by volume of aromatic hydrocarbons, regardless of source, as determined by the analytical procedure described in "Approximate Analysis of Hydrocarbon Thinners" published in the Scientific Section Circular No. 568 of the National Paint, Varnish and Lacquer Association, November, 1938, pages 381 and 388, and having an A. S. T. M. 50% distillation point lower than 330° F. (165.5° C.). The term shall include solvents containing some combined or commercially inextractable benzene or toluene when such are inherently present in fractionated distillates. The term does not include benzene as defined in Order M-300, Schedule 22, toluene as defined in M-300, Schedule 21, or xylene as defined in M-300, Schedule 23, or solvents of the toluene range, which are defined below as "Class B solvents".

(3) "Class A blends" means any mixture of solvents prepared by admixing Class A solvents with other solvents in any proportion.

(4) "Class B solvents" means toluene range solvents from petroleum or coal tar origin having a distillation range of 200° F. to 285° F. (93° C. to 140° C.), and containing more than 30 per cent by volume of aromatic hydrocarbons, as determined by the analytical procedure described in paragraph (a) (2) above. The term does not include benzene as defined in Order M-300, Schedule 22, toluene as defined in M-300, Schedule 21, or xylene as defined in M-300, Schedule 23, or solvents containing xylene which are defined as Class A solvents.

(5) "Class B blends" means any mixture of solvents prepared by admixing Class B solvents with other solvents in any proportion and includes mixtures of Class A and Class B solvents.

(6) "Military order" means (i) any order for the purchase of a product to be delivered to, or to be used on, or incorporated in, material or equipment delivered to or to be delivered to the U. S. Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Maritime Commission, War Shipping Administration, or to or for the account of any foreign country under the Act of March 11, 1941 (Lend-Lease Act), or (ii) any order calling for the servicing of material or equipment to be delivered to

the U. S. Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration.

(7) "Coatings" means any liquid organic coating, thinner, or remover which is normally applied to any surface by brush, spray, dip, roller coat, or other method of application. The term includes but is not limited to paint, varnish, lacquer, dope, coating for fabric, printing ink, stain, coating thinner and coating remover. The term does not include adhesive or cement.

(b) *Restrictions on deliveries of aromatic solvents.* No person who produces aromatic solvents or who buys aromatic solvents for resale, shall deliver such solvents unless he furnishes his customers with the notification set forth in Schedule C. This notification must be given in writing, either on the invoice or separately. In no event, however, shall he deliver such solvents if he knows or has reason to believe that they will be used for purposes prohibited by this order.

(c) *Restrictions on use of Class A solvents and Class A blends.* The use of Class A solvents and Class A blends is subject to the following restrictions:

(1) *Use as dry cleaning fluid or type washes.* No person engaged in the business of dry cleaning or printing and publishing may use Class A solvents or Class A blends in the form in which they are received as a dry cleaning fluid (use as spotting fluid excepted) or as printing press and type washes.

(2) *Use in production of dry cleaning fluid or type washes.* No person may use Class A solvents or Class A blends for the production of any dry cleaning fluid (except spotting fluid and soap) or printing press and type washes.

(3) *Use in production of coatings.* Except to fill military orders for coatings, no person may use Class A solvents or Class A blends for the production of coatings for the end uses shown on Schedule A. This applies to a coating made by a producer for his own consumption as well as those he makes for sale.

(4) *Use as a coating.* Except to fill military orders, no person engaged in the business of making products or rendering service (for example, a furniture manufacturer or an automobile repair and refinishing establishment) may use Class A solvents or Class A blends either in the form in which the solvents or blends were received, or after further mixing by him with other materials, as a coating for the end uses shown on Schedule A.

(d) *Restrictions on use of Class B solvents and Class B blends.* No person engaged in the business of making products or rendering service (for example, a coating manufacturer, a toy manufacturer, a public utility, or a research laboratory) may use Class B solvents or Class B blends except for the following purposes:

(1) The production of Class B blends.

(2) The production or processing of products shown on Schedule B.

(3) Research and experimental purposes, provided that not more than an aggregate quantity of 55 gallons of Class

B solvents or Class B blends is used by any person in any calendar month for such research and experimental purposes.

(e) *Changes in Schedules A and B.* The War Production Board may from time to time make whatever changes it may deem necessary in the end uses listed on Schedule A or in the products and end uses listed on Schedule B.

(f) *Appeals.* Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter, in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds for the appeal.

(g) *Applicability of regulations.* This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time to time.

(h) *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(i) *Communications to War Production Board.* All communications concerning this order, unless otherwise directed, shall be addressed to: War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-150.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

SCHEDULE A—CLASS A SOLVENTS AND CLASS A BLENDS

List of prohibited end uses referred to in paragraphs (c) (3) and (c) (4) of this order:

Prohibited uses

Code	
0341	Railroad freight cars, maintenance.
0344	Railroad refrigerator cars, exterior, maintenance.
0359	Trucks, maintenance, excluding parts.
0360	Automobiles, excluding parts.
0362	Trailers & carts (maintenance).
0365	Motorcycles & bicycles (maintenance).
0366	Skis.
0369	Road signs.
0370	Highway markings.
0552	Agricultural equipment (including farm tractors) motorized, maintenance.
0554	Agricultural equipment, horsedrawn, maintenance.
0709	Umbrella fabrics.
0730	Oilcloth—except floor oilcloth (such as table and shelf oilcloth).
0731	Enamelled oilcloth or silk oilcloth.
0732	Floor oilcloth (Linoleum).
0734	Wall covering.
0739	Window holland (shade cloth).

¹ Code symbols refer to the symbols appearing in the "Primary Products and End Use List" (WPB-I-217) prepared by the Protective Coatings Branch of the Chemicals Bureau, War Production Board.

Code	
0740	Display cloth.
0741	Shower curtains.
0746	Printing of textiles.
0748	Novelty case cloth.
0750	Luggage and kits.
0751	Handbags (except frames and handles).
0752	Belts.
1201	Bedsteads and bunks.
1202	Trunks and foot lockers.
1206	Venetian blinds.
1207	Mirrors and picture frames.
1208	Wood furniture—except bedsteads and bunks.
1209	Metal furniture—except bedsteads and bunks.
1210	Store fixtures—wood.
1211	Store fixtures—metal.
1212	Prefabricated partitions and shelving—wood.
1213	Prefabricated partitions and shelving—metal.
1214	Industrial and factory furniture, i. e. bins, lockers, tables, stools, etc.
1401	Prefabricated wall board.
1402	Prefabricated flooring.
1403	Weather stripping.
1405	Heating insulation.
1430	Institutional—except hospital operating rooms.
1431	Industrial plants.
1432	Defense housing.
1435	Other buildings—commercial and residential.
1604	Model airplanes.
1605	Toys and games.
1620	Jewelry, novelties, cosmetic compacts and cigarette cases.
1623	Artificial flowers, feathers and plumes.

SCHEDULE B—CLASS B SOLVENTS AND CLASS B BLENDS

List of permitted products referred to in paragraph (d) (2) of this order:

1. Coatings for aircraft including instruments and parts.
2. Barrage balloon fabric.
3. Synthetic rubber.
4. Interior coatings for cans and metal closures and interior liners for metal closures where such cans and closures are to be used for the packaging of foods, drugs and pharmaceuticals.
5. Lacquers, saturants and fillers for cable, and impregnating varnishes for coils and wound apparatus.
6. Bonded mica for insulation purposes.
7. Vinyl coatings (on military orders only) where spray application is required.
8. Specification coatings (on military orders only) where the specification states that the use of Class B solvents is required.
9. Brake lining, clutch facing, and coated abrasives.
10. Any product for any end use (on military orders only) provided that not more than an aggregate quantity of 55 gallons of Class B solvents is used by any manufacturer in any calendar month for all such end uses.
11. Zinc chromate primer (on military orders only) for aluminum or magnesium surfaces.

SCHEDULE C—CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to paragraph (b) of this order, notification in substantially the following form must be sent to all customers purchasing aromatic solvents:

The _____ of _____
(quantity) (trademark or description)
being delivered to you on your order #_____, dated _____, is a Class A solvent, Class A blend, Class B solvent, Class B blend (strike

out inapplicable terms) as defined in War Production Board Order M-150, and may not be used for purposes prohibited by that order.

(Name of purchaser) (Address)
By
(Date) (Signature and title of duly authorized official).

[F. R. Doc. 44-13844; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:28 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[General Allocation Order M-300, Schedule 45]

SODIUM CYANIDE

§ 3293.1045 Schedule 45 to General Allocation Order M-300—(a) Definition. "Sodium cyanide" means all grades and mixtures of sodium cyanide and solutions of sodium cyanide which contain 20% or more sodium cyanide by weight, except 25% mixture with crude calcium cyanide and except 90-91% mining grade sodium cyanide produced from calcium cyanide.

(b) General restrictions. Sodium cyanide is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material. The initial allocation date is February 1, 1944, when sodium cyanide was first put under allocation by Order M-366 (revoked). The allocation period is the calendar month. The small order exemption (effective September 8, 1944) is 400 pounds (computed on 96% basis) per person per month.

(c) Special interim provisions. Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery prior to October 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-366 (revoked). Any person who received sodium cyanide prior to September 8, 1944, under the small order exemption of Order M-366 may use it without restriction under this schedule.

(d) Suppliers' applications on WPB-2946. Each supplier seeking authorization to deliver shall file application on Form WPB-2946 (formerly PD-601). Filing date is the 20th day of the month before the requested allocation month. A consolidated set of forms may be filed for all plants and warehouses of the applicant. Send three copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-45. The unit of measure is pounds (specify per cent sodium cyanide contained in the material, such as 96%, 35%, etc.). An aggregate quantity may be requested, without specifying customers' names, for delivery on exempt small orders. In Column 7 report total small order shipments for latest month for which figure is available and specify the month. In Table II, producers shall fill in Columns 8 through 14, and resellers, Columns 8, 10, 12 and 13.

(e) Customers' applications on Form WPB-2945. Each person seeking authorization to use or accept delivery shall file application on Form WPB-2945 (formerly PD-600). Filing date is the 15th day of the month before the requested allocation month. Send three

copies (one certified) to the War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref.: M-300-45, and one copy (reverse side blank) to the supplier. The unit of measure is pounds (specify per cent sodium cyanide contained in the material, such as 96%, 35%, etc.). In Column 1 specify what grade, mixture or solution of sodium cyanide is sought and in Column 2 specify pounds requested for each use specified in Columns 3 and 4 of the application.

Do not request quantities in excess of actual requirements for the month for which allocation is requested. Fill in Column 3 in terms of the following:

Barbiturates
Flotating
Case hardening
Flotation reagents
Plating
Other primary product (specify)
Export (as sodium cyanide)
Inventory (as sodium cyanide)
Resale (as sodium cyanide)

Specify end use in Column 4 as required by paragraph (11-a) of Appendix E of Order M-300 (indicate as far as possible whether for direct or indirect Army, Navy or Lend-Lease orders, but do not specify contract numbers).

Fill in Tables II and III, as indicated. Leave Tables IV and V blank.

(f) Budget Bureau approval. The above reporting requirements have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(g) Communications to War Production Board. Communications concerning this schedule shall be addressed to War Production Board, Chemicals Bureau, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-300-45.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13845; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:28 a. m.]

PART 3293—CHEMICALS

[Allocation Order M-366, Revocation]

CYANIDE

Section 3293.581 *Allocation Order M-366* is hereby revoked. This revocation does not affect any liabilities incurred under the order.

Sodium cyanide is subject to allocation under General Allocation Order M-300 as an Appendix A material, subject to Schedule 45 issued simultaneously with this revocation.

Use, delivery and acceptance of delivery of sodium cyanide (as defined in Schedule 45 under M-300) prior to October 1, 1944, will be authorized on the basis of applications filed in the form heretofore prescribed in Order M-366.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13835; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:29 a. m.]

Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration

PART 1306—IRON AND STEEL

[RPS 49, Amdt. 27]

RESALE OF IRON OR STEEL PRODUCTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 1306.165 (a) (13) is amended to read as follows:

(13) *Prohibition of the use of factors not specifically set forth in this section—*

(i) Restrictions. Only the base prices, extras or other factors which are expressly permitted by this § 1306.165 shall be included in the computation of a maximum delivered price. No other factors may be used unless specific permission is obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

(ii) Application for other factors. A seller may apply by letter for permission to use factors not included in the computation of a maximum delivered price under this section if the factors requested were in effect or were used by him on April 16, 1941. The Office of Price Administration may approve, disapprove or modify the factors requested. Appropriate conditions may be imposed upon the use of factors granted. Such application shall be addressed to the attention of the Iron and Steel Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13858; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:51 a. m.]

PART 1315—RUBBER AND PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS OF WHICH RUBBER IS A COMPONENT

[RO 1B,* Amdt. 10]

MILEAGE RATIONING: TIRE REGULATIONS FOR PUERTO RICO

A rationale accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Ration Order 1B is amended in the following respects:

1. Sections 1.3 (a) (5), 1.3 (a) (8), 1.3 (a) (16), 1.3 (a) (33), 2.1 (a), 2.1 (a) (1), 2.1 (a) (1) (iii), 2.1 (a) (1) (v), 2.1 (a) (2), 2.1 (a) (5) (i), 2.2 (a), 2.2 (a) (3), 2.2 (c), 2.3 (a), 2.3 (a) (2), 2.5 (a), 2.5 (c), 2.11 (a), 2.11 (b), 2.16 (a) (1) (i), 2.17 (b), 2.18 (a), 2.21, 2.28 (a) (1), 2.28 (a) (2), 2.28 (a) (3), 2.29 (a) (4), 2.30 (b), 2.32 (a) (1), 2.32 (a) (2), 2.32 (a) (3), 2.32 (a) (4), 2.33 (d), 2.33 (h), 2.33 (i), 2.33 (n) (1), 2.35 (f)

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

*8 F.R. 9551, 12695, 14153; 9 F.R. 219, 1318, 1945, 3849, 6629, 7434, 9615.

and 2.35 (m) are amended by deleting the phrase "or tube" wherever it appears.

2. Sections 1.3 (a) (16), 1.3 (a) (33), 2.4 (a) (13) (iv), 2.7 (a), 2.10 (a), 2.10 (c), 2.11 (a), 2.12 (b), 2.16 (a) (1) (i), 2.30 (d) (3), 3.4 (a) (1), and 3.4 (a) (2) are amended by deleting the phrase "and tubes" wherever it appears.

3. Sections 1.6 (a), 1.6 (b), 2.1 (a) (1) (iv), 2.1 (a) (3), 2.1 (a) (5) (i), 2.1 (a) (6), 2.3 (a) (3), 2.8 (a), 2.9 (a), 2.9 (b), 2.9 (d), 2.10 (a), 2.11 (a), 2.12 (b), 2.13 (a), 2.15 (a), 2.16 (a) (1) (i), 2.16 (a) (2), 2.16 (a) (3), 2.17 (b), 2.17 (c), 2.18 (b), 2.18 (c), 2.19, 2.29 (a), 2.29 (a) (1), 2.29 (a) (2), 2.29 (a) (3), 2.29 (a) (4), 2.29 (b), 2.30 (a), 2.30 (b), 2.30 (d), 2.30 (d) (1), 2.31 (a), 2.31 (b), 2.31 (c) (1),

2.31 (c) (2), 2.31 (c) (3) (i), 2.31 (c) (3) (ii), 2.31 (e), 2.31 (f), 2.32 (a), 2.32 (a) (5), 2.32 (b), 2.33 (a), 2.33 (b), 2.33 (c), 2.33 (e), 2.33 (f), 2.33 (g), 2.33 (h), 2.33 (i), 2.33 (l), 2.33 (m), 2.33 (n), 2.33 (n) (2), 2.33 (n) (3), 2.33 (n) (4) (i), 2.33 (o), 2.33 (p), 2.33 (q), 2.34 (a), 2.35 (e), 2.35 (g), 2.35 (h), 2.35 (i), 2.35 (j) (k), 3.2 (a), 3.2 (a) (3), 3.3 (a), 3.3 (a) (5), 3.4 (a) (2), 3.6 (a), and 3.13 (a) are amended by deleting the phrase "or tubes" wherever it appears.

4. Section 2.1 (a) (1) (ii) is amended by deleting the phrase "or a tube which cannot be repaired."

5. The table in section 2.2 (c) is amended to read as follows:

Type of ration	Adjusted weekly mileage	Eligible for tires
Basic "A" only	12 miles a week	None.
Supplemental "B" occupational	Less than 48 miles a week	Grade III tire if applicant does not have a recyclable carcass.
Supplemental "B" occupational or "C" preferred	48 miles or more a week	At applicant's option a grade III or a grade I tire if he does not have a recyclable carcass.
Fleet passenger and bulk rations	Adjusted mileage	According to adjusted mileage for each vehicle.

6. Section 2.4 (a) (11) is amended by deleting the phrase "tube, or recapping service".

7. Sections 2.4 (b) and 2.4 (b) (1) are amended by deleting the phrase "or for a tube" wherever it appears.

8. Section 2.4 (b) (2) is amended by deleting the phrases "and new passenger-type tubes" and "and tubes".

9. Section 2.5 (b) is amended by deleting the phrases "new tubes or" and "or tubes" wherever they appear.

10. Sections 1.5 (a) (2), 2.6, 2.10 (b), 2.14 (a) (2), and 3.3 (a) (3), are hereby revoked.

11. Section 2.8 (b) is amended by deleting the phrases "or tubes", "passenger-type tubes", and "and truck-type tubes", and by inserting between the phrases "passenger-type tires" and "truck-type tires" the word "and".

12. Section 2.14 (a) (1) is amended by deleting the phrases "and tubes", "or tubes" and "and for tubes" wherever they appear.

13. Section 2.14 (a) (3) is amended to read as follows:

(3) *For allotment of tires.* OPA Form R-2 (Revised) authorizing an applicant to acquire an allotment of passenger-type tires and truck-type tires.

14. Section 2.16 (a) (1) is amended by deleting the phrases "the tubes or" and "or tubes".

15. Section 2.16 (a) (4) is amended to read as follows:

(4) *By the Director.* If the Director issues OPA Form R-2 (Revised) for an allotment of tires under section 2.7, he shall tear off and destroy parts A and C of such certificate. Parts B and D thereof shall be marked "passenger-type tires

prices for reclaimed rubber shall be one-quarter of a cent per pound higher than the prices determined under the provisions of paragraphs (b), (c), (e), or (f) above.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13860; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:49 a. m.]

PART 1335—CHEMICALS

[IMPR 543,¹ Amdt. 2]

CERTAIN BARIUM CHEMICALS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 543 is amended in the following respects:

1. By adding at the end of section 10 (a) (4) thereof the following sentence: "In the event an applicant under section 11 hereof is a producer of both barium carbonate and barium chloride, the Price Administrator may consider the factory costs of the combined carbonate-chloride operations."

2. By adding the following new subparagraphs to section 10 (a):

(7) "General administrative and selling expenses per unit" means general administrative and selling expenses per unit as they existed during the first six months of 1944, or as of the date an application for adjustment is filed, whichever is lower.

(8) "Total cost per unit" means factory cost per unit plus general administrative and selling expenses per unit.

3. By deleting from the first paragraph of section 11 thereof the following words: "since his current maximum price was established".

4. By amending section 11 (b) (4) thereof to read as follows:

(4) Notwithstanding limitations on the amount of adjustment heretofore indicated, no adjusted price shall exceed factory or total cost per unit if historically applicant has sold such barium chemical at not more than factory or total cost per unit.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13861; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:50 a. m.]

*Copies may be obtained from Office of Price Administration.

¹ 7 F. R. 1813, 2000, 2132, 7669, 8948; 8 F. R. 120, 8843; 9 F. R. 3852.

¹ 9 F. R. 7196; 7258.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

PART 1347—PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, RAW MATERIALS FOR PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING

[MPR 30, Amdt. 9]

WASTEPAPER

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of Amendment No. 9 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 30 has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 30 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1347.14 Appendix A: (a) (1) is amended to read as follows:

(1) List of grades and prices:

TABLE I

Grades	Column 1	Column 2
	Prices for wastepaper packed in machine compressed bales weighing not less than 500 pounds or packed in the optional manner provided in footnotes 3 and 7, whichever is applicable	Prices for wastepaper packed in any manner other than that specified in Column 2
No. 1 mixed paper ¹	\$14.00	\$19.00
No. 1 news ²	15.00	20.00
Overissue news ³	17.00	22.00
Old corrugated containers ⁴	23.00	28.00
Extra manillas ⁵	34.00	39.00
Mixed books ⁶	17.00	22.00
No. 1 heavy books and magazines ⁷	33.50	38.50
No. 1 mixed ledger (colored ledger) ⁸	35.00	40.00
No. 1 white ledger ⁹	41.00	46.00
Mill wrappers ¹⁰	17.00	22.00

TABLE II

Grades	Column 1	Column 2
	Prices for wastepaper packed in machine compressed bales or packed in the optional manner provided in footnotes 16 and 17	Prices for wastepaper packed in any manner other than that specified in Column 2
New corrugated cuttings ¹¹	\$13.00	\$18.00
Boxboard cuttings ¹²	9.50	14.50
White blank news ¹³	28.00	33.00
New manila envelope cuttings ¹⁴	48.00	53.00
One cut new manila envelope cuttings ¹⁵	52.50	57.50
Manila tabulating cards free from groundwood ¹⁶	40.00	45.00
Manila tabulating cards groundwood ¹⁷	22.00	27.00
No. 1 hard white shavings ¹⁸	52.50	57.50
Hard white envelope cuttings ¹⁹	57.50	62.50
One cut hard white envelope cuttings ²⁰	62.50	67.50

See footnotes at end of tables.

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹ 7 F.R. 972; ² 8 F.R. 3845, 6109, 7350, 7199, 7821, 13049, 17483; ³ 9 F.R. 6107, 8056.

TABLE II—Continued

Grades	Column 1	Column 2
Prices for wastepaper packed in machine compressed bales or packed in the optional manner provided in Column 2	Prices for wastepaper packed in any manner other than that specified in Column 2	Prices for wastepaper packed in machine compressed bales or packed in the optional manner provided in Column 2
No. 1 soft white shavings ²¹	\$45.00	\$50.00
One cut soft white shavings ²²	52.50	57.50
Miscellaneous soft white shavings ²³	38.00	43.00
No. 1 fly leaf shavings ²⁴	28.50	33.50
No. 1 groundwood fly leaf shavings ²⁵	20.00	25.00
No. 2 mixed colored groundwood shavings ²⁶	13.00	18.00
No. 1 assorted kraft (old kraft) ²⁷	30.00	35.00
Triple sorted No. 1 brown soft kraft ²⁸	45.00	50.00
Mixed kraft envelope and/or bag cuttings ²⁹	50.00	55.00
Kraft envelope cuttings ³⁰	60.00	65.00
New 100 percent kraft corrugated cuttings ³¹	40.00	45.00

²¹ "White blank news" consists of unprinted cuttings or sheets of white newsprint paper.

²² "New manila envelope cuttings" consist of new cuttings or sheets of unprinted manila paper of the quality used in the manufacture of manila envelopes.

²³ "One cut new manila envelope cuttings" consist of new one cut cuttings or sheets of unprinted manila paper of the quality used in the manufacture of manila envelopes.

²⁴ "Manila tabulating cards, free from groundwood" consist of new or used printed manila cards which have been manufactured for use in automatic tabulating machines. Must be free from groundwood except to the extent that groundwood is used in the furnish of manila cards which were free from groundwood prior to the present war. Lower qualities of this grade may include tabulating cards of similar stock having colors other than manila. Optional method of packing—bags or boxes.

²⁵ "Manila tabulating cards, groundwood" consist of new or used printed manila cards, containing groundwood, which have been manufactured for use in automatic tabulating machines. Lower qualities of this grade may include tabulating cards of similar stock having colors other than manila. Optional method of packing—bags or boxes.

²⁶ "No. 1 hard white shavings" consist of new bond or writing paper shavings of sulphite or rag fiber content, free from groundwood except to the extent that groundwood is used in the furnish of bond or writing papers of sulphite or rag fiber content which were free from groundwood prior to the present war. Lower qualities may contain rulings or light colored stock.

²⁷ "Hard white envelope cuttings" consist of new cuttings from bond or writing papers of the quality used in the manufacture of envelopes. The fiber content of the stock shall be sulphite, rag, or bleached sulphite, free from printed matter and free from groundwood except to the extent that groundwood is used in the furnish of bond or writing papers of the quality used in the manufacture of envelopes which were free from groundwood prior to the present war.

²⁸ "One ent hard white envelope cuttings" consist of new one cut cuttings from bond or writing papers of the quality used in the manufacture of envelopes. The fiber content of the stock shall be sulphite, rag, or bleached sulphite, free from printed matter and free from groundwood except to the extent that groundwood is used in the furnish of bond or writing papers of the quality used in the manufacture of envelopes which were free from groundwood prior to the present war.

²⁹ "No. 1 soft white shavings" consist of unprinted, all white shavings from book and similar printing papers, free from printed matter and containing not in excess of 10% of coated paper stock or heavily filled papers. Must be free from groundwood except to the extent that groundwood is used in the furnish of book and similar printing papers which were free from groundwood prior to the present war.

³⁰ "No. 1 cut soft white shavings" consist of unprinted, all white, one cut shavings from book and similar printing papers, free from printed matter but not limited with respect to coated or filled paper stock. Must be free from groundwood except to the extent that groundwood is used in the furnish of book and similar printing papers which were free from groundwood prior to the present war.

³¹ "Miscellaneous soft white shavings" consist of unprinted all white shavings from book and similar printing papers, free from printed matter but not limited with respect to coated or filled paper stock. Must be free from groundwood except to the extent that groundwood is used in the furnish of book and similar printing papers which were free from groundwood prior to the present war.

³² "No. 1 fly leaf shavings" consist of the trim of magazines, catalogs, and similar printed matter. It may contain the bleed of cover and insert stock but must be free from groundwood except to the extent that groundwood is used in the furnish of magazines, catalogs, and similar printed matter which were free from groundwood prior to the present war. Solid color and beater-dyed papers constitute a lower quality of this grade. Shavings of novel news or newsprint grades may not be included in the packing.

³³ "No. 1 groundwood fly leaf shavings" consist of the trim of magazines, catalogs, and similar printed matter, not limited with respect to groundwood, and may contain the bleed of cover and insert stock, but shall be free from beater-dyed papers, solid or other color printing, and coated stock.

³⁴ "No. 2 mixed colored groundwood shavings" consist of the trim of magazines, catalogs, and similar printed matter, not limited with respect to groundwood or coated stock, and may contain the bleed of cover and insert stock as well as beater-dyed papers and solid and other color printing.

³⁵ "No. 1 assorted kraft (old kraft)" consists of kraft paper waste, free from corrugated waste of any kind.

³⁶ "Triple sorted No. 1 brown soft kraft" consists of old, soft, natural color kraft papers completely free from papers other than those containing 100% sulphate fiber.

³⁷ "Mixed Kraft envelope and/or bag cuttings" consist of new cuttings from sulphite envelope or bag stock, free from groundwood and other non-sulphate fiber except to

the extent that groundwood or other non-sulphate fiber is used in the furnishing of sulphate envelope or bag-stock which was free from groundwood and other non-sulphate fiber prior to the present war.

"Kraft envelope cuttings" consist of new cuttings from kraft envelope stock, free from other fiber except to the extent that such other fiber is used in the furnishing of kraft envelope stock which was free from such other fiber prior to the present war.

"New 100% Kraft corrugated cuttings" consist of cuttings from new corrugated or solid fiber container stock of 100% sulphate fiber content. A lower quality of this grade consists of cuttings from new corrugated stock composed of two liners which are 100% sulphate fiber with a corrugated filler of other fiber. Unless both of the liners are of 100% sulphate fiber, the material must not be sold at a price in excess of the maximum price of "New corrugated cuttings."

This amendment shall become effective September 11, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13862; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:49 a. m.]

PART 1351—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[FPR 1.¹ Corr. to Amdt. 3 to Supp. 7]

PACKED FRUITS, BERRIES, AND VEGETABLES OF THE 1944 AND LATER PACKS

In Amendment 3 to Supplement 7 to Food Products Regulation No. 1, Item 2 is corrected to read as follows:

2. The table in section 1 (a) is amended by adding item 5 to read as follows:

Column 1 Item No.	Column 2 Product	Column 3 Section	Column 4	
			Sec-	Ap-
5.....	Apricots (California only).	5	16	B

This correction shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13863; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:50 a. m.]

PART 1356—DOMESTIC AND COMMERCIAL COOKING AND HEATING STOVES AND RANGES

[MPR 527, Amdt. 1]

USED DOMESTIC GAS COOKING RANGES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 527 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 6 (c) is amended to read as follows:

(c) Sales in the Western States and the Territory of Hawaii. An amount equal to 10% of the prices set forth in Appendix A and Appendix B may be

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹ 9 F.R. 9493, 9613, 10194, 10356, 10497, 10630, 10709, 10714.

added to those prices for sales in the Territory of Hawaii and in the following states: Arizona, New Mexico, California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Wyoming, and Montana.

2. Section 16 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 16. *Geographical applicability.* This regulation applies in the forty-eight states of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Territory of Hawaii.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13864; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:50 a. m.]

PART 1358—TOBACCO

[RMPR 440]

FLORIDA AND GEORGIA SHADE GROWN TOBACCO

Maximum Price Regulation No. 440¹ is redesignated Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 440, and is revised and amended to read as follows:

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this revised regulation has been issued and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 440—FLORIDA AND GEORGIA SHADE GROWN TOBACCO.

ARTICLE I—EXPLANATION OF THE REGULATION

Sec.

1. Explanation of the regulation.

2. Certain definitions.

ARTICLE II—PRICES AND PRICING METHODS

3. Maximum prices for purchases of unsized and unsorted Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco from growers.
4. Maximum prices for sales of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco by packers.
5. Maximum prices for sales of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco by jobbers.
6. Maximum prices for sales of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco by manufacturers.
7. Maximum prices for sellers unable to price under Sections 4, 5 or 6.
8. Customary discounts and allowances.
9. Adjustable pricing.

ARTICLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

10. Geographical applicability.
11. Export sales.
12. Records.
13. Compliance with regulation.
14. Petitions for amendment.
15. Applications for exemption of sales to or purchases from affiliates.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 1 to 15, inclusive, (§ 1358-253) issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681.

ARTICLE I—EXPLANATION OF THE REGULATION

SECTION 1. *Explanation of the regulation.* The purpose of this regulation is to establish maximum prices for purchases and sales of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco (Type No. 62). The regu-

lation applies to you if you are a grower, packer or jobber of this tobacco, or if you buy this tobacco from any grower, packer or jobber. It fixes maximum prices for sales and purchases of the tobacco in the continental United States. The maximum prices and pricing methods may be found in sections 3, 4, 5, and 6.

SEC. 2. *Certain definitions.* (a) When used in this regulation the term

(1) "Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco" means United States Type No. 62, as specified in Regulatory Announcement No. 118 of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, United States Department of Agriculture.

(2) "Grade" means a subdivision of the type of tobacco according to group and quality, and according to color when color is treated as a separate factor.

(3) "Size" means length of the leaf.

(4) "Priming" means a picking of tobacco.

(5) "Green weight" means the weight of the tobacco at its first weighing after being cured in a barn.

(6) "Selling weight" means the weight of the tobacco when invoiced.

(7) "1942 crop" means tobacco grown during the 1942 growing season.

(8) "1943 crop" means tobacco grown during the 1943 growing season.

(9) "Crop year" means the year in which the growing season occurs.

(10) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons, or a legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States Government, any other government, or any political subdivision or agency of the foregoing.

(11) "Packer" means a person who, with respect to the tobacco being priced, sweats, sorts, sizes, bales or otherwise processes such tobacco for use by a manufacturer of tobacco products. A manufacturer shall be deemed a packer of any tobacco with respect to which he performs, or causes to be performed for his account, any of these functions.

(12) "Jobber" means any person other than a packer or a manufacturer who, with respect to the tobacco being priced, purchases it in packed form and holds or offers such tobacco for resale.

(13) "Seller of the same class" means a seller of the same type (packer, jobber or manufacturer), performing the same primary function (packing, reselling or manufacturing), dealing in the same type of tobacco, and selling to the same class of purchaser.

(14) "Purchaser of the same class" means a purchaser of the same type (packer, jobber, manufacturer or Government agency) for whom the seller has adopted a practice of setting different prices depending upon the quantity purchased, the grades purchased, the area within which the purchaser is located, or other condition of sale.

(15) "Affiliate" means a person so related to another by reason of the method of or circumstances surrounding its organization or operation as to make it reasonable to believe that its affairs will be managed or operated in the interests of the other. Existence of common officers, directors, stockholders or members

ship, or the existence of common ownership through a holding company or companies, or voting trust or trusts, shall be deemed to create a rebuttable presumption of affiliation.

(16) "Initial credit terms" means terms fixing the time for payment of the purchase price agreed to by a seller and purchaser at or prior to delivery of the tobacco being priced.

(17) "Sell" includes sell, supply, dispose, barter, exchange, lease, transfer, deliver and contracts and offers to do any of the foregoing. The terms "sale", "selling", "sold", "seller", "buy", "purchase" and "purchaser" shall be construed accordingly.

(18) "Net delivered cost" means the amount you paid for the tobacco delivered at your customary receiving point, less all discounts except that for prompt payment. No charges for local hauling or trucking shall be included.

(19) "Records" means written evidence of transactions, including books of account, price lists, sales lists and slips, orders, vouchers, contracts, receipts, invoices, bills of lading, copies of letters requesting establishment of maximum prices, or reports to the Office of Price Administration, and other papers or documents necessary to determine prices charged or paid.

(b) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, shall apply to other terms used herein.

ARTICLE II—PRICES AND PRICING METHODS

SEC. 3. *Maximum prices for purchases of unsized and unsorted Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco from growers.* (a) If you are a purchaser, your weighted average purchase price during the marketing season for unsized and unsorted Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco of any particular year's crop shall not exceed \$1.23 per pound green weight.

The term "weighted average purchase price" means the total purchase price you paid for tobacco of a particular crop year divided by the number of pounds you purchased.

"Total purchase price" means (1) all compensation, including commissions and fees, paid to the seller or to another person at the seller's instance or request, and all profit or gain realized by a grower from a resale of his tobacco by any person; but (2) excludes all prices or charges paid or computed by you for tobacco grown on a farm owned or operated by you or an affiliate.

NOTE: Inability to make under-ceiling purchases will not excuse your exceeding the weighted average purchase price provided by this section. You are warned not to exceed \$1.23 per pound for any purchase without assurance of your ability to make subsequent purchases at prices permitting you to maintain the prescribed weighted average purchase price.

(b) If you are a purchaser of unsized and unsorted Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco, you shall, on or before September 15 of each crop year, file with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., a signed statement setting forth the total number of pounds of such

tobacco purchased by you and the total purchase price paid therefor. This statement shall exclude the number of pounds of tobacco grown on a farm owned or operated by you or your affiliates and all prices or charges paid or computed therefor.

SEC. 4. *Maximum prices for sales of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco by packers.* (a) *Maximum prices for sales of sized and sorted leaves fourteen inches or more in length.* (1) *Listed grades.* If you are a packer, your maximum price per pound, selling weight, for sized and sorted leaves fourteen inches or more in length of a particular grade listed in Table I shall be as follows:

TABLE I

Grade	Maximum price per pound	selling weight
Prime lights	\$3.50	
Light wrappers	2.75	
L. L.	2.25	
No. 2 Lights (slightly torn)	2.00	
L. C.	1.75	
K-2	.90	
Bright and fleshy lights	2.25	
"B" lights or medium lights	1.25	

(2) *Grades not listed.* If you are a packer, your maximum price per pound, selling weight, for sized and sorted leaves fourteen inches or more in length of a particular grade not listed in Table I shall be:

(i) The highest price you charged a purchaser of the same class for the same size and grade of tobacco of the 1942 crop; or

(ii) If your maximum price for a size and grade cannot be determined under (i), your maximum price shall be the highest price charged by a seller of the same class to a purchaser of the same class for the same size and grade of tobacco of the 1942 crop; or

(iii) If your maximum price for a size and grade cannot be determined under (i) or (ii), your maximum price shall be the highest price you charged a purchaser of the same class for the most closely comparable size and grade of tobacco of the 1942 crop; or

(iv) If your maximum price for a size and grade cannot be determined under (i), (ii) or (iii), your maximum price shall be the highest price charged by a seller of the same class to a purchaser of the same class for the most closely comparable size and grade of tobacco of the 1942 crop.

(b) *Maximum prices for sales of sized and sorted leaves less than fourteen inches in length.* If you are a packer, your weighted average selling price for all your sales of sized and sorted leaves less than fourteen inches in length of any year's crop shall not, at any time, exceed \$1.25 per pound, selling weight.

NOTE: This provision does not permit you to charge more than \$1.25 per pound for a sale of sized and sorted leaves less than fourteen inches in length of any year's crop unless you have previously sold at prices under \$1.25 per pound enough sized and sorted leaves less than fourteen inches in length of the same year's crop to maintain your weighted average selling price at that amount.

The term "weighted average selling price" means the gross dollar-and-cent amount you charged for sized and sorted

leaves less than fourteen inches in length of the particular year's crop divided by the total number of pounds of such leaves you sold. The gross dollar-and-cent amount charged shall include all commissions, fees or other compensation paid by or for the purchaser to another person at your instance or request.

(c) *Maximum prices for sales of sorted and unsized tobacco.* (1) *Listed grades.* If you are a packer, your maximum price per pound, selling weight, for sorted and unsized tobacco of a grade listed in Table II shall be as follows:

TABLE II

Grade	Maximum price per pound
XL	\$0.75
Broken backs	1.35
Green Lights	1.50
XL'	.25
Loose leaves	.10

(2) *Grades not listed.* If you are a packer, your maximum price per pound, selling weight, for sorted and unsized tobacco of a grade not listed in Table II shall be:

(i) The highest price you charged a purchaser of the same class for the same grade of sorted and unsized tobacco of the 1942 crop; or

(ii) If your maximum price for a grade cannot be determined under (i), your maximum price shall be the highest price charged by a seller of the same class to a purchaser of the same class for the same grade of sorted and unsized tobacco of the 1942 crop; or

(iii) If your maximum price for a grade cannot be determined under (i) or (ii), your maximum price shall be the highest price you charged a purchaser of the same class for the most closely comparable grade of sorted and unsized tobacco of the 1942 crop; or

(iv) If your maximum price for a grade cannot be determined under (i), (ii) or (iii), your maximum price shall be the highest price charged by a seller of the same class to a purchaser of the same class for the most closely comparable grade of sorted and unsized tobacco of the 1942 crop.

(d) *Maximum prices for sales of string grades.* If you are a packer, your maximum price per pound, selling weight, for string grades listed in Table III shall be as follows:

TABLE III

Grade	Maximum price per pound	selling weight
No. 1 String wrappers (lights and thinner)	\$2.00	
No. 2 String wrappers (medium and heavier)	1.60	
String throwouts	.40	
String tops	.40	

SEC. 5. *Maximum prices for sales of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco by jobbers.* (a) If you are a jobber, your maximum price per pound, selling weight, for a grade, or for a priming sold sorted or unsorted (whether the tobacco being priced be sized or unsized) shall be determined as follows:

(1) Determine the highest price per pound you charged for this tobacco of the 1942 crop of the same grade (and size, if sized), or of the same priming and condition sold by you during the period

October 1, 1942 through May 31, 1943 to a purchaser of the same class. If you did not sell tobacco of the 1942 crop of the same grade (and size, if sized), or of the same priming and condition, to a purchaser of the same class during the period October 1, 1942 through May 31, 1943, you shall determine the highest price per pound you charged for the most closely comparable tobacco of the 1942 crop sold to a purchaser of the same class during that period.

(2) Subtract from the price you determined in (1) your net delivered cost per pound for that tobacco of the 1942 crop; and

(3) Add the figure you obtain in (2) to your net delivered cost per pound of the tobacco being priced.

(b) If your maximum price for the tobacco to be priced cannot be determined under (a) above, your maximum price shall be the maximum price of your most closely competitive jobber to a purchaser of the same class for tobacco of the same crop year and of the same grade (and size, if sized), or of the same priming and condition.

SEC. 6. Maximum prices for sales of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco by manufacturers. If you are a manufacturer, your maximum prices for sales of this tobacco packed by you shall be determined in the manner provided in section 4, as if you were a packer. If you resell in packed form tobacco purchased by you in packed form, your maximum price shall be your net delivered cost per pound for the tobacco.

SEC. 7. Maximum prices for sellers unable to price under sections 4, 5 or 6. If you are required to price under section 4, 5, or 6, but cannot determine your maximum price for a sale of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco to a purchaser, you shall apply by letter to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., requesting that a maximum price be established for the sale. The application should state (a) the name and address of the purchaser; (b) a description of the tobacco sufficient to identify it for pricing purposes; and (c) the reasons for your inability to determine a maximum price under sections 4, 5 or 6.

After receipt of the application, the Office of Price Administration will, by order, establish a maximum price, or prescribe a method of determining it. Until a maximum price is established or a method of determining it prescribed, you may deliver the tobacco, but you may not receive payment.

SEC. 8. Customary discounts and allowances. If you are a seller, you shall continue to grant your customary discounts and allowances with respect to sales of the 1942 crop to the particular purchaser. If you made no sales of the 1942 crop to that purchaser, you shall continue to grant your customary discounts and allowances on sales by you of the 1942 crop to purchasers of the same class. If you made no sales of the 1942 crop, you shall grant the discounts and allowances customarily allowed on

sales of the 1942 crop by a seller of the same class to purchasers of the same class.

SEC. 9. Adjustable pricing. You may agree to sell this tobacco at a price which can be increased up to the maximum price in effect at the time of delivery, but you may not, unless authorized by the Office of Price Administration, deliver or agree to deliver at prices to be adjusted upward in accordance with action taken by it after delivery. Such authorization may be given when a request to establish a maximum price or for a change in a maximum price is pending, but only if the authorization is necessary to promote distribution and if it will not interfere with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. The authorization may be given by the Administrator or by any official of the Office of Price Administration having authority to establish the price or to act upon the pending request for a change in price. The authority above will be given by order except that it may be given by letter or telegram when the contemplated action will be the granting of an individual application for establishment of a maximum price.

ARTICLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 10. Geographical applicability. The provisions of this regulation shall be applicable in the forty-eight states of the United States and the District of Columbia.

SEC. 11. Export sales. The maximum prices at which you may export tobacco covered by this regulation shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Second Revised Maximum Export Regulation,² issued by the Office of Price Administration.

SEC. 12 Records. If you buy or sell any tobacco covered by this regulation, you must keep and make available for examination by the Office of Price Administration for as long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect, records showing the prices you charged, received or paid in those sales and the manner in which they were figured (which records may be of the same kind as you have customarily kept if your customary records supply that information). Specifically, those records shall show:

(a) The date of each sale or purchase, the date of delivery, the name of the seller or purchaser, the total number of pounds of each grade purchased or sold, the prices paid or received for each grade purchased or sold, and the amount of any discounts, commission, fee or other compensation allowed or paid to or by you in the transaction.

(b) With respect to any sale of tobacco covered by this regulation for which a specific dollar-and-cent ceiling is not provided, all data used as a basis for determining maximum prices in the manner provided by this regulation.

SEC. 13. Compliance with regulation—(a) No buying or selling above maximum

prices. On and after the effective date of this regulation, regardless of any contract, agreement, or other obligation, you shall not

(1) Buy or receive unsized and unsorted Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco at a price above the appropriate maximum price established by this regulation.

(2) Sell or deliver, or buy or receive in the course of trade or business, sized and sorted leaves fourteen inches or more in length, sorted and unsized leaves, or string grades of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco at a price in excess of the appropriate maximum price established by this regulation.

(3) Sell or deliver any leaves less than fourteen inches in length of sized and sorted Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco at a price in excess of the appropriate maximum price established by this regulation.

(4) Agree, offer, solicit or attempt to do any of the foregoing.

However, you may charge, demand, pay or offer prices lower than the maximum prices fixed by this regulation.

(b) *Evasion.* (1) The provisions of this regulation shall not be evaded, whether by direct or indirect methods, in connection with an offer, solicitation, agreement, sale, delivery, purchase or receipt of, or relating to Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco, alone or in conjunction with any other commodity, or by way of any commission, service, transportation or other charge or discount, premium or other privilege, or by tying agreement or other trade understanding or otherwise.

(2) Specifically, but not exclusively, the following practices in the marketing of Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco are prohibited:

(i) You shall not sell or buy this tobacco other than as a grade or in a condition for which maximum prices are or may be established under sections 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7.

(ii) If you are a seller, you shall not alter or deviate from the grading practices observed by you with respect to the 1942 crop, normal variations excepted.

(iii) If you are a seller, you shall not eliminate or reduce the initial credit terms allowed by you on sales of the 1942 crop to a particular purchaser or, if you made no sales of the 1942 crop to the particular purchaser, you shall not eliminate or reduce the initial credit terms allowed by you on sales of the 1942 crop to purchasers of the same class.

(iv) If you are a seller, you shall not eliminate or reduce any commission, allowance, fee or other compensation customarily paid by you on similar sales of the 1942 crops.

(v) If you are a seller, you shall not sell Florida and Georgia shade grown tobacco purchased by you from an affiliate at a higher price than that which you paid the affiliate for the same tobacco.

(c) *Penalties for violation.* If you violate any provisions of this regulation, you are subject to the criminal penalties,

² 8 F.R. 4132, 5987, 7662, 9998, 15193.

* 8 F.R. 13240.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

civil enforcement actions, license suspension proceedings, and suits for treble damages provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

(d) *Licensing.* The provisions of Licensing Order No. 1,³ licensing all persons who make sales under price control, apply to you if you are a seller subject to this regulation. A seller's license may be suspended for violations of the license or of a price schedule or a regulation. If your license is suspended you may not, during the period of suspension, make any sale for which your license has been suspended.

SEC. 14. Petitions for amendment. If you seek a general modification of this regulation, you may file a petition for amendment as provided in Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1,⁴ issued by the Office of Price Administration.

SEC. 15. Application for exemption of sales to and purchases from affiliates. (a) If you are engaged in the business of manufacturing tobacco products and purchase this tobacco for your own use from an affiliate, you may, jointly with your affiliate, apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., for permission to make those sales and purchases without regard to the maximum prices established by this regulation if:

(1) Sales and purchases for which you seek such permission will be made in accordance with the business practices established by you and your affiliate prior to March 31, 1942, and since observed. Those practices must include, but are not limited to, purchases by you of all this tobacco sold by your affiliate, except insignificant portions or by-products;

(2) Compliance with the maximum price limitations established by this regulation requires or threatens to require substantial changes in the standard accounting practices used by you and your affiliate prior to and since March 31, 1942, as applied to the records of your transactions with such affiliates; and

(3) The tobacco to be sold and purchased is to be used by you solely in the manufacture of tobacco products for which maximum prices are established by a regulation issued by the Office of Price Administration.

(b) *Form of application.* The application must be in writing, signed by you and your affiliate, and must state all information necessary to substantiate the existence of the conditions required in (a) above. After receipt of your application, the Office of Price Administration may, by order, grant the requested permission if, in its judgment, that action will not interfere with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. This permission, if granted, may be revoked at any time.

(c) Permission granted under this section may not be used as justification for any increase in maximum prices established for manufactured tobacco products.

This regulation shall become effective at 12:01 a. m. September 8, 1944.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been ap-

proved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, JR.,
Acting Administrator.

Approved: September 5, 1944.

MARVIN JONES,
War Food Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13782; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
12:01 p. m.]

PART 1381—SOFTWOOD LUMBER

[RMPR 26; Amdt. 10]

DOUGLAS FIR AND OTHER WEST COAST LUMBER

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation 26 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 16 (d) is amended to read as follows:

(d) *Combination grades.* Lumber sold on combination grades may not be sold above the maximum price for the lowest grade in the combination. For example, the maximum price for lumber sold as No. 2 and better is the maximum price fixed for No. 2. It is, however, permissible to quote with specified higher or lower grades developed to be shipped at the respective maximum price for each grade actually developed. Where shipments are made in this manner, each piece (or bundle if bundled) shall bear some symbol of grade identification, and each grade shall be separately invoiced and the identification symbol used on the lumber shall be shown opposite the respective grade on the invoice. Alternatively, shipper may separate grades in loading and clearly identify by symbol the grade of each separate lot in the shipment and on the invoice. Shop grades when sold to millwork manufacturers and items priced in Tables 16, 17, 18 and 19 when sold for direct mill shipment and only where final delivery is to railroad car builders, railroad car and equipment repair shops, railroad companies, or other operators, builders, or repairers of essential transportation or communication facilities are exempt from the requirements of this paragraph insofar as it pertains to the use of grade symbols on lumber and invoices.

2. In section 23, Table 10, the price of 1 x 12", D—Flat or Mixed Grain, is changed from \$45 to \$49.

3. In section 23, Table 11, footnote 5 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) For random lengths where a specified average of not over 20' nor under 14' is required, the price shall be the 4/20' R/L price plus the specified length addition applicable to the length specified as an average. If the average required is longer than 20' the price shall be the 4/20' R/L price plus 75% of the specified length addition applicable to the

length specified as an average. No addition may be made for the elimination of shorts in either case.

4. In section 23, Table 12, footnote 7 (b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) For random lengths in any specified range with an average length 14' or longer required, the price shall be the appropriate bracket price (the bracket in which the average falls) plus 75% of the specified length addition for the length specified as an average. No addition is permissible under Footnote 4.

If an average less than 14' is specified or when a definite average is not specified on order at time of placement, the lengths shipped must be priced at the bracket price in which they fall.

5. In section 25, *General notes*, Notes XVI, XIX, and XXII are amended to read as follows:

XVI. Extra Standard Surfacing: When required by buyer, surfacing standard nominal rough sizes, as shown in WCLA Grading and Dressing Rules No. 12, thicker or wider than A. L. S. finished sizes, add \$2.00 per M except that this charge may not be made where surfacing is "Hit and Miss" or where machine is set for both width and thickness to full nominal rough size as shown in WCLA Grading and Dressing Rules No. 12.

NOTE: Wherever the application of this note would conflict with a footnote under any price table, the table footnote governs.

XIX. For stenciling when required by the buyer, on 10 percent or more pieces, bundles or packages, of any shipment, to an extent beyond grade marking and/or the simple identification of pieces or lots, add fifty cents per M feet to price of items on which stenciling is required. This charge may not be made for grade marking or for grade or lot identification even though a stencil is employed for such marking.

XXII. For any surfacing that does not remove the item surfaced from being classified as rough lumber, no charge may be made for surfacing if rough weight is used. Alternatively, mill may charge for surfacing (where table permits) but in doing so freight charges must be estimated on net surfaced size under Shipping Weight Formula for Sizes Not Listed.

6. In Article VI the parenthetical expression under paragraph (c) is amended to read as follows:

[Prices stated are per M'BM (or per M'SM where provided for in the list) FAS vessel at mill's customary loading point. All transportation costs and other charges (if any) incident to placing lumber FAS vessel at mill's customary loading point are for the account of the mill. Where delivery is required at a point other than mill's customary loading point, deduct from the prices in this Article VI the transportation cost and other charges (if any) which would be incurred if the same lumber were sold FAS vessel at mill's customary loading point; then add actual transportation costs necessary to place lumber f. o. b. car or f. o. b. barge at such non-customary loading point, thus arriving at f. o. b. car or f. o. b. barge prices at delivery point other than mill's customary loading point. The wharfage and other charges incurred if price is FAS vessel (instead of f. o. b.) other than mill's customary loading point may be added. All such charges shall be shown in detail on the invoice.]

7. In Article VII, Tables of Estimated Weights, wherever the term "rough or S1E" appears, it is amended to read: "rough, S1E or S2E to A. L. S. or heavier."

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹9 F.R. 1016, 3513, 4227, 7505, 9720.

This amendment shall become effective September 8, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13856; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:57 a. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RO 10¹ Amdt. 23]

FOOD RATIONING REGULATIONS FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

A rationale accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Ration Order 10 is amended in the following respects:

1. The table in § 1407.687 is amended to read as follows:

Ration period	Stamp valid during ration period (Book 1)	Weight value of stamp (pounds of cornmeal)
Aug. 21 to Aug. 27	No. 20	1
Aug. 28 to Sept. 3	No. 21	1
Sept. 4 to Sept. 10	No. 22	1
Sept. 11 to Sept. 17	No. 23	1
Sept. 18 to Sept. 24	No. 24	1
Sept. 25 to Oct. 1	No. 25	1
Oct. 2 to Oct. 8	No. 26	1
Oct. 9 to Oct. 15	No. 27	1
Oct. 16 to Oct. 22	No. 28	1

2. Section 1407.704 (a) is amended by changing the phrase "eight (8)" to read "four (4)".

This amendment shall become effective as of August 21, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JACOB A. ROBLES,
Territorial Director,
Virgin Islands.

Approved:

GERALD A. BARRETT,
Acting Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13865; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:51 a. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[Rev. RO 13² Amdt. 53]

PROCESSED FOODS

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and

*7 F.R. 6887, 8523, 8607, 10707; 8 F.R. 1394, 3315, 3843, 4190, 4892, 5268, 7017; 9 F.R. 2233, 2478, 2656, 2746, 3652.

²9 F.R. 3, 104, 574, 695, 765, 848, 1397, 1727, 1817, 1908, 2233, 2234, 2240, 2440, 2567, 2791, 3032, 3073, 3513, 3579, 3708, 3710, 3944, 3947, 4026, 4351, 4475, 4604, 4818, 4876, 5074, 5436, 5695, 5829, 6234, 6235, 6647, 6951, 7080, 7081, 7202, 7257, 7345, 7437, 7773, 8793, 9169, 9954, 10087, 10636.

has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Revised Ration Order 13 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 15.12 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 15.12 *Tokens may not be used after certain dates.* Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section of this order:

(a) On or after September 17, 1944, no retailer, wholesaler, country shipper, or processor may use tokens to give change to consumers or to industrial or institutional users.

(b) On or after September 17, 1944, no retailer, wholesaler, country shipper, or processor may acquire tokens from any ration bank.

(c) Between September 17 and September 30, 1944, inclusive, consumers may give (but not sell) tokens to other consumers without acquiring processed foods therefor, for the purpose of making up quantities of ten, or multiples of ten, for the acquisition of processed foods.

(d) On or after October 1, 1944, no consumer may use tokens to buy or acquire processed foods.

(e) On or after October 10, 1944, no person at all may use tokens to buy or acquire processed foods.

(f) On or after October 10, 1944, no person may deposit tokens in any ration bank account or exchange tokens for stamps, certificates, ration coupons or ration checks.

2. Section 15.13 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 15.13 *Special provisions for exchanging and depositing tokens between October 1 and October 9, 1944.* Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section of this order:

(a) Between October 1 and October 9, 1944, inclusive, any person, other than a consumer, may surrender tokens, in quantities of less than 250, to his board and receive certificates or ration coupons in exchange.

(b) Between October 1 and October 9, 1944, inclusive, any retailer, wholesaler, country shipper, or processor who has a ration bank account, may deposit tokens in that account, in quantities of less than 250, in sealed envelopes (OPA Form R-132). He must write on the face of the envelope his business name and address, that the tokens are deposited under the processed foods rationing program, and the number of tokens enclosed. He must also sign his name on the face of the envelope. His signature shall constitute a certification as to the truth of the statements written on the envelope.

This amendment shall become effective September 8, 1944.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507 and 729, 77th Cong., E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280,

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

7 F.R. 10179; WPB Directive 1, 7 F.R. 562; WFO No. 56, 8 F.R. 2005, 9 F.R. 4319, and WFO No. 58, 8 F.R. 2251, 9 F.R. 4319)

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13869; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
12:07 p. m.]

PART 1426—WOOD PRESERVATION AND PRIMARY FOREST PRODUCTS

[MPR 536¹ Amdt. 1]

WESTERN FENCE POSTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation 536 is amended in the following respects:

1. In section 3, paragraphs (b) (1) (i) and (b) (2) (i), paragraph (c), and paragraph (d) (1) (i) and (d) (2) (i), where the phrase "maximum price" occurs, it is changed to read "f. o. b. railroad car maximum price".

2. In section 3 (d) the first paragraph is amended to read as follows:

(d) *Maximum prices for retail yard sales.* A "retail yard" under this regulation is a wholesale or retail lumber yard or other retail business which maintains a stock of lumber, building material or other material in addition to fence posts; which gets fence posts from producers, concentrators, or wholesalers; unloads, stores, and resells them to consumers; which sells mostly for local delivery by truck; and which has been located at its particular site in order to be near a consuming area. The maximum prices for retail yard sales of fence posts, treated or untreated, shall be determined as follows:

3. In section 4, in the first textual paragraph, the last sentence is amended to read "If a delivered price on posts is to be quoted see section 5 for the permitted transportation addition; for transportation additions on split redwood stakes see special rules in paragraph (b) of this section 4."

4. In section 4, immediately above the heading of Table 1, the following is inserted: "(a) *Fence posts.*"

5. In section 4, Table 1, the column heading "F. o. b. cars railroad loading-out point (price per 100 pcs.)" is amended to read "F. o. b. railroad cars railroad loading-out point (price per 100 pcs.)".

6. In section 4, Table 2, the column heading "F. o. b. cars railroad loading-out point (price per post)" is amended to read "F. o. b. railroad cars railroad loading-out point (price per post)".

7. In section 4, Table 3 is deleted and in its place a new paragraph (b) is added, to read as follows:

¹9 F.R. 5592.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

(b) Split redwood stakes.

TABLE 3—No. 1 SPLIT REDWOOD STAKES—ROUGH GREEN
[As per paragraph 169 Standard Specifications for
grades of California redwood lumber]

[Basing point: Scotia, Calif.]

RAIL SHIPMENT

Size	Length (feet)	F. o. b., rail- road cars, railroad load- ing-out point (price per M pieces)	Estimated weights (pounds per M pieces)
2' x 2"	3	\$35	4,000
2' x 2"	4	45	5,333
2' x 2"	5	60	6,666
2' x 2"	6	70	8,000
2' x 2"	7	85	9,333
2' x 2"	8	95	10,666
2' x 2"	9	115	12,000
2' x 2"	10	135	13,333
2' x 2"	12	150	16,000
2' x 3"	6	100	12,000
2' x 3"	7	115	14,000

Transportation additions. Since these prices are for rail shipment only, transportation additions are to be figured according to section 5 (a).

TABLE 4—No. 1 SPLIT REDWOOD STAKES—ROUGH GREEN
[As per paragraph 169 Standard Specifications for grades of California redwood lumber]

[Basing point: Scotia, Calif.]

TRUCK SHIPMENT

Size	Length (feet)	F. o. b. trucks, truck loading point (price per M pieces)	Truck trans- portation addition per mile per M stakes
2' x 2"	3	\$33.50	\$0.045
2' x 2"	4	43.00	.06
2' x 2"	5	57.50	.075
2' x 2"	6	67.00	.09
2' x 2"	7	81.00	.105
2' x 2"	8	91.00	.12
2' x 2"	9	110.00	.135
2' x 2"	10	129.00	.15
2' x 2"	12	143.50	.18
2' x 3"	6	95.50	.135
2' x 3"	7	110.00	.1575

NOTES

Truckers' sales—1. Transportation addition. In the case of split redwood stakes hauled by truck, the permissible transportation addition shall be computed by multiplying the amounts per mile per M stakes in Table 4 by the actual highway mileage from the basing point (Scotia, California) to the point of delivery.

2. To retailers, delivered to yard. The maximum price on sales by truckers delivered to a retail yard is the f. o. b. truck loading point price in table 4 plus transportation addition conforming to Note 1.

3. Delivered to consumers. A trucker who buys split redwood stakes from producers and hauls them to the consuming area may add a mark-up of 15 percent to the producers' f. o. b. truck price (exclusive of transportation) in Table 4 when he makes delivery to the final user. This mark-up may be made regardless of whether the trucker sells the stakes to a retail yard and makes delivery to the user on their order or sells the stakes direct to the user. Note, however, that the retail yard delivery charges permitted by section 3 (d) (4) may not be made.

Producer-consumer sales—4. On f. o. b. truck sales to a consumer who hauls stakes from the production point the producer may add 5 percent to the prices in this table 4.

8. In section 5, in the first textual paragraph, the phrase "in paragraph (d) of this section" is changed to read "in section 4 (b)".

9. In section 5 (a) (1), in last sentence, the word "tables" is substituted in place of "appendices".

10. Section 5 (d) is deleted.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13857; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:58 a. m.]

(56 Stat. 23, 765, 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681).

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13867; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:49 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[RMPR 165, Supp. Service Reg. 35]

RECLAIMED RUBBER

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this Supplementary Service Regulation No. 35, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 2.12 (p) is added to read as follows:

(p) Flat woven Navajo type rugs produced on hand looms from domestic wool.

This amendment shall become effective on the 13th day of September 1944.

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13866; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:52 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[RMPR 165, Amdt. 1 to Rev. Supp. Service Reg. 30]

DETERMINATION OF MAXIMUM COMMISSIONS OF EXCLUSIVE SALES AGENCIES

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 1499.2263 (a) is amended by adding thereto an undesignated paragraph to read as follows:

If during October 1943 you were the exclusive sales agent for all sales made from a mine and you are now the exclusive sales agent for the same mine you have the option of determining your maximum commission by one of the following methods. (1) You may determine your October 1943 commission in cents per net ton as set forth in the first paragraph of this paragraph (a) or (2) you may determine your maximum commission in cents per ton by calculating the weighted average of maximum October 1943 commissions on all sales of all sizes of coal from the same mine. Once you have made an election between method one and two you cannot change unless authorized to do so by the Price Administrator.

This amendment shall become effective September 13, 1944.

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

§ 1499.2270 Modification of maximum prices established by Revised Maximum Price Regulation 165 for the service of processing scrap rubber into reclaimed rubber. The maximum price which any seller may charge for the service of processing scrap rubber furnished by the buyer into reclaimed rubber, shall be one-quarter of a cent per pound of reclaimed rubber more than the maximum price established for such seller under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 165.

This Supplementary Service Regulation No. 35 shall become effective September 13, 1944.

(56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 8th day of September 1944.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13868; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:49 a. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Office of the Secretary.

[WLD 32]

ROCHESTER COAL INDUSTRY, INC.

FINDINGS AS TO CONTRACT IN PROSECUTION OF WAR

In the matter of Rochester Coal Industry, Inc. Rochester, New York, (Case No. S-1247).

Pursuant to section 2 (b) (3) of the War Labor Disputes Act (Pub. Law 89, 78th Cong., 1st sess.) and the Directive of the President dated August 10, 1943 published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, August 14, 1943, and

Having been advised of the existence of a labor dispute involving Local No. 291 of the Coal and Coke Truckmen, Drivers and Helpers' Union, and the concerns which are members of Rochester Coal Industry, Inc., and are engaged in transpor-

tation of coal in and around Rochester, New York;

I find that transportation of coal by any such concern, pursuant to any contract whether or not with the United States, to or from any plant, mine, or facility equipped for manufacturing, producing or mining any articles or materials which may be required or useful in connection with the prosecution of the war, or to or from any establishment engaged in wholesaling or storing any such articles or materials, is contracted for in the prosecution of the war within the meaning of section 2 (b) (3) of the War Labor Disputes Act.

Signed at Washington, D. C. this 8th day of September 1944.

D. W. TRACY,
Acting Secretary of Labor.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13846; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:35 a. m.]

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY.

Food and Drug Administration.

[Docket No. FDC 29 (b)]

CREAM CHEESE

PROPOSAL TO AMEND DEFINITION AND STANDARD OF IDENTITY

In the matter of a proposal to amend the definition and standard of identity for cream cheese. (Docket No. FDC 12-29).

It is proposed that by virtue of the authority vested in the Federal Security Administrator by provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Secs. 401, 701; 52 Stat. 1046, 1055, 21 U.S.C. 341, 371, 1940 ed.); the Reorganization Act of 1939 (53 Stat. 561 ff, 5 U.S.C. 133-133v (Supp. V, 1939)); and Reorganization Plans No. I (53 Stat. 1423) and No. IV (54 Stat. 1234)); and upon the basis of evidence of record at the above-entitled hearing duly held pursuant to the notice issued on March 18, 1944 (9 F.R. 3042, R. Exh. 1, p. 4), the following order be made:

*Findings of fact.*¹ 1. The fat and moisture content of cream cheese, conforming to the existing standard, varies considerably, the fat content ranging from about 33% to 49%, and the moisture content ranging from about 55% to 41%.² (R. Exh. 9, p. 360; Exh. 10, p.

¹ The page references to certain relevant portions of the record are for the convenience of the reader; however, the findings of fact are not based solely on that portion of the record to which reference is made, but on consideration of all the evidence in the record.

² On December 22, 1942 an order was promulgated by the Federal Security Administrator establishing the definition and standard of identity for cream cheese, which among other things, fixes a minimum milk fat content of 33% and a maximum moisture content of 55% for such product and prescribes the process of manufacture. The standard does not prescribe a maximum limit for fat content, nor a minimum limit for moisture content. (7 F.R. 10758, 10759, Sec. 19.515, Title 21 CFR, Cum. Supp. Sec. 19.515, R. Exh. 2, p. 6.) The enforcement of the standard was stayed pending the termination

386; Exh. 17, p. 861; Exh. 18, p. 885; 381-383, 519-530, 532-533, 536-537, 541-542, 265-266; Record of previous hearing 651-652, 1916-1917, incorporated at 1035-1036; Record of previous hearing 2174-2178, incorporated at 259).

2. Cream cheese conforming to the existing standard is made by either the "cold pack" or "hot pack" process as described in findings 9, 11, and 24 promulgated with the standard (7 F.R. 10755, 10756, R. Exh. 2, p. 6).

3. Cream cheese consists essentially of moisture, milk fat, and nonfat solids. The nonfat solids consist of the casein of the milk or cream in the starting mix which has been coagulated in the manufacturing process, lactic acid formed during such process, soluble components of milk and cream, salt added for seasoning, and gum or other moisture-retaining agent. (R. 234-236, 440, 497, 602, 664; findings 3, 9 promulgated in connection with the existing standard. 7 F.R. 10755, Exh. 2, p. 6)

4. The physical characteristics of cream cheese made by the cold pack method result from the amount of fat, moisture and nonfat solids contained in the finished product, the characteristics of such nonfat solids, and the manufacturing technique employed. Since the characteristics of nonfat solids vary, different batches of cream cheese of similar fat and moisture content may exhibit substantial differences in taste, texture and manner of spreading. (R. 436, 419, 476, 496-497, 598-599, 602-603)

5. Quantitative differences in fat and moisture content of cream cheeses manufactured by the cold pack process result from the use of starting mixes containing different quantities of fat (see finding 11 promulgated with the standard) and the extent to which the whey has been removed in draining the curd. The quantity of fat in the starting mix fixes within narrow limits the percentage of fat in the dry matter of the resulting curd. By the use of a starting mix of an appropriate fat content and removing a predetermined quantity of whey, the manufacturer can produce cream cheese containing the proportions of fat and moisture he desires. (R. 341, 892, 671, 690-693, 407-416; Exh. 7, p. 260; Exh. 11, p. 412; Record of previous hearing 2174-2178, incorporated at 260)

6. Cream cheese containing about 33% fat and 55% moisture can be manufactured from a starting mix containing about 10% fat, depending upon the characteristics of the milk and cream in the starting mix. By using such starting mix, no undue difficulty is encountered in making cream cheese by the methods prescribed in the standard containing the minimum quantity of fat and the maximum quantity of moisture permitted by the standard. Cream cheese of such fat and moisture content contains approximately 73% of fat in its solids, and was occasionally marketed before the promulgation of the standard. (R. 361-370, 372-373, 375-376, 378, 381-383, 407-416, 419, 659-660, 690-691; 191, 193-

of judicial proceedings to review the order. (See *Columbia Cheese Co. et al. v. McNutt*, Federal Security Administrator, 187 F. (2d) 576, Certiorari denied, 64 S. Ct. 618, February 28, 1944.)

194, 261-263, 892, 22; Exh. 7, p. 260; Exh. 11, p. 412; Exh. 9, pp. 359-360; Exh. 4, p. 77; Record of previous hearing 651-652, 791-792, 1916-1917, incorporated at 1035-1036; Record of previous hearing 2174-2178, incorporated at 259).

7. The manufacture of cream cheese of predetermined fat and moisture content is less difficult by the hot pack process than by the cold pack process, since in the manufacture of hot pack cream cheese the maker can and usually does start with a cold pack cream cheese of known fat and moisture content and can adjust the fat and moisture by the addition of fixed quantities of milk or cream or both. (See finding 27 promulgated with the standard, 7 F.R. 10756, R. Exh. 2, p. 6) (R. 442-443, 148, 259).

8. Cream cheese containing about 36% to 39% of fat and about 51% to 55% of moisture, with about 77% to 80% of fat in the dry matter, is generally considered to be of better quality than cream cheese of the composition described in finding 6. (R. 97, 104-106, 261-262, 279, 909-910, 297-306, 856-869, 618-619, 722-723, 191-192, 202-203, 209, 212-213, 733-734; Exh. 17, p. 861; Exh. 8, p. 355; Record of previous hearing, 1917, incorporated at 1036).

9. The consistency of cream cheese is related to the texture of the product and the manner in which it spreads. Smoothness or texture and ease of spreading are properties desired by some consumers. A good quality cream cheese is neither very soft nor very firm. While the proportion of fat in the dry matter in cream cheese made by the cold pack process is a material factor in controlling texture and manner of spreading, this proportion in cream cheese of like fat and moisture made by the hot pack process is not as important in this respect, since the hot pack process, unlike the cold pack process, affords an opportunity to manipulate the curd so as to obtain the desired consistency. (R. 119, 138-140, 209, 942-943, 277, 385-389, 394-418, 419-421, 424-425, 445, 500-501, 682-683, 694-697; Exh. 10, p. 386; Exh. 11, p. 412)

10. The consistency of soft uncured cheese sold as cream cheese and the manner in which such products spread vary considerably. Such characteristics of cream cheese containing about 33% of fat and not in excess of 55% of moisture, are within the range of the degrees of consistency and manner of spreading exhibited by soft uncured cheese sold as cream cheese. (R. 385-389, 394-419, 450-451, 546-550, 558-562, 565-567, 585, 587, 590-593, 595, 597, 603-605, 608, 613-614, 262, 328, 869-870, 901, 941-942, 737-738, 740-741, 820-821; Exh. 10, p. 386; Exh. 11, p. 412; Record of previous hearing 352, 376-377, 1916-1917, 1920, 791-792, 794, incorporated at 1033, 1035, 1036, 1037)

11. A large proportion of cream cheese contains about 36% to 39% of fat and 55% or less of moisture. A starting mix containing approximately 13% fat is commonly employed in the manufacture of such cream cheese. If a mix of such fat content is employed and less whey is drained from the curd, soft uncured cheese having a fat content of 33% and a moisture content of 57% to 58% can be manufactured. Soft uncured cheese of such composition contains more whey

than normally remains in cream cheese made from a starting mix containing about 13% fat. (R. 192, 224, 256, 267-268, 276-278, 289-290, 319-321, 348, 856-858, 860-866, 867-869, 381-382, 436-438, 519-530, 532-533, 536-537, 541-542; Exh. 7, p. 260; Exh. 10, p. 386, Exh. 17, p. 861; Record of previous hearing 2174-2178, incorporated at 259)

12. The consistency, smoothness and manner of spreading of soft uncured cheese containing 33% fat and 57% or 58% of moisture are similar to the corresponding properties of cream cheese of better quality described in finding 8. The soft uncured cheese containing 33% fat and 57% or 58% of moisture is cheaper to manufacture than such cream cheese, is of less nutritional value, and is more likely to exude moisture (whey) to an undesirable extent unless gum or other moisture-retaining agent is incorporated. (R. 68, 97, 103-106, 128, 139-140, 157, 191-192, 194-196, 203, 209-212, 727-728, 730-732, 741-742, 756-758, 257-258, 269-271, 274, 277-279, 297-303, 856-866, 880, 939, 461, 481-482, 502-503; Exh. 8, p. 355)

13. Where gum is used to hold the excess whey, soft uncured cheese containing about 33% fat and 57% to 58% moisture is likely to simulate cream cheese of higher fat and lesser moisture content. Under ordinary conditions of purchase, the consumer is not able to detect such replacement of fat by moisture. (R. 481-482, 449, 469, 471-472, 963, 137-140, 104-105, 82-83, 1006-1009, 1021, 257-258, 349)

14. In the commercial manufacture of cream cheese by the hot pack process, gum or other moisture-retaining agent is universally incorporated into the product in order to prevent excessive leakage of moisture, as described in findings 14, 15, and 16 promulgated with the standard (7 F.R. 10755, 10756; R. Exh. 2, p. 6). However, it is not the general commercial practice to incorporate such an agent in cream cheese manufactured by the cold pack process. (R. 195, 210-211, 889-890, 305, 866-868, 438-441, 381-384, 501, 510)

15. Because of the use of gum or other moisture-retaining agent, soft uncured cheese containing approximately 33% fat and 57% or 58% moisture made by the hot pack process, is less likely to display undesirable leakage of whey than soft uncured cheese of similar composition made by the cold pack process. (R. 954, 501, 504, 581, 963, 730-732, 756-757, 1006-1009, 1021, 195-196, 210-211)

16. No material distinction has ever been made between hot pack and cold pack cream cheese in the labeling of such products and consumers are not generally aware of the differences. Although the two types of cream cheese can generally be distinguished by experts, they cannot readily be distinguished by consumers. (R. 137-138, 273, 405-406, 448-449)

17. Before the standard for cream was promulgated, most of the so-called cream cheese then manufactured by the hot pack process contained approximately 23% to 30% of fat and approximately 60% to 65% of moisture, as stated in finding 26 promulgated with the existing standard. As recently as April 1944, soft uncured cheese of approximately such composition was also marketed as

cream cheese. While this product resembles cream cheese in general appearance (see finding 25 promulgated with the standard, 7 F.R. 10756, R. Exh. 2, p. 6), its consistency, because of its high moisture content, is quite soft. Such product is in fact neufchatel cheese, for which a definition and standard of identity has been promulgated.⁷ (R. 448, 880, 1021-1022, 101-102; Record of previous hearing 1574-1589, incorporated at 1040, 1048; Exh. 18, p. 885)

Conclusions. On the basis of the foregoing findings of fact, it is concluded that:

(a) No material difficulty exists in manufacturing cream cheese to conform to the existing standard.

(b) Cream cheese containing the minimum quantity of fat and the maximum quantity of moisture permitted by the standard does not differ in identity from cream cheese of higher fat and lower moisture, although the latter product is generally of better quality due to the greater content of fat.

(c) It is likely that some consumers confuse neufchatel cheese with cream cheese as a result of former practices of marketing soft uncured cheeses. Since the standard for cream cheese has been in force for only a brief period it is not likely that consumers have become generally aware of the differences in the identity of such soft uncured cheeses.

(d) Authorization to increase the moisture content of cream cheese to 57% or 58% would tend to encourage the production of cream cheese at the minimum fat content permitted by the standard, which would simulate a large proportion of cream cheese now being made of a substantially higher fat content. In effect, such authorization would permit the substitution of moisture for part of the fat, by the abuse of the function of gum or other moisture-retaining agent, contrary to the proper use of such agent in cream cheese, thus cheapening the product and lowering its food value. Such cheapened product would be deceptive to consumers.

(e) It would not promote honesty and fair dealing in the interests of consumers to amend the existing standard for cream cheese so as to permit an increase in the maximum amount of moisture.

Wherefore, *It is ordered*, That the regulation promulgated December 22, 1942 (Title 21, CFR, Cum. Supp., sec. 19.515), fixing and establishing a definition and standard of identity for cream cheese be not amended.

Any interested person whose appearance was filed at the hearing may, within 20 days from the date of publication of this proposed order in the *FEDERAL REGISTER*, file with the Hearing Clerk of the Federal Security Agency, Office of the Assistant General Counsel, Room 4148 South Building, 12th Street and Independence Avenue SW, Washington 25, D. C., written exceptions thereto. Exceptions shall point out with particularity the alleged errors in the proposed order, and shall contain specific references to the pages of the transcript of the testimony or to the exhibits on which each exception is based. Such exceptions

may be accompanied with a memorandum or brief in support thereof. Exceptions and accompanying memoranda or briefs should be submitted in quintuplicate.

Dated: September 5, 1944.

WATSON B. MILLER,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13832; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944; 10:59 a. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Vesting Order 500B-1]

COPYRIGHTS OF CERTAIN FOREIGN NATIONALS

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation:

1. Finding that all of the persons to whom reference is made in Column 5 of Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof [the names of which persons are listed (a) in Column 3 of said Exhibit A as the authors of the works, the titles of which are listed in Column 2, and the copyright numbers, if any, of which are listed in Column 1, respectively, of said Exhibit A, and/or (b) in Column 4 of said Exhibit A as the owners of the copyrights, the numbers, if any, of which are listed in Column 1, and the titles of the works covered by which are listed in Column 2, respectively, of said Exhibit A, and/or (c) in Column 5 of said Exhibit A as others owning or claiming interests in such copyrights] are nationals of foreign countries, namely, either (i) those countries, if any, (in the cases of the persons whose names appear in the aforesaid Column 3 as authors) which are specified in said Column 3, or (ii) those countries, if any, (in the cases of the persons whose names appear in the aforesaid Column 4 as owners) in which the addresses specified in said Column 4 are located, or (iii) those countries, if any, (in the cases of persons whose names appear in neither Column 3 nor Column 4 but do appear in Column 5 of the aforesaid Exhibit A) which are indicated in said Column 5;

2. Finding that the property hereinafter described in subparagraph 3 is owned by one or more of the aforesaid persons to whom reference is made in Column 5 of said Exhibit A;

3. Determining, therefore, that the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of whatsoever kind or nature, under the statutory and common law of the United States and of the several States thereof, of each and all of the persons to whom reference is made in Column 5 of said Exhibit A in, to and under the following:

a. Each and all of the copyrights, if any, described in said Exhibit A;

b. Every copyright, claim of copyright and right to copyright in each and all of the works described in said Exhibit A and in every issue, edition, publication, republication, translation, arrangement, dramatization and revision thereof, in whole or in part, of whatsoever kind or nature, and of each and all other works designated by the titles therein set forth, whether or not filed with the Register of Copyrights or otherwise asserted, and whether or not specifically designated by copyright number;

c. Every license, agreement, privilege, power and right of whatsoever nature arising under or with respect to any or all of the foregoing, excepting the rights of any

⁷ 7 F.R. 10759, 21 C. F. R., Cum. Supp., 19.520, R. Exh. 2, p. 6.

person to renew any or all of the copyrights arising in, from or under any or all of the foregoing;

d. All monies and amounts, and all right to receive monies and amounts, by way of royalty, share of profits or other emolument, accrued or to accrue, whether arising pursuant to law, contract or otherwise, with respect to any or all of the foregoing;

e. All rights of reversion or reverting, if any, in any or all of the foregoing; and

f. All causes of action accrued or to accrue at law or in equity with respect to any or all of the foregoing, including but not limited to the right to sue for and recover all damages and profits and to ask and receive any and all remedies provided by common law or statute for the infringement of any copyright or the violation of any right or the breach of any obligation described in or affecting any or all of the foregoing;

is property payable or held with respect to copyrights, or rights related thereto, in which interests are held by, and such property constitutes interests held therein by, nationals of one or more foreign countries;

4. Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consulta-

tion and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise; and

5. Deeming it necessary in the national interest;

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property hereinbefore described in subparagraph 3, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States; *Provided, however,* That this order shall not vest any right of any person to renew any copyright in any or all of the works to which reference is hereinbefore made.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should

be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on May 11, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Column 1 Copyright numbers	Column 2 Titles of works	Column 3 Names and last known nationalities of authors	Column 4 Names and last known addresses of owners or potential owners of copyrights	Column 5 Identified persons whose interests are being vested
Unknown.....	Tabu.....	G. C. Sonzogno (nationality not established).	Edizioni Suvini Zerboni, Galleria del Corso, 4, Milano, Italy (nationality: Italian).	Owner.
Unknown.....	Tango.....	G. C. Sonzogno (nationality not established).	Edizioni Suvini Zerboni, Galleria del Corso, 4, Milano, Italy (nationality: Italian).	Owner.
Unknown.....	Preludio ad Una (Messa Da Requiem).	Daniele Amfitheatrof.....	Edizioni Suvini Zerboni, Galleria del Corso, 4, Milano, Italy (nationality: Italian).	Owner.
Unknown.....	Deux Interludes Symphonique.....	Ernst Bloch of the United States.....	Edizioni Suvini Zerboni, Galleria del Corso, 4, Milano, Italy (nationality: Italian) and Editions Musicales Polyphon, Paris, France (nationality: French).	Owners.
Unknown.....	Prologue-Coronation Scene.....	Boris Godounov (nationality not established).	W. Bessel & Cie, 78 Rue de Monceau, Paris, France (nationality: French).	Owner.
Unknown.....	La Fiore de Sorotchintzi.....	Moussorgsky (nationality not established).	W. Bessel & Cie, 78 Rue de Monceau, Paris, France (nationality: French).	Owner.
Unknown.....	Joshua.....	Moussorgsky (nationality not established).	W. Bessel & Cie, 78 Rue de Monceau, Paris, France (nationality: French).	Owner.
Unknown.....	Khovanchina.....	Moussorgsky (nationality not established).	W. Bessel & Cie, 78 Rue de Monceau, Paris, France (nationality: French).	Owner.
Unknown.....	Tzar Saltan.....	Rimsky Korsakov (nationality not established).	W. Bessel & Cie, 78 Rue de Monceau, Paris, France (nationality: French).	Owner.
Unknown.....	Snegourotchka.....	Rimsky Korsakov (nationality not established).	W. Bessel & Cie, 78 Rue de Monceau, Paris, France (nationality: French).	Owner.
Unknown.....	Unhold Ohneseelo.....	Rimsky Korsakov (nationality not established).	W. Bessel & Cie, 78 Rue de Monceau, Paris, France (nationality: French).	Owner.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13752; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944; 11:23 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 2041]

CHINOIN CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS CO., LTD.

In re: Drugs, chemicals, and packing materials owned by Chinoin Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works Co., Ltd.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Chinoin Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works Co., Ltd. is a corporation organized under the laws of Hungary, having its principal place of business at Ujpest, Hungary, and that it is a national of a designated enemy country (Hungary);

2. That Chinoin Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works Co., Ltd. is the owner of the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof;

3. That the property described as follows:

a. The fine drugs, particularly described in Exhibit A hereto attached and by reference made a part hereof, owned by Chinoin Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works Co., Ltd., and held on consignment by The Tree-

mond Company, 185 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York, presently stored in bond at Baker & William Warehouse, 114 Leroy Street, New York, New York, under Custom House Bond Numbers 78794, 98855, and 20307, and

b. The fine drugs, chemicals, and assorted packing materials, particularly described in Exhibit B hereto attached and by reference made a part hereof, owned by Chinoin Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works Co., Ltd., in the possession of Campbell Products, Inc., 79 Madison Avenue, New York, New York,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by a national of a designated enemy country (Hungary);

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Hungary);

And having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by law, and deeming it necessary in the national interest, hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise

dealt with in the interest, and for the benefit, of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account, or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall this order be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one, or all, of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 27, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Name	Quantity (Grams)
Estradiol-17-propionate	100
Estradiol carbaethoxylate	50
Progesterone crystals	20

EXHIBIT B

Merchandise

I. Drugs:	
A. Novatropine:	Stock on hand
(1) Tablets:	Mar. 31, 1943
(a) Packages of 20	9,897
(b) Packages of 100	1,710
(c) Packages of 500	86
(d) Folders of 12	7,047
(e) In bulk	454,204
(2) Ampuls:	
(a) Packages of 5	
(b) Packages of 100	
(c) In bulk	2,178
(d) Packages of 6	89
(3) Powder:	
(a) 15 gr. vials	248
B. Homatropine alkaloid, oz.	200
C. Novatropine substance, oz.	296 1/4
D. Mercupurin:	
(1) Ampuls:	
(a) Packages of 5, 1 cc.	6,746
(b) Packages of 25, 1 cc.	58
(c) Packages of 100, 1 cc.	3
(d) Packages of 10, 2 cc.	55
(e) Packages of 25, 2 cc.	7
(f) Packages of 100, 2 cc.	4
(g) In bulk, 1 cc.	173
(h) In bulk, 2 cc.	12
(2) Ampul salts (Molnar), kg.	2
(3) Ampul salts (Chinoin)	1.25 gr. FO-809 gr. CH.
(4) Ampul salts Ortho (specific)	
Mercupurin (specific):	
(a) 1 cc. ampuls, gr.	1,740
(b) 2 cc. ampuls, gr.	80
E. Theophylline, lbs.	100
Theophylline (specific), lbs.	100
(a) Bulk solution, litre	687
F. Beta mercurial acid (by-product) gr.	25,433
G. Mercurin:	
(1) Suppositories:	
(a) Packages of 5	616
(b) Packages of 25	42
(c) In bulk	
(2) Salts	
II. Packing material:	
A. Novatropine:	
20 tablet vials	39,798
100 tablet bottles	16,908
500 tablet bottles	462
Powder bottles	1,077
100 tablet bottle caps	18,110
500 tablet bottle caps	671
Powder bottle caps	1,077
20 tablet bottle corks	31,965
20 tablet cartons	31,554
100 tablet boxes	2,925
5 ampul boxes	512
100 ampul boxes	
20 tablet labels	15,390
100 tablet labels	18,023
500 tablet labels	883
Powder bottle labels	451
5 ampul box labels	841
100 ampul box labels	
Cellophane for powder	240
Cellophane for 500s	922
Cellophane for 5 amp. boxes	
Cellophane for 100 amp. boxes	277
Ampul files	
Ampul contents stickers	

EXHIBIT B—Continued

Merchandise—Continued

II. Packing material—Con.	Stock on hand
B. Mercupurin:	Mar. 31, 1943
1 cc. ampul labels	109,343
2 cc. ampul labels	156,149
1 cc. contents stickers	21,702
2 cc. contents stickers	12,676
Boxes for 5s, 1 cc.	24,888
Boxes for 25s, 1 cc.	397
Boxes for 10s, 2 cc.	16,642
Boxes for 25s, 2 cc.	7
Boxes for 100s	1,277
Ampul files	47,696
Box inserts, 1 cc and 2 cc.	16,501
Box labels, 1 cc., 100s	2,553
Box labels, 2 cc., 100s	1,911
Do not expose to light labels	1,111
Black cards for 100 amp. boxes	111
Empty 1 cc. ampuls, gr.	900
Empty 2 cc. ampuls, gr.	3,720
C. Mercurin:	
Boxes for 5s	4,730
Boxes for 25s	2,723
Box inserts	14,815
Labels for 25 amp. boxes	1,499

[F. R. Doc. 44-13848; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4078]

ANNA ZIEGLER

In re: Estate of Anna Ziegler, deceased; File No. D-28-2530; E. T. sec. 4367.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows:
All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Heinrich Peper, Hertha Wenke, Joachim Peper and Heinrich Meyer, and each of them, in and to the estate of Anna Ziegler, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Heinrich Peper, Germany.
Joachim Peper, Germany.
Hertha Wenke, Germany.
Heinrich Meyer, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Paul Hanelt, as Administrator of the Estate of Anna Ziegler, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Kings County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany;

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate

that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on August 25, 1944.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13849; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4080]

GERTRUDE BECHSTEIN

In re: Estate of Gertrude Bechstein, deceased; File No. D-28-7944; E. T. sec. 8814.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Alfred Wetzel and Max Ollmann, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Gertrude Bechstein, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Alfred Wetzel, Germany.
Max Ollmann, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Mary E. Breen, as executrix of the Estate of Gertrude Bechstein, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of New York County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate

in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1944.

[SEAL] FRANCIS J. McNAMARA,
Deputy Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13850; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4081]

MINNIE MASS

In re: Estate of Minnie Mass, also known as Minna Mass, deceased; File No. D-28-3594; E. T. sec. 5838.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the seven children, names unknown, of Sophie Klepper; the four children, names unknown, of Doris Dunkhorst; Paul Mass; Robert Mass; Hulda Hannemann, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Minnie Mass, also known as Minna Mass, deceased.

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Seven children, names unknown, of Sophie Klepper, Germany.

Four children, names unknown, of Doris Dunkhorst, Germany.

Paul Mass, Germany.

Robert Mass, Germany.

Hulda Hannemann, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Fred V. Bruch, as Executor of the Estate of Minnie Mass, also known as Minna Mass, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Bronx County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on August 29, 1944.

[SEAL] FRANCIS J. McNAMARA,
Deputy Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13851; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4082]

LYDIA B. HOFFMANN

In re: Estate of Lydia B. Hoffmann, deceased; File No. D-28-8837; E. T. sec. 10859.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Irmgard Spiesecke Boas in and to the estate of Lydia B. Hoffmann, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, a national of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

National and Last Known Address

Irmgard Spiesecke Boas, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Walter C. Hoffmann, as executor under the will of Lydia B. Hoffmann, acting under the judicial supervision of the Court of Probate, District of West Haven, State of Connecticut;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country. (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The term "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on August 31, 1944.

[SEAL] FRANCIS J. McNAMARA,
Deputy Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13852; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:41 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4083]

WILLIAM MOLT

In re: Estate of William Molt, deceased; File D-28-1820; E. T. sec. 1490.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that—

(1) The property and interests herein-after described are property which is in the process of administration by the Camden Trust Company, Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Camden County Orphans' Court, County of Camden, State of New Jersey;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Maria Heist, Germany.

Rose Zimmerman, also known as Rose Zimmerman, Germany.

Christian Kalmbach, Germany.

Karl Kalmbach, Germany.

Berta Roth, also known as Bertha Roth, Germany.

Anna Binkele, Germany.

Frieda Knoller, also known as Frieda Knoeller, Germany.

Marie Finkbeiner, Germany.

Friederike Gaessler, also known as Friederike Gaessler, Germany.

Franziska Haas, Germany.

Rosine Mast, Germany.

Maria Mast, Germany.

Fritz Mast, Germany.

Anna Ruoff, nee Mast, Germany.

Wilhelm Schoeffel, also known as Wilhelm Schoeffel, Germany.

Otto Schoeffel, also known as Otto Schoeffel, Germany.

Albert Schoeffel, also known as Albert Schoeffel, Germany.

Max Schoeffel, also known as Max Schoeffel, Germany.

Sofie Kuhbach, also known as Sofie Kuhbach, Germany.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

Willie Harle, also known as Willi Haerle, Germany.

Karoline Buhrlé, also known as Karoline Buehrle, Germany.

Luisa (Louise) Harle, also known as Luisa (Louise) Haerle, Germany.

Emma Harle, also known as Emma Haerle, Germany.

Marie Nestle, Germany.

Julie Leistner, Germany.

Matilde Molt, also known as Mathilda Molt, Germany.

And determining that—

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive order or act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Maria Heist, Rosa Zimmerman, also known as Rose Zimmerman, Christian Kalmbach, Karl Kalmbach, Berta Roth, also known as Bertha Roth, Anna Binkele, Frieda Knoller, also known as Frieda Knoeller, Marie Finkbeiner, Friederike Gassler, also known as Friederike Gaessler, Franziska Haas, Rosine Mast, Maria Mast, Fritz Mast, Anna Ruoff, nee Mast, Wilhelm Schoffel, also known as Wilhelm Schoeffel, Otto Schoffel, also known as Otto Schoeffel, Albert Schoffel, also known as Albert Schoeffel, Max Schoffel, also known as Max Schoeffel, Sofie Kuhbach, also known as Sofie Kubach, Willie Harle, also known as Willi Haerle, Karoline Buhrlé, also known as Karoline Buehrle, Luisa (Louise) Harle, also known as Luisa (Louise) Haerle, Emma Harle, also known as Emma Haerle, Marie Nestle, Julie Leistner, and Matilde Molt, also known as Mathilda Molt, and each of them in and to the Estate of William Molt, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive order.

Dated: September 1, 1944.

[SEAL] FRANCIS J. McNAMARA,
Deputy Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13853; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:42 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4084]

FERDINAND LEUTZ

In re: Estate of Ferdinand Leutz, deceased; File 017-9989.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: Certificate No. 17 for forty-five shares of the capital stock of the Security Bank of Hebron, Hebron, North Dakota, together with all rights incident to the ownership thereof, and any and all accretions thereon; also all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Helene Leutz and Greta (Gretel) Leutz, and each of them, in and to the estate of Ferdinand Leutz, deceased, including but not by way of limitation all rights, claims, demands and causes of action, at law or in equity of any kind or nature whatsoever growing out of the administration of said estate, which said persons, or either of them, may have against Fred Schwenk, as executor of said estate or individually, or against P. S. Jungers in his capacity as attorney for said executor or individually,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Helene Leutz, Germany.
Greta (Gretel) Leutz, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Fred Schwenk, Hebron, North Dakota, as Executor of the Estate of Ferdinand Leutz, acting under the judicial supervision of the County Court, County of Morton, North Dakota.

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have

the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1944.

[SEAL] FRANCIS J. McNAMARA,
Deputy Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13854; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:42 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 4085]

FERDINAND LEUTZ

In re: Trust under the Will of Ferdinand Leutz, deceased; File 017-9989.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Helene Leutz and Greta (Gretel) Leutz, and each of them, in and to the trust estate created under the Last Will and Testament of Ferdinand Leutz, deceased, including but not by way of limitation all rights, claims, demands and causes of action, at law or in equity, of any kind or nature whatsoever growing out of the administration of said trust estate, which said persons, or either of them, may have against P. S. Jungers, as trustee of said trust estate or individually,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Helene Leutz, Germany.
Greta (Gretel) Leutz, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by P. S. Jungers, Hebron, North Dakota, as Trustee under the Will of Ferdinand Leutz, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the District Court, Sixth Judicial District, County of Morton, North Dakota;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may

be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1, a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1944.

[SEAL] FRANCIS J. McNAMARA,
Deputy Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13855; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:42 a. m.]

OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION.

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 313]

COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN GEORGIA

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,¹ and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of

a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intra-state operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 12, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 8th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

R. B. Hicks, doing business as Trading Post, 466 First Street, Macon, Ga.

A. C. Bailey, doing business as A. C. Bailey Transfer Company, 653 Poplar Street, Macon, Ga.

Washburn Storage Company (a corporation), 203 Poplar Street, Macon, Ga.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13783; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
3:20 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 314]

COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS BETWEEN MEMPHIS AND NASHVILLE, TENN.

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended, (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778) a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,¹ and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

¹ Filed as part of the original document.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 12, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 8th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

M & N Freight Lines, Inc., 810 Michigan Avenue, Memphis, Tenn.

Roadway Express, Inc., 97 East South Street, Akron, Ohio.
Hoover Motor Express, Inc., 414 Fifth Avenue South, Nashville, Tenn.
Hayes Freight Lines, Inc., 115 North 15th Street, Mattoon, Ill.
Southeastern Motor Truck Lines, Inc., 420 Sixth Avenue South, Nashville, Tenn.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13784; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
3:20 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 3, Rev. 315]

COMMON CARRIERS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN NEW YORK

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof to facilitate compliance with the requirements and purposes of General Order ODT 3, Revised, as amended (7 F.R. 5445, 6689, 7694; 8 F.R. 4660, 14582; 9 F.R. 2793, 3264, 3357, 6778) a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,¹ and

It appearing that the proposed coordination of operations is necessary in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials, and supplies, of the carriers, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved and the carriers are directed to put the plan in operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the carriers forthwith shall file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and likewise shall file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations, and practices of the carrier which may be necessary to accord with the provisions of this order and of such plan; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on the shortest notice lawfully permissible, but not prior to the effective date of this order.

3. Whenever transportation service is performed by one carrier in lieu of service by another carrier, by reason of a diversion, exchange, pooling, or similar act made or performed pursuant to the plan for joint action hereby approved, the rates, charges, rules, and regulations governing such service shall be those that would have applied except for such diversion, exchange, pooling, or other act.

4. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require any carrier subject hereto to perform any service beyond its transporta-

tion capacity, or to authorize or require any act or omission which is in violation of any law or regulation, or to permit any carrier to alter its legal liability to any shipper. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intra-state operating authority of any carrier subject hereto, such carrier forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

5. All records of the carriers pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination and inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

6. Withdrawal of a carrier from participation in the plan for joint action hereby approved shall not be made without prior approval of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. The provisions of this order shall be binding upon any successor in interest to any carrier named in this order. Upon a transfer of any operation involved in this order, the successor in interest and the other carriers named in this order forthwith shall notify, in writing, the Office of Defense Transportation of the transfer and, unless and until otherwise ordered, the successor in interest shall perform the functions of his predecessor in accordance with the provisions of this order.

8. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the carriers to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

9. Communications concerning this order should refer to it by the supplementary order number which appears in the caption hereof, and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington 25, D. C.

This order shall become effective September 12, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 8th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

Peter Mesick, J. Peter Mesick and Benjamin S. Mesick, doing business as Mesick Trucking Company, Claverack, N. Y.

Albert Holmes, doing business as H. & H. Transportation Lines, Stottville, N. Y.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13785; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
3:20 p. m.]

¹ Filed as part of the original document.

[Supp. Order ODT 20A-173]

CERTAIN TAXICAB OPERATORS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN NEOSHO, MO., AREA

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof (hereinafter called "operators") pursuant to General Order ODT 20A (8 F.R. 9231), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,¹ and it appearing that the operators propose, by the plan, to coordinate their taxicab operations within the area of Neosho, Missouri, so as to assure maximum utilization of their facilities, services and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials and supplies, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, *It is hereby ordered*. That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved, and the operators are directed to place the plan into operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the operators shall forthwith file a copy of this order with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order.

3. The provisions of this order shall not be construed or applied as to permit any operator named herein to alter his legal liability to any passenger. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing operating authority of any operator named herein, such operator forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the operators possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

4. All records of the operators pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination with inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

5. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the operators to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

6. Any operator duly authorized or permitted to operate taxicabs within the area herein described, and having suitable equipment and facilities therefor, may make application in writing to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Springfield, Missouri, for authorization to participate in the plan. A copy of each such appli-

cation shall be served upon each of the operators named in this order. Upon receiving authorization to participate in the plan, each such operator shall become subject to this order and shall thereupon be entitled and required to participate in the plan in accordance with all of the provisions and conditions of this order, in the same manner and degree as the operators named herein. No operator who now is or hereafter becomes a party to the plan shall be expelled therefrom or refused participation therein without the authority of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. Communications concerning this order should refer to "Supplementary Order ODT 20A-173" and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation.

8. This order shall become effective September 15, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 8th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,

Office of Defense Transportation.

APPENDIX 1

Yellow Cab Co., Neosho, Mo.
32 Cab Co., Neosho, Mo.
101 Cab Co., Neosho, Mo.
Victory Cab Co., Neosho, Mo.
DeLuxe Cab Co., Neosho, Mo.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13786; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
8:21 p. m.]

[Supp. Order ODT 20A-174]

CERTAIN TAXICAB OPERATORS

COORDINATED OPERATIONS IN NEW BEDFORD, FAIRHAVEN AND DARTMOUTH, MASS., AREA

Upon consideration of a plan for joint action filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by the persons named in Appendix 1 hereof (hereinafter called "operators") pursuant to General Order ODT 20A (8 F.R. 9231), a copy of which plan is attached hereto as Appendix 2,¹ and it appearing that the operators propose, by the plan, to coordinate their taxicab operations within the area of New Bedford, Fairhaven and Dartmouth, Massachusetts, so as to assure maximum utilization of their facilities, services and equipment, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, materials and supplies, and to provide for the prompt and continuous movement of necessary traffic, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war; *It is hereby ordered*. That:

1. The plan for joint action above referred to is hereby approved, and the operators are directed to place the plan into operation forthwith, subject to the following provisions, which shall supersede any provisions of such plan that are in conflict therewith.

2. Each of the operators shall forthwith file a copy of this order with the

appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order.

3. The provisions of this order shall not be construed or applied as to permit any operator named herein to alter his legal liability to any passenger. In the event that compliance with any term of this order, or effectuation of any provision of such plan, would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing operating authority of any operator named herein, such operator forthwith shall apply to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the operators possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

4. All records of the operators pertaining to any transportation performed pursuant to this order and to the provisions of such plan shall be kept available for examination with inspection at all reasonable times by accredited representatives of the Office of Defense Transportation.

5. The plan for joint action hereby approved and all contractual arrangements made by the operators to effectuate the plan shall not continue in operation beyond the effective period of this order.

6. Any operator duly authorized or permitted to operate taxicabs within the area herein described, and having suitable equipment and facilities therefor, may make application in writing to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation, Providence, Rhode Island, for authorization to participate in the plan. A copy of each such application shall be served upon each of the operators named in this order. Upon receiving authorization to participate in the plan, each such operator shall become subject to this order and shall thereupon be entitled and required to participate in the plan in accordance with all of the provisions and conditions of this order, in the same manner and degree as the operators named herein. No operator who now is or hereafter becomes a party to the plan shall be expelled therefrom or refused participation therein without the authority of the Office of Defense Transportation.

7. Communications concerning this order should refer to "Supplementary Order ODT 20A-174" and, unless otherwise directed, should be addressed to the Highway Transport Department, Office of Defense Transportation.

8. This order shall become effective September 15, 1944, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 8th day of September 1944.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

¹ Filed as part of the original document.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

APPENDIX 1

Blue Bird Taxi, 2546 Acushnet Avenue, New Bedford, Mass.
 Lincoln Taxi, 111 Kempton Street, New Bedford, Mass.
 Victory Cab, 268 Sawyer Street, New Bedford, Mass.
 Arthur W. Taber, 158 Union Street, New Bedford, Mass.
 Standard Cab, Wing Street, New Bedford, Mass.
 South End Taxi, Cove Street, New Bedford, Mass.
 Rene Reiniche, Buttonwood Road, S. Dartmouth, Mass.
 City Service & Taxi, Middle Street, New Bedford, Mass.
 Diamond Taxi, 112 Middle Street, New Bedford, Mass.
 Ferguson Taxi, 46 Main Street, Fairhaven, Mass.
 [F. R. Doc. 44-13787; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944; 3:21 p. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[RMPR 436, Corr. to Order 10]

CRUDE PETROLEUM

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 10 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436 is hereby corrected by placing a decimal point before each series of figures in the column headed "Amount of increase (dollars per 42-gallon barrel)".

Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
 Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13797; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

[RMPR 436, Order 21]

CRUDE PETROLEUM

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 21 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436. Crude petroleum, and natural and petroleum gas.

Order revising maximum price of crude petroleum from:

Irma Pool, Nevada County, Ark.

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the authority vested in the Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by section 12 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436, *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) That notwithstanding the provisions of section 12 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436, the maximum price of crude petroleum run from the receiving tank on or after August 1, 1944 and produced in any of the pools set out below to an applicant under the Stripper Well Compensatory Regulation of Defense Supplies Corporation or to any person purchasing prior to such applicant shall be the maximum price as determined under section 10 or 11 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 436 and the amount of the increase designated below:

	Amount of increase (dollars per 42- gallon barrel)
Arkansas State, Nevada County, Irma pool	20

(b) This order may be revoked, amended or corrected at any time.

This order shall become effective as of August 1, 1944.

Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
 Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13796; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

[Order 37 Under 19a]

DENVER FIRE CLAY CO., ET AL.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 37 under § 1499.19a of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Refractory products. Order authorizing adjustable pricing.

Petition for amendment of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 has been filed by producers of refractory products with plants located in Colorado and Utah for the purpose of increasing maximum prices for that part of the industry. Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, which governs maximum prices for these commodities, incorporates § 1499.19a of the General Maximum Price Regulation. This order is applicable to the following producers:

The Denver Fire Clay Company, Denver, Colo.
 Denver Sewer Pipe and Clay Company, Denver, Colo.
 The Diamond Fire Brick Company, Canon City, Colo.
 The Golden Fire Brick Company, Golden, Colo.
 The Standard Fire Brick Company, Pueblo, Colo.
 The Trinidad Brick and Tile Company, Trinidad, Colo.
 Utah Fire Clay Company, Salt Lake City, Utah.

It has been shown that authorization to use adjustable pricing, pending action on the petition for amendment is necessary to promote the production of such refractory products and that such authorization will not interfere with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328. Therefore, in accordance with § 1499.19a of the General Maximum Price Regulation, which is made a part of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, as amended, by incorporation, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

(a) Pending final determination by the Office of Price Administration of the petition for amendment now on file, such producers as are covered by this order are hereby authorized to sell and any person may buy from such producers such refractory products at prices not in excess of the maximum prices established in accordance with Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, as amended: *Provided, however,* That any such producer may agree with any purchaser in

any contract for the sale of refractory products that the contract price may be adjusted to conform to the final determination of the Price Administrator upon the petition for amendment, and: *Provided further,* That such producers may not receive and their purchasers may not pay an amount in excess of the maximum prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, as amended, until final action is taken on the petition for amendment now pending and unless such final action permits an increase of such maximum prices.

(b) This order shall be automatically revoked upon the establishment by the Office of Price Administration of maximum prices for such refractory products higher than the maximum prices now prevailing or upon denial of the petition for amendment. It may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(c) This order shall become effective September 8, 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
 Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13798; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944; 4:57 p. m.]

[MPR 136, Order 291]

WAYNE PUMP CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 291 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended. Machines and parts, and machinery services. The Wayne Pump Company, Docket No. 3136-472.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, under the authority vested in the Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders 9250 and 9328, and pursuant to § 1390.25a of Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, *It is ordered:*

(a) The Wayne Pump Company, Fort Wayne, Indiana, shall determine its maximum prices for the reciprocating air compressors that it manufactures, by multiplying by 114% the maximum price to each class of purchasers duly in effect just prior to the issuance of this order.

(b) Purchasers from the Wayne Pump Company, who buy reciprocating air compressors for resale, shall determine their maximum prices by adding to their maximum prices to each class of purchasers duly in effect just prior to the issuance of this order, the dollars-and-cents amounts by which the resellers' costs have been increased due to the adjustment in maximum prices granted to the Wayne Pump Company by this order.

(c) The Wayne Pump Company shall give written notification to its customers who buy its reciprocating air compressors mentioned in paragraph (a) for resale, of the amounts by which this order permits resellers to increase their maximum prices.

(d) Within 30 days after the issuance of this order, the Wayne Pump Company shall file with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., a copy of the written notification required to be given in pursuance of paragraph (c).

(e) All requests not granted herein are denied.

(f) This order may be amended or revoked by the Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective September 8, 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13810; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:03 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Amdt. 1 to Order 1804]

UNITED METAL GOODS MFG. CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 1804 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of a new model electric alarm clock manufactured by the United Metal Goods Manufacturing Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered*, That paragraph (a) (1) of Order No. 1804 issued July 1, 1944 be amended to read as follows:

(1) The maximum prices for sales and deliveries by the manufacturer since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 of the new model electric alarm clock described in (a) above are \$3.16 per unit to jobbers and \$3.96 per unit to retailers. These prices are f. o. b., Brooklyn, New York, and are subject to discounts, allowances, and terms no less favorable than those customarily granted by the manufacturer.

This amendment shall become effective September 8, 1944. Issued this 7th of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13802; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:59 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2244]

GRAND RAPIDS WOODCRAFT CORP.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2244 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sale of a

cocktail table manufactured by Grand Rapids Woodcraft Corporation.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered*:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a cocktail table manufactured by Grand Rapids Woodcraft Corporation, Box 547, Grand Rapids, Michigan.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Cocktail table.....	520	Each \$8.20	Each \$9.65

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and are for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated July 24, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum price is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to retailers
Cocktail table.....	520	Each \$9.65

This price is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days and is for the article described

in the manufacturer's application dated July 27, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13812; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:02 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2245]

NEWTON FURNITURE CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2245 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of two child's rockers manufactured by Newton Furniture Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, The Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered*:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of two child's rockers manufactured by Newton Furniture Company, Shuford Rural Station, Hickory, North Carolina.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Childs Rocker.....	202	Each \$2.66	Each \$3.75
	204		Each \$4.42

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days net thirty days and are for the articles described in the manufacturers application dated June 15, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (1) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to retailers
Child's rocker.....	202	Each \$3.14
	204	Each 4.42

These prices are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated June 15, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13808; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:01 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 9 Under Order 1052]

C. B. ATKIN CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 9 under Order No. 1052 under § 1499.159b of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Adjustment of maximum prices for sales of wood household furniture manufactured by C. B. Atkin Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion and issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order permits the manufacturer, C. B. Atkin Company, Knoxville 17, Tennessee, to adjust its maximum prices for sales of wood household furniture (as defined in Order No. 1052) established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 by the amount specified below. This order also authorizes purchasers for resale of these articles of wood household furniture to adjust their maximum prices by adding the dollar-and-cents amount of the adjustment granted the manufacturer by this order and for which they have become obligated.

(1) *Manufacturer's maximum prices.* C. B. Atkin Company may adjust its maximum prices for sales and deliveries of wood household furniture (as defined in Order No. 1052) of its manufacture by an amount not to exceed 1.5% of its maximum prices for such sales as established in Order No. 1052. The permitted adjustment of 1.5% may be made only if separately stated.

(2) *Maximum prices of purchasers for resale.* Any purchaser for resale of an article of wood household furniture for which the manufacturer's maximum price has been thus adjusted may add to his properly established maximum price, in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this order, the dollar-and-cents amount of the adjustment charge allowed by this Order No. 9 for which he has become obligated, provided the amount of such adjustment is separately stated on sales to persons other than ultimate consumers.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser (other than an ultimate consumer) of an article covered by this order, the seller must furnish such purchaser with a written notice stating the number of this order and fully explaining its terms and conditions. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13811; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:03 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2246]

JOHN DAHL & CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2246 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of a juvenile chair manufactured by John Dahl & Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion and issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a juvenile chair manufactured by John Dahl & Company, 238 Union Street, Hackensack, New Jersey.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Juvenile chair.....	4	Each \$1.43	Each \$1.69

This price is f. o. b. factory and the price is net and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated June 26, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum price is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to retailers
Juvenile chair.....	4	Each \$1.69

This price is net and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated June 26, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13809; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:02 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2247]

DUNWOODIE COMPANY

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2247 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sale of a shadow box manufactured by The Dunwoodie Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a shadow box manufactured by The Dunwoodie Company, 150 Bleecker Street, New York 12, New York.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Shadow box.....	A1081	Each \$1.76	Each \$2.20

This price is f. o. b. factory and is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated July 13, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum price is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Maximum price
to retailers
(each)

Shadow Box, A1081..... \$2.20

This price is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated July 13, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13817; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:05 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2248]

J. A. CRUMPLER

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2248 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of two tables and two chairs manufactured by J. A. Crumpler.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of two tables and two chairs manufactured by J. A. Crumpler, Mebane, North Carolina.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Dining table.....	100T	\$8.20	\$9.65
	500T	12.12	14.26
Dining chair.....	100C	2.97	3.50
	500C	3.27	3.85

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated July 27, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.:	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Dining table, 100T	\$9.65
Dining table, 500T	14.26
Dining chair, 100C	3.50
Dining chair, 500C	3.85

These prices are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and is for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated July 27, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13819; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:06 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2249]

EDGLEY MFG. CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2249 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of a teardrop rocker manufactured by Edgley Manufacturing Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a teardrop rocker manufactured by Edgley Manufacturing Company, 2521 Kittrell Parkway, Dallas 4, Texas.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the article from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
	Each	Each
Teardrop rocker	\$1.75	\$2.05

This price is f. o. b. factory and is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated July 12, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum price is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Teardrop rocker	\$2.05

This price is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated July 12, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13806; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:00 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2250]

REK-O-RACK CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2250 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sale of a record rack manufactured by Rek-O-Rack Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a record rack manufactured by Rek-O-Rack Company, 1501 North Vine Street, Hollywood 28, California.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
		Each	Each
Record rack	Rek-O-Rack	\$1.00	\$1.35

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are net and are for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated June 15, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.:	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Record Rack, Rek-O-Rack	\$1.35

This price is net and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated June 15, 1944.

(i) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13820; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:05 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2251]

NEWARK CHAIR AND FURNITURE CO., INC.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2251 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of two items of dinette sets and an arm chair manufactured by Newark Chair and Furniture Company, Inc.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, it is ordered:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of two items of dinette sets and an arm chair manufactured by Newark Chair and Furniture Company, Inc., 2-34 Nuttman Street, Newark, New Jersey.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Dinette set.....	(60-45")	Each \$19.55	Each \$23.00
	(60-54")	20.10	23.65
Arm chair.....	61	6.35	7.47

These prices are f. o. b. factory, are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's applications dated June 12, 1944, and June 20, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.: Dinette set, 60-45"	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Dinette set, 60-54"	\$23.00
Arm chair, #61	23.65
	7.47

These prices are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's applications dated June 12, 1944 and June 20, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13814; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:03 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2252]

R. R. WILLIAMS

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2252 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consum-

ers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sale of a glider swing manufactured by R. R. Williams.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, It is ordered:

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a glider swing manufactured by R. R. Williams, 1512 Missouri Avenue, Houston 6, Texas.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the article from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Glider swing.....	Each \$6.64	Each \$7.82

This price is f. o. b. factory and is net, and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated June 20, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum price is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article:	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Glider swing.....	\$7.82

This price is net and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated June 20, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13921; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:05 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2253]

WEYMOUTH MFG. CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2253 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sale of a child's gate manufactured by Weymouth Manufacturing Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a child's gate manufactured by Weymouth Manufacturing Company, 337 Ralph Talbot Street, South Weymouth, Massachusetts.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Child's gate.....	Each \$0.72	Each \$0.97

This price is f. o. b. factory and is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated July 21, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum price is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Child's gate.....	\$0.97

This price is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated July 21, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13799; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:58 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2254]

TEXAS PRE-FABRICATED HOUSE & TENT CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2254 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of a dinette set manufactured by Texas Pre-Fabricated House & Tent Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a

dinette set manufactured by Texas Pre-Fabricated House & Tent Company, 160 Avery Street, Dallas 8, Texas.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Dinette set.....	30	Each \$16.10	Each \$18.95

This price is f. o. b. factory and is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated June 14, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum price is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to retailers
Dinette set.....	30	Each \$18.95

This price is subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and is for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated June 14, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufac-

turer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13807; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:01 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2255]

FLECK BAUMANN CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2255 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturer's maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for seven wallracks and two wall shelves manufactured by Fleck Baumann Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of seven wall racks and two wall shelves manufactured by Fleck Baumann Company, 1015 Lucas Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Wall rack	550	Each \$3.36	Each \$3.95
	560	3.36	3.95
	570	3.83	4.50
	518	3.36	3.95
	519	3.36	3.95
	520	1.43	1.68
	517	.68	.74
	522	.68	.80
Wall shelf	516	.38	.45

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent ten days, net thirty days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated June 13, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be

those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.: Wall rack, 550	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Wall rack, 550	\$3.95
Wall rack, 560	3.95
Wall rack, 570	4.50
Wall rack, 518	3.95
Wall rack, 519	3.95
Wall rack, 520	1.68
Wall rack, 517	.74
Wall rack, 522	.80
Wall shelf, 516	.45

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13800; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:58 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2256]

STATE TABLE CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2256 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of two items of kitchen utility cabinets manufactured by State Table Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed

with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of two items of kitchen utility cabinets manufactured by State Table Company, 96 Junius Street, Brooklyn, New York.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailer
Kitchen utility cabinet	106	Each \$8.46	Each \$9.95
	105	10.63	12.50

These prices are f. o. b. factory, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated April 21, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.: Kitchen utility cabinet, 106	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Kitchen utility cabinet, 105	\$9.95

These prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated April 21, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September, 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13818; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:06 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2257]

MODERN WOOD LETTER, INC.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2257 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of four chests manufactured by Modern Wood Letter, Incorporated.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of four chests manufactured by Modern Wood Letter, Inc., 1330 West Main Street, Richmond, Virginia.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Chest	36 x 17 x 19	Each \$6.00	Each \$7.17
	51 x 22 x 8	6.60	7.88
	36 x 28 x 8	5.45	6.54
	40 x 18 x 21	6.80	8.01

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated July 6, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the

prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and Model No.:	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Chest, 36 x 17 x 19	\$7.17
Chest, 51 x 22 x 8	7.88
Chest, 36 x 28 x 8	6.54
Chest, 40 x 18 x 21	8.01

These prices are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated July 6, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13794; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:56 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2258]

ROBERT M. CLENNY

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2258 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of a wall bracket and a corner bracket manufactured by Robert M. Cleddy.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and

filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a wall bracket and a corner bracket manufactured by Robert M. Cleddy, 4907 South Vernon Avenue, Los Angeles, California.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Wall Bracket	Each \$2.94	Each \$3.46
Corner Bracket	1.23	1.45

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated June 30, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Wall bracket	\$3.46
Corner bracket	1.45

These prices are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated June 30, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of

sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13793; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:55 p. m.]

[MPR 188 Order 2259]

METZ FIXTURES

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2259 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of two items of juvenile table and chair sets manufactured by Metz Fixtures.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders, Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of two items of juvenile table and chair sets manufactured by Metz Fixtures, 751 Woodland Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Juvenile table and chair set.....	{ 130 131	Each \$2.21 2.21	Each \$2.60

These prices are f. o. b. factory, are subject to a two percent cash discount, if payment is made within ten days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated July 5, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of pur-

chaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.: Juvenile table and chair set, 130..... Juvenile table and chair set, 131.....	Maximum price to retailers (each) \$2.60 2.60
Unfinished vanity table.....	{ 3217 \$2.98 3618 3.66
Unfinished kneehole desk.....	3418 5.47

These prices are subject to a two percent cash discount, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated July 5, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13816; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:04 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2260]

UNION CHAIR & TABLE CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2260 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of three items of unfinished furniture manufactured by Union Chair & Table Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and

filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of three items of unfinished furniture manufactured by Union Chair & Table Company, Fifth Street, Medford, Massachusetts.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Unfinished vanity table.....	{ 3217 \$2.98 3618 3.66	Each	Each \$3.50 4.30
Unfinished kneehole desk.....	3418 5.47		6.43

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated December 18, 1943.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.: Unfinished vanity table, 3217..... Unfinished vanity table, 3618..... Unfinished kneehole desk, 3418.....	Maximum price to retailers (each) \$3.50 4.30 6.43
Unfinished vanity table, 3217.....	\$3.50
Unfinished vanity table, 3618.....	4.30
Unfinished kneehole desk, 3418.....	6.43

These prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated December 18, 1943.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13792; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:55 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2261]

MODERNETTES

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2261 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sale of a juvenile set manufactured by Modernettes.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a juvenile set manufactured by Modernettes, 305 East 10th Street, Ellensburg, Washington.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the article from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
		Each	Each
Juvenile set.....	Yours-mine.....	\$6.77	\$7.88

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are net thirty days. They are for the article described in the manufacturer's application dated July 10, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made

by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum price is that set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and Model No.:	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Juvenile set, Yours mine.....	\$7.88

This price is net thirty days and is for the article described in the manufacturers application dated July 10, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13805; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:00 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2262]

CASALI SPECIALTY CABINET CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2262 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of a juvenile upholstered rocker, a juvenile plywood rocker and a juvenile plywood platform rocker, manufactured by Casali Specialty Cabinet Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended,

Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a juvenile upholstered rocker, a juvenile plywood rocker and a juvenile plywood platform rocker manufactured by Casali Specialty Cabinet Company, 3838 Holbrook Avenue, Hamtramck, Michigan.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
		Each	Each
Juvenile rocker.....	900	\$4.66	\$5.83
	600	5.40	6.83
	900	5.22	6.53
	700	2.36	2.96
	800	2.56	3.20

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated June 7, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.:	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Juvenile rocker, 900.....	\$5.83
Juvenile rocker, 900.....	6.83
Juvenile rocker, 900.....	6.53
Juvenile rocker, 700.....	2.96
Juvenile rocker, 800.....	3.20

These prices are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated June 7, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's

stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13803; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:59 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2263]

REST RITE PRODUCTS CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2263 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of a juvenile upholstered rocker and a boudoir chair manufactured by Rest Rite Products Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of a juvenile upholstered rocker and a boudoir chair manufactured by Rest Rite Products Company, 227 East Cevallos, San Antonio, Texas.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
	Each	Each
Juvenile upholstered rocker.....	\$3.83	\$4.50
Boudoir chair.....	6.81	8.01

These prices are f. o. b. factory.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be

those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Juvenile upholstered rocker.....	\$4.50
Boudoir chair.....	8.01

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13795; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:57 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2267]

MODERN FURNITURE MFG. CO., INC.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2267 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sale of four items of juvenile furniture manufactured by Modern Furniture Manufacturing Company, Incorporated.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the

Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328; *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sale and deliveries, of four items of juvenile furniture manufactured by Modern Furniture Manufacturing Company, Inc., 613 East Green Street, High Point, North Carolina.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
		Each	Each
Juvenile rocker.....	5	\$2.81	\$3.30
Juvenile table.....	700	2.72	3.20
Juvenile chair.....	700	2.74	3.22
Juvenile table and chair set.....	700	8.20	9.64

These prices are f. o. b. factory, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated May 29, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Juvenile rocker, 5.....	\$3.30
Juvenile table, 700.....	3.20
Juvenile chair, 700.....	3.22
Juvenile table and chair set, 700.....	6.42

These prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated May 29, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other

than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13791; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:55 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2268]

MCGREGOR'S, INC.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2268 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specific building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of an electric clock manufactured by McGregor's, Inc.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This Order No. 2268 establishes maximum prices for sales of a new clock manufactured by the McGregor's, Inc., 1071 Union Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee, and described in an application dated June 15, 1944.

(1) For sales by the manufacturer to retailers the maximum price since the time when Maximum Price Regulation 188 became effective for such sales, is \$7.25 per clock. This price is net and f. o. b. Memphis, Tennessee.

(2) For sales at retail, the maximum price is \$12.95 exclusive of the Federal Excise Tax.

(b) The manufacturer shall plainly mark each clock with the retail ceiling price before shipping it to a purchaser for resale. This may be done by marking the case or by attaching a tag or label.

(c) On and after September 8, 1944, at the time of the first invoice of this clock, the manufacturer shall notify in writing each retailer who purchases from him of the maximum prices established by this order. This written notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) This Order No. 2268 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(e) Unless the context otherwise requires the definitions set forth in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to the terms used herein.

This Order No. 2268 shall become effective September 8, 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13804; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:59 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2269]

ALFRED LAZARUS CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2269 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of a utility cabinet, a juvenile table & a chair and a juvenile desk and chair manufactured by Alfred Lazarus Co.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of a utility cabinet, a juvenile table and chair and a juvenile desk and chair manufactured by Alfred Lazarus & Company, 1808 Chateau Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Utility cabinet.....	50	\$7.96	\$9.95
Juvenile table and chair.....	940	8.62	4.53
Juvenile desk and chair.....	930	5.81	7.27

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated May 29, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the man-

ufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.:	Maximum price to retailers
Utility cabinet, 50.....	\$9.95
Juvenile table and chair, 940.....	4.53
Juvenile desk and chair, 930.....	7.27

These prices are subject to a cash discount of two percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's Application of May 29, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufacturer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13813; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:03 p. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 2270]

ATLAS NOVELTY CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 2270 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188. Manufacturers' maximum prices for specified building materials and consumers' goods other than apparel. Approval of maximum prices for sales of three glass shelf tables manufactured by Atlas Novelty Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries, of three glass shelf tables manufactured by Atlas Novelty Company, 159 North Racine, Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

(1) (i) For all sales and deliveries since the effective date of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, by the manufacturer to retailers, and by the manufacturer to persons, other than retailers, who resell the articles from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	Maximum price to persons, other than retailers, who resell from manufacturer's stock	Maximum price to retailers
Glass table.....	734	Each \$11.34	Each \$13.35
	728	9.13	10.75
	730	8.42	9.91

These prices are f. o. b. factory and are subject to a cash discount of one percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days, and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application of April 22, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by the manufacturer to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined by applying to the prices specified in subdivision (1) (i) of this paragraph (a), the discounts, allowances, and other price differentials made by the manufacturer, during March 1942, on sales of the same type of article to the same class of purchaser and on the same terms and conditions. If the manufacturer did not make such sales during March 1942 he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth pricing method, § 1499-158, of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(2) (i) For all sales and deliveries on and after the effective date of this order to retailers by persons, other than the manufacturer, who sell from the manufacturer's stock, the maximum prices are those set forth below, f. o. b. factory:

Article and model No.: Glass table, 734.....	Maximum price to retailers (each)
Glass table, 734.....	\$13.35
Glass table, 728.....	10.75
Glass table, 730.....	9.91

These prices are subject to a cash discount of one percent for payment within ten days, net thirty days and are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated April 22, 1944.

(ii) For all sales and deliveries by persons who sell from the manufacturer's stock, to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, the maximum prices shall be those determined under the applicable provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) At the time of or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser, other than a retailer, who resells from the manufac-

turer's stock, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser for resale of the maximum prices and conditions established by subparagraph (a) (2) of this order for such resales. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 8th day of September 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13815; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
5:04 p. m.]

[MPR 136, Amdt. 1 to Order 93]

HART-CARTER CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 93 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended. Machines and parts and machinery services. Hart-Carter Company (The Lawson Division); Docket No. 3136-299.

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Order No. 93 under Maximum Price Regulation 136, as amended, is amended in the following respect:

1. Paragraph (b) is revoked.

This amendment shall become effective September 8, 1944. Issued this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13801; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:58 p. m.]

[2d Rev. Gen. Order 3]

REPRESENTATION OF ADMINISTRATOR IN COURT PROCEEDINGS

SERVICE OF PROCESS

Revised General Order No. 3 is revised and amended to read as follows:

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Act of June 28, 1940 (54 Stat. 676) as amended, and Executive Orders 9125, 9250, 9280, and 9328, the following order is prescribed:

(a) *Institution of and intervention in civil proceedings.* The General Counsel or the Acting General Counsel, the Deputy Administrator in Charge of Enforcement, or the Acting Deputy Administrator in Charge of Enforcement, the Director of the Litigation Division or the Acting Director of the Litigation Division, the Regional Enforcement Executives or the Acting Regional Enforcement Executives, the Regional Litigation Attorneys or the Acting Regional Litigation Attorneys, the District Enforcement Attorneys or the Acting District Enforcement Attorneys are each authorized to institute and/or intervene in, and to conduct appropriate civil actions or proceedings,

in the name of the Price Administrator; and any of the foregoing may authorize any other attorney employed by the Office of Price Administration to institute and/or intervene in, and to conduct appropriate civil actions or proceedings in the name of the Price Administrator. Except as herein provided, no other officer or employee of the Office of Price Administration, whether employed in the principal office in Washington, D. C., or in any regional or field office, has authority to institute or intervene in proceedings on behalf of the Price Administrator.

The Price Administrator does hereby ratify, approve and confirm all acts done and all proceedings had or taken by an attorney-at-law regularly admitted to practice in any state, territory, or district, purporting to act in the name of or on behalf of the Price Administrator in any suit, action or proceeding heretofore at any time brought or purporting to be brought by the Price Administrator in any court of the United States or of any state, territory or district, said ratification, approval and confirmation to have the same force and effect as if specific authority to institute and conduct such suit, action or proceeding had been expressly granted by the Price Administrator to such attorney immediately prior to the commencement of such suit, action or proceeding. Without in any manner limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Price Administrator does hereby ratify, approve and confirm all acts done and all proceedings had or taken by any such attorney in instituting, maintaining and prosecuting any and all suits, actions and proceedings of whatsoever nature heretofore at any time brought or purporting to be brought in the name of the Price Administrator under the provisions of section 205(a) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 to enjoin violations of said act or any order, schedule or regulation thereunder, or under the provisions of section 205(e) of said act as originally enacted, or as amended, to enforce any liability created by said section, or under the provisions of section 205(f) of said act to revoke the license of any person licensed under said act, or under section 202 of said act to enforce compliance or obedience to any subpoena, order or requirement issued or purporting to be issued under said section, or under subdivision 6 of subsection (a) of section 2 of the *Act* of June 28, 1940 (54 Stat. 676) as amended, to enforce compliance with, or obedience to, or to enjoin violations of, or to enforce any liability or duty created by, any rule, regulation, order, or subpoena issued under said subsection (a).

(b) *Service of process upon the Administrator.* Service of process upon the Price Administrator may be made by serving him personally, or by leaving a copy thereof at the Office of the Secretary, Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C. In actions commenced outside of the District of Columbia to obtain judicial review of rationing suspension orders issued under Procedural Regulation No. 4, service of process upon the Price Administrator

may be made by personal service thereof upon the District Director, or, in the latter's absence, upon the Acting District Director of the Office of Price Administration for the OPA district in which the administrative proceedings resulting in the suspension order were originally instituted. No other officer or employee of the Office of Price Administration, whether employed in the principal Office in Washington, D. C., or in any regional or field office, is authorized to accept service of process on behalf of the Price Administrator or enter his appearance in any action or proceeding, except as herein provided.

(c) *Appearance for the Administrator in defensive suits.* The General Counsel or the Acting General Counsel and the Associate General Counsel or the Acting Associate General Counsel in charge of the Court Review, Research and Opinion Division are each authorized to appear for and represent the Price Administrator or the Office of Price Administration in any action or proceeding instituted against the Price Administrator or the Office of Price Administration in the Emergency Court of Appeals and in proceedings for the review of determinations of the Emergency Court of Appeals in the Supreme Court; and any of them may specifically authorize any attorney employed by the Office of Price Administration to appear for and represent the Price Administrator or the Office of Price Administration in any such action or proceeding. The General Counsel or the Acting General Counsel, the Deputy Administrator in Charge of Enforcement, or the Acting Deputy Administrator in Charge of Enforcement, the Director of the Litigation Division or the Acting Director of the Litigation Division are each authorized to appear for and represent the Price Administrator or the Office of Price Administration in any other action or proceeding instituted against the Price Administrator or the Office of Price Administration; and any of them may specifically authorize any attorney employed by the Office of Price Administration to appear for and represent the Price Administrator or the Office of Price Administration in any other such action or proceeding.

Issued and effective this 7th day of September 1944.

CHESTER BOWLES,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13768; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
12:00 m.]

Regional and District Office Orders.

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Revised General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on September 4, 1944.

REGION I

Augusta Order 1-F, Amendment 9, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Portland, S. Portland and Westbrook, Maine, filed 2:02 p. m.

REGION II

Altoona Order 1-F, Amendment 21, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the Altoona and Johnstown War Price & Rationing Board Area, filed 4:17 p. m.

Altoona Order 14, covering dry groceries in the Altoona District, filed 4:01 p. m.

Albany Order 1-F, Amendment 22, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated cities in Albany, N. Y., filed 2:12 p. m.

Baltimore Order 27, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries in Maryland, filed 4:12 p. m.

Binghamton Order 1-F, Amendment 19, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated areas in New York, filed 10:31 a. m.

Buffalo Order 2-F, Amendment 20, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Rochester, E. Rochester, Fairport and Pittsford, filed 10:42 a. m.

Camden Order 15, covering dry groceries in Area I, filed 4:11 p. m.

Camden Order 16, covering dry groceries in Area II, filed 4:10 p. m.

Erie Order 15, covering dry groceries in designated counties in Pennsylvania, filed 2:04 p. m.

Erie Order 16, covering dry groceries in designated counties in Pennsylvania, filed 2:05 p. m.

Philadelphia Order 1-F, Amendment 21, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the City and County of Philadelphia, filed 4:12 p. m.

Philadelphia Order 2-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Montgomery and Delaware Counties, Pa., filed 10:42 a. m.

Philadelphia Order 3-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in named counties in Pennsylvania, filed 10:43 a. m.

Syracuse Order 1-F, Amendment 21, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in named areas in New York, filed 4:08 p. m.

Syracuse Order 2-F, Amendment 3, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in New York with exception of certain areas, filed 4:08 p. m.

Trenton Order 15, covering dry groceries in the Trenton, N. J., district, filed 10:54 a. m.

Trenton Order 16, covering dry groceries in the Trenton, N. J., district, filed 10:54 a. m.

Trenton Order 17, covering dry groceries in the Trenton, N. J., district, filed 10:55 a. m.

REGION III

Charleston Order 3-F, Amendment 26, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in named counties in West Virginia, filed 4:07 p. m.

Charleston Order 7-F, Amendment 22, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Lincoln, Logan, Mingo and Wayne Counties except Huntington in Wayne County, filed 4:07 p. m.

Charleston Order 8-F, Amendment 22, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in West Virginia, filed 4:07 p. m.

Charleston Order 9-F, Amendment 21, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Cabell County and Huntington in Wayne County, W. Va., filed 4:06 p. m.

Charleston Order 10-F, Amendment 20, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in West Virginia, filed 4:06 p. m.

Charleston Order 11-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Berkeley, Jefferson and Morgan Counties, W. Va., filed 4:05 p. m.

Charleston Order 12-F, Amendment 11, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in West Virginia, filed 4:05 p. m.

Charleston Order 13-F, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in West Virginia, filed 4:04 p. m.

Cincinnati Order 1-F, Amendment 46, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Hamilton County, Ohio, filed 4:13 p. m.

Cincinnati Order 2-F, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Butler, Clark, Montgomery and Scioto in Ohio, filed 4:14 p. m.

Cincinnati Order 3-F, Amendment 12, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in named areas in Ohio, filed 4:14 p. m.

Detroit Order 1-F, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties, filed 1:51 p. m.

Detroit Order 1-W, Amendment 3, covering dry groceries in designated counties, filed 10:52 a. m.

Detroit Order 11, Amendment 6, covering community food prices in designated counties in Michigan, filed 10:52 a. m.

Lexington Order 1-F, Amendment 43, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Fayette County, Ky., filed 10:31 a. m.

Lexington Order 2-F, Amendment 37, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Campbell and Kenton Counties, Ky., filed 10:32 a. m.

Lexington Order 3-F, Amendment 34, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Boyd County, Ky., filed 10:32 a. m.

Louisville Order 18 under Order 1-B, Amendment 3, covering community food prices in the Louisville district, filed 1:51 p. m.

Louisville Order 19 under Order 1-B, Amendment 3, covering community food prices in certain areas in Kentucky, filed 1:50 p. m.

Louisville Order 20 under Order 1-B, Amendment 3, covering community food prices in certain areas in Kentucky, filed 1:51 p. m.

Saginaw Order 2-F, Amendment 31, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in Michigan, filed 10:35 a. m.

Saginaw Order 3-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in Michigan, filed 10:35 a. m.

REGION IV

Jackson Order 2-F, Amendment 26, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in Mississippi, filed 4:04 p. m.

Montgomery Order 17, covering dry groceries and perishables in designated areas in Alabama, filed 10:29 a. m.

Richmond Order 4-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in Virginia, filed 10:41 a. m.

Richmond Order 5-F, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated areas in Virginia, filed 2:03 p. m.

Savannah Order 1-P, covering poultry in designated counties in Georgia, filed 10:36 a. m.

REGION V

Houston Order 1-F, Amendment 23, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in named counties in Texas, filed 10:37 a. m.

Fort Worth Order 1-F, Amendment 32, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Tarrant County, Texas, filed 4:03 p. m.

Fort Worth Order 2-F, Amendment 32, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Taylor County, Tex., filed 4:02 p. m.

Fort Worth Order 3-F, Amendment 32, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Green County, Tex., filed 4:02 p. m.

Fort Worth Order 4-F, Amendment 32, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in McLennan County, Tex., filed 4:02 p. m.

REGION VI

Chicago Order 2-F, Amendment 29, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Lake County, Ind. and named counties in Illinois, filed 2:11 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1-F, Amendment 31, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the Des Moines area, filed 10:56 a. m.

La Crosse Order 1-F, Amendment 32, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in La Crosse and Sparta, Wis.; Winona, Minn., filed 1:52 p. m.

La Crosse Order 3-F, Amendment 28, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Eau Claire and Chippewa Falls, Wis., filed 1:52 p. m.

La Crosse Order 5-F, Amendment 2, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in City of Rochester, Minn., filed 1:52 p. m.

North Platte Order 28, covering dry groceries in Hastings, Grand Island and Holdrege, in Nebraska, filed 4:23 p. m.

North Platte Order 29, covering dry groceries in designated areas in Nebraska, filed 2:03 p. m.

North Platte Order 30, covering dry groceries in North Platte and McCook, in Nebraska, filed 2:13 p. m.

North Platte Order 31, covering dry groceries in designated counties in Nebraska, filed 2:14 p. m.

North Platte Order 32, covering dry groceries in Scottsbluff and Crawford in Nebraska, filed 2:14 p. m.

North Platte Order 33, covering dry groceries in designated areas in Nebraska, filed 3:02 p. m.

North Platte Order 7-F, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the North Platte district, filed 4:17 p. m.

Peoria Order 2-F, Amendment 17, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated cities in Illinois, filed 4:09 p. m.

Peoria Order 3-F, Amendment 17, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated areas in Illinois, filed 4:09 p. m.

Peoria Order 4-F, Amendment 12, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Bloomington and Normal in McLean County, Ill., filed 4:01 p. m.

REGION VII

Montana Order 66, covering community food prices in the Great Falls and Black Eagle areas, filed 1:58 p. m.

Montana Order 67, covering community food prices in designated areas in Montana, filed 1:58 p. m.

Montana Order 69, covering community food prices in the Miles City area, filed 1:56 p. m.

Montana Order 71, covering community food prices in the Missoula area, filed 1:54 p. m.

Montana Order 72, covering community food prices in the Kalispell area, filed 1:54 p. m.

Montana Order 73, covering community food prices in the Anaconda area, filed 1:53 p. m.

Montana Order 74, covering community food prices in the Havre and Chinook areas, filed 1:53 p. m.

REGION VIII

Fresno Order 1, Amendment 2, covering community food prices in the Fresno City area, filed 4:14 p. m.

Fresno Order 2, Amendment 2, covering community food prices in the Fresno Outlying area, filed 4:16 p. m.

Fresno Order 3, Amendment 2, covering community food prices in the Merced County area, filed 4:15 p. m.

Fresno Order 4, Amendment 3, covering community food prices in the Stanislaus County area, filed 4:15 p. m.

Fresno Order 5, Amendment 2, covering community food prices in the Kern County area, filed 4:16 p. m.

Fresno Order 6, Amendment 2, covering community food prices in the Fresno district area, filed 4:16 p. m.

San Diego Order 1-F, Amendment 58, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the San Diego district, filed 2:11 p. m.

San Diego Order 2-F, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the San Diego district, filed 2:12 p. m.

San Diego Order 3-F, Amendment 5, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the San Diego district, filed 2:12 p. m.

Seattle Order 125, covering community food prices in the Olympia area, filed 2:05 p. m.

Seattle Order 126, covering community food prices in the Aberdeen-Hoquiam area, filed 2:05 p. m.

Seattle Order 127, covering community food prices in the Centralia-Chehalis area, filed 2:06 p. m.

Seattle Order 128, covering community food prices in the Wenatchee area, filed 2:06 p. m.

Seattle Order 129, covering community food prices in the Yakima area, filed 2:06 p. m.

Spokane Order 1-F, Amendment 23, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Spokane County, Wash., filed 2:07 p. m.

Spokane Order 2-F, Amendment 20, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Kootenai County, Idaho, filed 2:07 p. m.

Spokane Order 13, Amendment 4, covering community food prices in certain areas in Spokane County, Wash., filed 2:10 p. m.

Spokane Order 14, Amendment 3, covering community food prices in certain areas in Spokane County, Wash., filed 2:09 p. m.

Spokane Order 15, Amendment 4, covering community food prices in certain areas in Columbia and Walla Walla Counties, Wash., filed 2:09 p. m.

Spokane Order 16, Amendment 4, covering community food prices in certain areas of Asotin County, Wash., and Nez Perce County, Idaho, filed 2:09 p. m.

Spokane Order 17, Amendment 4, covering community food prices in certain areas of Kootenai County, Idaho, filed 2:08 p. m.

Spokane Order 18, Amendment 5, covering community food prices in certain areas of Shoshone and Kootenai Counties, Idaho, filed 2:08 p. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13788; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:54 p. m.]

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Rev. General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on September 5, 1944.

REGION II

Buffalo Order 11, covering dry groceries in the Buffalo, New York Area, filed 3:00 p. m.

Buffalo Order 12, covering dry groceries in Monroe & Livingston Counties, N. Y., filed 3:00 p. m.

Maryland Order 1-F, Amendment 21, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Baltimore City and suburban communities, filed 10:12 a. m.

Maryland Order 3-F, Amendment 8, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Hagerstown, filed 10:12 a. m.

Philadelphia Order 19, covering dry groceries in designated counties in Pennsylvania, filed 2:58 p. m.

Philadelphia Order 18, covering dry groceries in designated counties in Pennsylvania, filed 2:58 p. m.

Philadelphia Order 20, covering dry groceries in Berks County, Pa., filed 2:57 p. m.

Philadelphia Order 21, covering dry groceries in Lehigh & Northampton Counties in Pennsylvania, filed 2:57 p. m.

REGION III

Saginaw Order 21, covering dry groceries in designated counties in Michigan, filed 3:01 p. m.

REGION V

Shreveport Order 3-W, covering community food pricing at wholesale in the Shreveport District, filed 10:04 a. m.

Shreveport Order G-15, covering dry groceries and perishables in designated parishes in Louisiana, filed 10:05 a. m.

Tulsa Order 6-F, Amendment 16, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in certain areas in Oklahoma, filed 10:01 a. m.

REGION VI

Duluth-Superior Order 1-F, Amendment 29, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Duluth, Proctor and City and Town of Superior, filed 10:14 a. m.

La Crosse Order 2-F, Amendment 6, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated areas in Minnesota and Wisconsin, filed 10:15 a. m.

Peoria Order 3-F, Amendment 15, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated areas in Illinois, filed 10:14 a. m.

Peoria Order 4-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Bloomington and Normal in McLean Co. and State of Illinois, filed 10:14 a. m.

Milwaukee Order 4-F, Amendment 9, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated areas, filed 10:13 a. m.

Milwaukee Order 4, Amendment 8, covering community food prices in Milwaukee Co. and within Racine and Kenosha, Wisconsin, filed 10:08 a. m.

REGION VII

Montana Order 75, covering community food prices in named areas in Montana, filed 2:27 p. m.

Montana Order 76, covering community food prices in the Wolf Point Area, filed 10:15 a. m.

Montana Order 77, covering community food prices in the Glasgow Area, filed 10:15 a. m.

Montana Order 78, covering community food prices in named areas in Montana, filed 10:17 a. m.

Montana Order 64, covering community food prices in the Helena and E. Helena area, filed 2:00 on Sept. 4.

Wyoming Order 34, covering community food prices in the Buffalo, Gillette and Sheridan County Area, filed 10:01 a. m.

Wyoming Order 35, covering community food prices in the Casper Area, filed 9:56 a. m.

Wyoming Order 36, covering community food prices in the Cheyenne Area, filed 10:00 a. m.

Wyoming Order 37, covering community food prices in the Cody, Lovell and Powell Area, filed 9:55 a. m.

Wyoming Order 38, covering community food prices in the Douglas Area, filed 9:59 a. m.

Wyoming Order 39, covering community food prices in the Greybull Area, filed 9:58 a. m.

Wyoming Order 40, covering community food prices in the Landon, Riverton and Thermopolis, Worland Area, filed 9:56 a. m.

Wyoming Order 41, covering community food prices in the Laramie Area, filed 9:54 a. m.

Wyoming Order 42, covering community food prices in the Rock Springs Area, filed 9:54 a. m.

Wyoming Order 43, covering community food prices in the Sheridan Area, filed 9:58 a. m.

REGION VIII

Seattle Order 110, covering community food prices in the Seattle Area, filed 10:02 a. m.

Seattle Order 111, covering community food prices in the Tacoma Area, filed 10:02 a. m.

Seattle Order 112, covering community food prices in the Everett Area, filed 10:02 a. m.

Seattle Order 113, covering community food prices in the Bremerton Area, filed 10:03 a. m.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

Seattle Order 114, covering community food prices in the Bellingham Area, filed 10:03 a. m.

Seattle Order 115, covering community food prices in the Olympia Area, filed 10:03 a. m.

Seattle Order 116, covering community food prices in the Aberdeen-Hoquiam Area, filed 10:04 a. m.

Seattle Order 117, covering community food prices in the Centralia-Chehalis Area, filed 10:04 a. m.

Seattle Order 118, covering community food prices in the Wenatchee Area, filed 10:07 a. m.

Seattle Order 119, covering community food prices in the Yakima Area, filed 10:07 a. m.

Seattle Order 120, covering community food prices in the Seattle Area, filed 3:02 p. m.

Seattle Order 121, covering community food prices in the Tacoma Area, filed 3:03 p. m.

Seattle Order 122, covering community food prices in the Everett Area, filed 3:03 p. m.

Seattle Order 123, covering community food prices in the Bremerton Area, filed 3:03 p. m.

Seattle Order 124, covering community food prices in the Bellingham Area, filed 3:03 p. m.

Copies of any of the above orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13789; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:55 p. m.]

COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under Rev. General Order 51 were filed with the Division of the Federal Register on September 6, 1944.

REGION II

Altoona Order 1-F, Amendment 22, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the Altoona and Johnstown War Price & Rationing Board Area, filed 9:47 a. m.

Binghamton Order 1-F, Amendment 21, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated areas in Pennsylvania.

REGION III

Columbus Order 5-F, Amendment 15, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties in Ohio, filed 9:50 a. m.

Lexington Order 1-F, Amendment 45, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Fayette Co., Ky., filed 9:40 a. m.

Lexington Order 2-F, Amendment 39, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Campbell and Kenton Counties, Ky., filed 9:48 a. m.

Lexington Order 3-F, Amendment 36, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Boyd County, Ky., filed 9:49 a. m.

REGION IV

South Carolina Order 3-W, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries in named areas in South Carolina, filed 9:42 a. m.

South Carolina Order 14, Amendment 9, covering eggs in State of South Carolina, filed 9:42 a. m.

South Carolina Order 15, Amendment 1, covering dry groceries & perishables in certain areas in South Carolina, filed 9:42 a. m.

REGION V

Fort Worth Order 5-F, Amendment 32, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Wichita County, Texas, filed 9:53 a. m.

REGION VI

Chicago Order 8, Amendment 2, covering community dry groceries and perishables in certain areas in the Chicago District, filed 9:53 a. m.

Milwaukee Order 2-F, Amendment 29, covering community fresh fruit and vegetables in Dane County, filed 9:51 a. m.

Milwaukee Order 3-F, Amendment 29, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Milwaukee Co., and Racine and Kenosha, filed 9:52 a. m.

Milwaukee Order 4-F, Amendment 10, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in designated counties, filed 9:52 a. m.

Milwaukee Order 5-F, Amendment 28, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Sheboygan and Fond du Lac Counties, filed 9:51 a. m.

Twin Cities Revised Order 1-W, Amendment 2, covering dry groceries in Twin Cities Area, filed 9:53 a. m.

Sioux City Order 2-F, Amendment 32, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in Sioux City, Iowa and South Sioux City, Nebr., filed 9:50 a. m.

REGION VIII

Los Angeles Order 1-F, Amendment 27, covering fresh fruit and vegetables in the Los Angeles Metropolitan Area, filed 9:49 a. m.

Boise Order 11-W, covering wholesale community food prices in Boise City, Idaho, filed 9:43 a. m.

Boise Order 12-W, covering community food prices in the Idaho Falls, Idaho Area, filed 9:43 a. m.

Boise Order 13-W, covering community food prices in the Ontario, Oregon Area, filed 9:44 a. m.

Boise Order 14-W, covering community food prices in the City of Pocatello, Idaho, filed 9:44 a. m.

Boise Order 15-W, covering community food prices at wholesale in the Twin Falls Area, filed 9:45 a. m.

Boise Order 25, covering retail community food prices in Pocatello, Idaho, filed 9:54 a. m.

Boise Order 26, covering retail community food prices in Boise City, Idaho Area, filed 9:54 a. m.

Boise Order 27, covering retail community food prices in the Boise Valley Loop Area, filed 9:55 a. m.

Boise Order 28, covering retail community food prices in the Twin Falls Area, filed 9:56 a. m.

Boise Order 29, covering retail community food prices in Idaho Falls, Idaho, filed 9:45 a. m.

Idaho Order 30, covering retail community food prices in the Mountain Home Area, filed 9:46 a. m.

Idaho Order 31, covering retail community food prices in the Ontario, Oreg. Area, filed 9:47 a. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained from the OPA Office in the designated city.

ERVIN H. POLLACK,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13790; Filed, Sept. 7, 1944;
4:54 p. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

[File No. 70-816]

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION CO., ET AL.
ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION WITH
RESPECT TO LEGAL FEES

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its

office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1944.

In the matter of American Light & Traction Company, Michigan Consolidated Gas Company, American Production Company, American Michigan Pipe Line Company, and Waverly Company, File No. 70-816.

The Commission having by orders dated December 20, 1943 and March 20, 1944 approved, among other things, the refunding of the outstanding funded debt and preferred stock of Michigan Consolidated Gas Company, a subsidiary of American Light & Traction Company; and having by said orders reserved jurisdiction over attorneys' fees incurred, and fees for advisory services rendered, in connection with the said financing; and

A supplemental application having been filed, containing various data with respect to legal services performed in connection with the transactions and a statement of legal fees incurred in the total amount of \$48,500, such total consisting of \$22,500 to Sidley, McPherson, Austin & Burgess, \$15,000 to Angell, Turner, Dyer & Meek, \$8,500 to Clare J. Hall and \$2,500 to Bodman, Longley, Bogle, Middleton & Armstrong; and

It appearing to the Commission that such legal fees are not unreasonable and that jurisdiction over them should now be released; and

It appearing also to the Commission that the record is incomplete with respect to a fee of \$30,000 for advisory services rendered to Michigan Consolidated Gas Company by Dillon, Read & Co. in connection with the various transactions and that jurisdiction with respect to the reasonableness of said fee should be reserved;

It is hereby ordered, That the jurisdiction reserved in the orders heretofore entered herein on December 20, 1943 and March 20, 1944 with respect to the reasonableness of the legal fees incurred and to be paid by applicants and declarants in connection with said transactions be, and the same is hereby, released.

It is further ordered, That jurisdiction is reserved with respect to the reasonableness of fees for advisory services rendered in connection with the transactions by Dillon, Read & Co.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DU BOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13823; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
9:21 a. m.]

[File No. 70-961]

ARKANSAS POWER & LIGHT CO.

NOTICE OF FILING AND ORDER FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1944.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed with this Commission under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 and particularly under section 6 (b) and Rule U-50 promulgated thereunder, by Arkansas Power & Light

Company ("Arkansas"), an Arkansas corporation and a utility subsidiary of Electric Power & Light Corporation ("Electric"), a registered holding company, which is itself a subsidiary of Electric Bond and Share Company, also a registered holding company; and

All interested persons are referred to said document which is on file in the offices of the Commission for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, which are summarized as follows:

Arkansas proposes to issue and sell at public sale, pursuant to the competitive bidding provisions of Rule U-50, \$30,000,-000 principal amount of First Mortgage Bonds to mature in 1974, the bid or bids for such securities to fix the interest rate and the price to be paid to the company which shall not be less than 102% of the principal amount. The proceeds of the sale of the First Mortgage Bonds are to be applied, together with treasury cash, to the repayment, at the contract redemption price, of all of Arkansas' presently outstanding First and Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$32,108,000 plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The issue and sale of said First Mortgage Bonds will, according to the filing, be expressly authorized by the Department of Public Utilities of Arkansas.

It appearing to the Commission that it is appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that a hearing be held with respect to said application and that said application shall not become effective or be granted except pursuant to further order of the Commission:

It is ordered, That a hearing on said application under the applicable provisions of the act and the rules of the Commission thereunder to be held on September 19, 1944 at 10.00 a. m., e. w. t., in the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia 3, Pennsylvania. On such day, the hearing room clerk in Room 318 will advise as to the room in which such hearing will be held.

It is further ordered, That Robert P. Reeder or any other officer or officers of the Commission designated by it for that purpose shall preside at such hearing. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to exercise all powers granted to the Commission under section 18 (c) of said act and to a Trial Examiner under the Commission's rules of practice.

It is further ordered, That the Secretary of the Commission shall serve notice of the aforesaid hearing by mailing a copy of this order to the Department of Public Utilities of Arkansas and to the applicant herein; and that notice of said hearing be given to all other persons by publication of this order in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Any person desiring to be heard in connection with these proceedings, or proposing to intervene herein, shall file with the Secretary of the Commission, on or before September 16, 1944, his request or application therefor, as provided by Rule XVII of the rules of practice of the Commission.

No. 181—7

It is further ordered, That, without limiting the scope of the issues presented by said application, particular attention will be directed at said hearing to the following matters and questions:

(1) Whether the proposed issue and sale of bonds by Arkansas are solely for the purpose of financing the business of said company and have been expressly authorized by a State Commission of the State in which Arkansas is organized and doing business.

(2) What terms and conditions, if any, are necessary or appropriate in the public interest or the interest of investors or consumers to insure compliance with the requirements of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, or any rules, regulations, or orders promulgated thereunder.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBois,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13826; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
9:21 a. m.]

[File No. 70-948]

GENERAL GAS & ELECTRIC CORP.

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 5th day of September 1944.

Declaration of dividends out of capital surplus. Declaration by registered holding company pursuant to section 12 (c) and Rule U-46 permitted to become effective with respect to the payment of dividends to prior preferred shareholders out of capital surplus where no prejudice to security holders or public is found.

General Gas & Electric Corporation (hereinafter called Gengas), a registered holding company, which is a subsidiary of Denis J. Driscoll and Willard L. Thorp, Trustees of Associated Gas and Electric Corporation (hereinafter called Trustees), a registered holding company, has filed a declaration pursuant to section 12 (c) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (the Act), in which it proposes to declare out of capital or unearned surplus a quarterly dividend for the period ending September 15, 1944 of \$1.25 per share, on its \$5 Prior Preferred Stock, no par value.

The entire issue outstanding is 60,000 shares, of which 27,889.1 shares are held by the Trustees, who have, by a letter dated August 16, 1944, waived their right to collect such quarterly dividend, until further order of the Commission. The number of shares in the hands of the public is 32,110.9 (of which 8.9 shares are held in scrip, and such scrip will not receive a dividend), so that \$40,127.50 will be required to make the dividend payment.

After appropriate notice a public hearing was held. No one appeared at the hearing to oppose the proposed dividend payment. Having considered the record therein, the Commission makes the following findings:

As at June 30, 1944, the assets of Gengas, per books, available for security holders totalled \$28,501,248. The only securities of, or claims against, Gengas which, according to its books, are senior to the \$5 Prior Preferred Stock, consist of certain obligations payable to the Trustees. These obligations, including interest thereon, aggregate \$3,250,521.

The books of Gengas, as of June 30, 1944, reflect an earned surplus deficit of \$3,739,839; the capital surplus is shown as \$12,921,373.

Net income of Gengas for the twelve months ended June 30, 1944, amounted to \$594,500. As at June 30, 1944, Gengas had cash on hand in the amount of \$661,957 and United States Treasury Certificates costing \$3,500,000.

A cash forecast for the twelve months ending December 31, 1944, submitted by the company in connection with the filing, indicates that Gengas will be able to meet all its cash requirements, continue to maintain an adequate cash balance, and pursue its present dividend policy. The forecast contemplates that at the end of the period the cash balance will be \$857,848, plus United States Treasury Certificates costing \$3,500,000.

This is the eleventh time that Gengas has filed a declaration to declare a dividend on its publicly held Prior Preferred Stock out of capital surplus. We have on each occasion considered that the assets of Gengas were substantial in relation to the size of the proposed dividend, and that the Prior Preferred Stock is, by its terms, entitled to be paid dividend arrearages in full before dividends can be paid on the other preferred stocks. These same factors are equally cogent with regard to the present declaration.

We make no adverse findings under the applicable sections of the act and rules promulgated thereunder.

It is therefore ordered, That, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, the said declaration, as amended, be, and hereby is, permitted to become effective forthwith, subject, however, to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24 of the general rules and regulations.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBois,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13824; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
9:21 a. m.]

[File No. 70-960]

PHILADELPHIA ELECTRIC CO.

NOTICE OF FILING AND ORDER FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 5th day of September 1944.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed with this Commission pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 by Philadelphia

FEDERAL REGISTER, Saturday, September 9, 1944

Electric Company, a subsidiary of The United Corporation, a registered holding company. All interested persons are referred to said document, which is on file in the office of this Commission, for a statement of the transactions herein proposed, which are summarized as follows:

Philadelphia Electric Company proposes to issue and sell at public sale, pursuant to the competitive bidding provisions of Rule U-50, \$65,000,000 principal amount of First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds, 2½% Series, due 1969, and \$65,000,000 principal amount of First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds, 2½% Series, due 1974, the bid or bids for such bonds to fix the price to be paid to the Company. The proceeds of the sale of these bonds are to be applied, together with treasury cash or cash acquired by means of short-term bank loans, to redeem \$130,000,000 principal amount of the company's First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds, 3½% Series, due 1967, at the redemption price of 106% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest to the date of redemption.

It appearing to the Commission that it is appropriate in the public interest and in the interests of investors and consumers that a hearing be held with respect to said matters and that said application shall not be granted except pursuant to further order of this Commission:

It is ordered, That a hearing on said application under the applicable provisions of the act and the rules of the Commission thereunder be held on September 22, 1944, at 10:00 a. m., e. w. t., in the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th and Locust Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in such room as the hearing room clerk in room 318 will at that time designate. All persons desiring to be heard or otherwise wishing to participate in the proceeding shall file with the Commission on or before September 19, 1944, a written request relative thereto, as provided by Rule XVII of the rules of practice of the Commission; and

It is further ordered, That Charles S. Lobinger, or any other officer or officers of the Commission designated by it for that purpose, shall preside at the hearing in such matters. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is authorized to exercise all powers granted to the Commission under section 18 (c) of said act and to a trial examiner under the Commission's rules of practice; and

It is further ordered, That, without limiting the scope of the issues presented by such application otherwise to be considered in this proceeding, particular attention will be directed at the hearing to the following matters and questions:

(1) Whether the proposed issue and sale of bonds by Philadelphia Electric

Company are solely for the purpose of financing the business of the company and have been expressly authorized by the State Commission of the State in which the company is organized and doing business.

(2) Whether the fees, commissions or other remunerations to be paid in connection with the proposed issue and sale of bonds are for necessary services and are reasonable in amount.

(3) Whether it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors or consumers to impose terms and conditions with reference to the proposed transactions, and if so, what the terms and conditions should be.

It is further ordered, That notice of the aforesaid hearing be given to the applicant and to the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission by registered mail and to all other persons by general release of this Commission, which shall be distributed to the press and mailed to the mailing list for releases issued under the Act and by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBois,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13825; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
9:22 a. m.]

[File Nos. 54-75; 70-726]

COMMONWEALTH & SOUTHERN CORP. (DEL.)
ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME
EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1944.

The Commonwealth & Southern Corporation (Delaware) (Commonwealth), a registered holding company, having filed a declaration pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, particularly section 12 (c) thereof and Rule U-46 thereunder regarding the proposed payment of a dividend of \$1.25 per share (payable on the 28th day after approval by this Commission to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter) on its 1,482,000 shares of preferred stock outstanding, the aggregate amount of such dividend payment being \$1,852,500; and

Said declaration having been filed on August 22, 1944 and notice of said filing having been duly given in the form and manner prescribed by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to said act; and the Commission not having received a request for a hearing with respect to said declaration within the period specified in the said

notice, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission regarding the proposed payment as similar in principle to those proposed by Commonwealth and permitted by the Commission's orders of June 24, September 13, November 26, 1943, March 8 and June 3, 1944 (Holding Company Act Release Nos. 4383, 4560, 4709, 4933 and 5084) and, as in the case of said prior dividend payments, as being made out of capital; and

The Commission deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers to permit said declaration to become effective; and

Commonwealth having requested that the effective date of the declaration be accelerated to facilitate the prompt payment of the proposed dividends to the preferred stockholders and the Commission deeming it appropriate that such request for acceleration be granted;

It is hereby ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24, that the aforesaid declaration be, and the same hereby is, permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the condition that Commonwealth accompany the dividend checks with a statement indicating that the dividend is being paid out of capital.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBois,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13822; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
9:22 a. m.]

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD.

[Certificate 83, Revocation]

TRANSPORTATION AND DELIVERY OF FLOWERS IN DETROIT, MICH., AREA

The ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Pursuant to section 12 of Public Law No. 603, 77th Congress (56 Stat. 357), I hereby withdraw the certificate and finding dated June 10, 1943, concerning a recommendation of the Director of the Office of Defense Transportation with respect to the transportation and delivery of flowers and related articles by motor vehicle in the Detroit, Michigan, metropolitan area.¹

J. A. KRUG,
Acting Chairman.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1944.

[F. R. Doc. 44-13847; Filed, Sept. 8, 1944;
11:34 a. m.]

¹ 8 F.R. 8095.